

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 10.394, 138.145)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 10.394, 138.145)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 10.485, 138.141)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	566253
RGB	86, 98, 83
RGB Percent	34%, 38%, 33%
CMY	0.6641, 0.6171, 0.6758
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.15, 0.62
HSL	108°, 8%, 35%
HSV	108°, 15%, 38%
XYZ	9.6890, 11.2510, 9.7755
YIQ	92.7020, -2.3370, -7.2090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

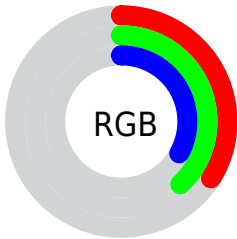
Format	Color
R_{YB}	83, 98, 95
Decimal	5661267
CIE _{Lab}	40.00, -7.81, 7.00
CIE _{LCh}	40, 10.485, 138.141
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3154, 0.3663
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283851347 (0xFF566253)
YUV	92.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, -7.1380, 6.2004

Details

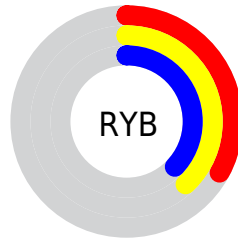
The CIELCh color $40, 10.485, 138.141$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $37, 10.562, 319.436$, and the grayscale version is $39, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 10.891, 137.257$, and $20, 10.852, 137.265$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39, 17.354, 137.619$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $41, 3.635, 138.625$.

Distribution



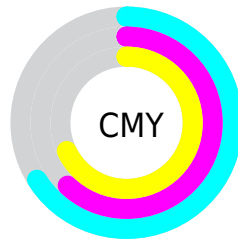
- Red (34%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (62%)





- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 10.485, 138.141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 10.485, 138.141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 40, 10.485,
138.141


 40, 10.485,
138.141


 100, 10.485,
138.141


 30, 10.485,
138.141

 60, 10.485,
138.141


 20, 10.485,
138.141

 70, 10.485,
138.141


 10, 10.485,
138.141

 80, 10.485,
138.141

 0, 10.485, 138.141

 90, 10.485,
138.141

 40, 10.485,

 40, 10.485,

138.141

■ 39, 17.354,
137.619

■ 38, 24.168,
137.043

■ 38, 30.831,
136.425

■ 37, 37.215,
135.788

■ 37, 43.153,
135.181

■ 36, 48.428,
134.675

■ 36, 52.786,
134.371

■ 36, 56.190,
134.231

138.141

■ 41, 3.635, 138.625

■ 42, 3.146, 318.956

■ 43, 9.820, 319.335

■ 44, 16.362,
319.645

■ 45, 22.755,
319.910

■ 46, 28.990,
320.138

■ 48, 35.062,
320.333

■ 49, 40.972,
320.500

■ 50, 46.721,

■ 36, 57.731,
134.023

320.643

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 10.485, 138.141



37, 10.562, 319.436

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 10.485, 138.141



40, 10.485, 188.141



40, 10.485, 318.141



40, 10.485, 8.141

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 10.486, 138.142



53, 4.228, 138.635



40, 7.383, 98.759



27, 2.861, 138.612



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 10.486, 138.142



51, 15.326, 137.981



40, 9.021, 153.269



20, 3.795, 138.456



41, 63.820, 134.202



83, 112.442, 134.805

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 10.562, 319.436



47, 15.455, 319.572



37, 9.079, 335.254



18, 3.815, 319.158



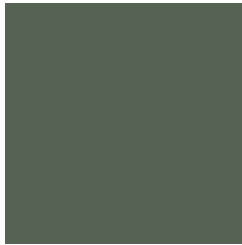
21, 64.204, 321.015



49, 112.432, 320.593

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 10.485, 138.141 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 10.485, 138.141 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

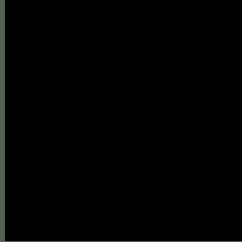
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 10.485, 138.141

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 10.485, 138.141.

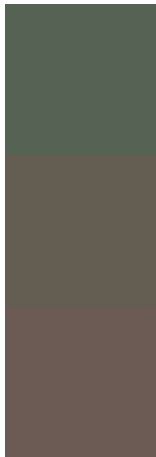


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 10.485, 138.141.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


40, 10.485, 138.141

Protanopia

40, 8.187, 93.237

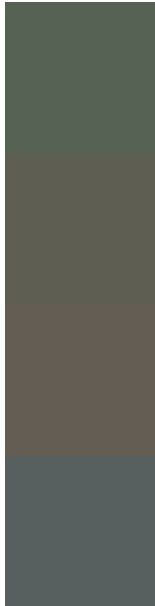
Deuteranopia

40, 8.310, 50.763



Tritanopia
40, 4.849, 261.128

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 10.485, 138.141

Protanomaly
40, 7.895, 112.129

Deuteranomaly
40, 6.066, 83.589

Tritanomaly
40, 3.358, 188.595

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 10.485, 138.141

Achromatopsia
39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
39, 3.501, 138.625

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 10.485, 138.141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 98, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 98, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 98, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 98, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 10.485, 138.141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 98, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 98, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 98, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 98, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 98, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 98, 83)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 10.485, 138.141 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 98, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 98,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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