

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 9.069, 21.501)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(39, 9.069, 21.501) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(39, 9.226, 20.678)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6C5757
RGB	108, 87, 87
RGB Percent	42%, 34%, 34%
CMY	0.5770, 0.6594, 0.6594
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.19, 0.58
HSL	0°, 11%, 38%
HSV	0°, 19%, 42%
XYZ	11.2784, 10.6589, 10.4502
YIQ	93.2790, 12.5160, 4.4520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

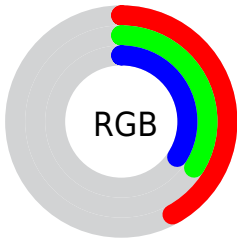
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	108, 87, 87
Decimal	7100247
CIE Lab	39.00, 8.63, 3.26
CIE LCh	39, 9.226, 20.678
Yxy	10.6589, 0.3482, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285290327 (0xFF6C5757)
<b>YUV</b>	93.2790, -3.0955, 12.9103
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, 4.5295, 3.8756

# Details

The CIELCh color  $39, 9.226, 20.678$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $44, 8.183, 198.487$ , and the grayscale version is  $40, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $59, 9.256, 20.306$ , and  $19, 8.999, 21.437$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $36, 14.481, 21.654$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $42, 4.322, 19.897$ .

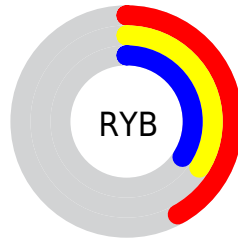
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (34%)

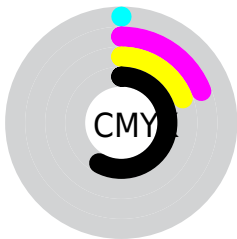
Blue (34%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (34%)

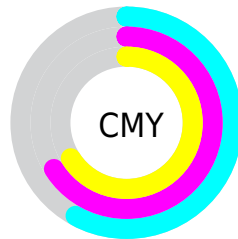


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 9.226, 20.678 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 9.226, 20.678 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 39, 9.226, 20.678       39, 9.226, 20.678

 100, 9.226, 20.678       29, 9.226, 20.678

 59, 9.226, 20.678       19, 9.226, 20.678

 69, 9.226, 20.678       9, 9.226, 20.678


 79, 9.226, 20.678       0, 9.226, 20.678

 89, 9.226, 20.678

 99, 9.226, 20.678

 39, 9.226, 20.678       39, 9.226, 20.678

 36, 14.481, 21.654       42, 4.322, 19.897

 33, 20.071, 22.890       46, 0.235, 200.886

■ 30, 25.939, 24.479

■ 49, 4.467, 199.002

■ 27, 31.984, 26.517

■ 53, 8.401, 198.590

■ 25, 38.051, 29.082

■ 56, 12.069,  
198.272

■ 23, 43.933, 32.171

■ 60, 15.500,  
198.017

■ 22, 48.982, 35.016

■ 21, 52.794, 36.587

■ 63, 18.723,  
197.807

■ 21, 53.001, 36.659

■ 67, 21.762,  
197.634

■ 70, 24.640,  
197.488

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 9.226, 20.678



44, 8.183, 198.487

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 9.226, 20.678



39, 9.226, 70.678



39, 9.226, 200.678



39, 9.226, 250.678

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 9.225, 20.686



56, 3.358, 19.642



40, 15.419, 325.436



29, 2.248, 19.678



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 9.225, 20.686



49, 13.731, 21.062



42, 7.837, 73.138



21, 2.546, 19.859



23, 56.951, 37.580



51, 101.390, 40.001





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 8.183, 198.487



56, 11.844, 198.291



41, 7.471, 258.031



22, 2.415, 199.042



44, 28.233, 196.399



88, 48.583, 196.400



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 9.226, 20.678 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 9.226, 20.678 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

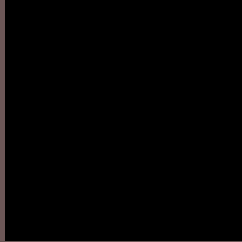
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 39, 9.226, 20.678

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 9.226, 20.678.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 9.226, 20.678.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39, 9.226, 20.678

### Protanopia

39, 2.009, 84.718

### Deuteranopia

39, 6.410, 36.660



**Tritanopia**  
39, 10.745, 357.671



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
39, 9.226, 20.678

**Protanomaly**  
39, 4.075, 37.209

**Deuteranomaly**  
39, 7.578, 29.588

**Tritanomaly**  
39, 10.395, 3.951

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
39, 9.226, 20.678

**Achromatopsia**  
39, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
39, 2.988, 19.707

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 9.226, 20.678 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 87, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 87, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 87, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 87, 87) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 9.226, 20.678 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 87, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 87, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 87, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 87, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 87, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 87,  
87) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 9.226, 20.678 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 87, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108, 87,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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