

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 11.104, 358.604)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 11.104, 358.604)
contains.

CIELCh(40, 11.104, 358.604)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(40, 11.104, 358.604)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70585F
RGB	112, 88, 95
RGB Percent	44%, 35%, 37%
CMY	0.5608, 0.6549, 0.6274
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.15, 0.56
HSL	343°, 12%, 39%
HSV	343°, 21%, 44%
XYZ	12.2380, 11.2510, 12.3537
YIQ	95.9740, 12.0570, 7.2650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

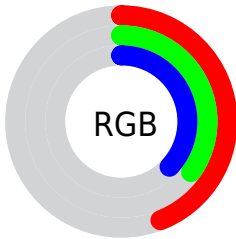
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 88, 95
Decimal	7362655
CIE Lab	40.00, 11.10, -0.27
CIE LCh	40, 11.104, 358.604
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3414, 0.3139
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285552735 (0xFF70585F)
YUV	95.9740, -0.4802, 14.0548
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 6.4264, 1.6433

Details

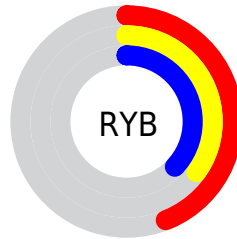
The CIELCh color $40, 11.104, 358.604$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $45, 10.450, 174.635$, and the grayscale version is $41, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 11.017, 359.643$, and $20, 11.499, 358.009$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37, 16.540, 359.840$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43, 5.811, 357.532$.

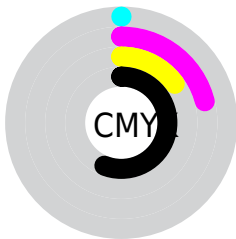
Distribution



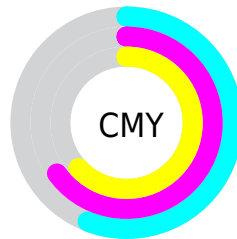
- Red (44%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (56%)





- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (63%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 11.104, 358.604 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 11.104, 358.604 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 40, 11.104,
358.604


 40, 11.104,
358.604


 100, 11.104,
358.604


 30, 11.104,
358.604

 60, 11.104,
358.604


 20, 11.104,
358.604


 70, 11.104,
358.604


 10, 11.104,
358.604

 80, 11.104,
358.604

 0, 11.104, 358.604

 90, 11.104,
358.604

 40, 11.104,

 40, 11.104,

358.604

358.604

37, 16.540,
359.840

43, 5.811, 357.532

34, 22.040, 1.293

47, 0.713, 356.227

31, 27.471, 3.043

50, 4.172, 175.933

28, 32.649, 5.193

54, 8.839, 175.167

26, 37.357, 7.872

57, 13.296,
174.501

24, 41.387, 11.227

61, 17.556,
173.899

23, 44.630, 15.381

64, 21.632,
173.351

22, 47.322, 19.039

68, 25.540,
172.848

71, 29.296,
172.384

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 11.104, 358.604



45, 10.450, 174.635

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 11.104, 358.604



40, 11.104, 48.604



40, 11.104, 178.604



40, 11.104, 228.604

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 11.103, 358.608



58, 3.740, 356.986



40, 16.168, 316.591



30, 2.502, 357.036



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 11.103, 358.608



50, 16.827, 359.232



41, 8.966, 39.164



22, 2.851, 357.283



24, 49.769, 19.498



52, 86.611, 23.006

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 11.103, 358.608



50, 16.827, 359.232



44, 7.841, 220.267



22, 2.851, 357.283



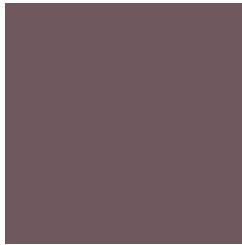
24, 49.769, 19.498



52, 86.611, 23.006

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 11.104, 358.604 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

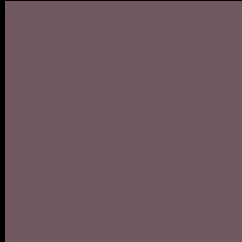
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 11.104, 358.604 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

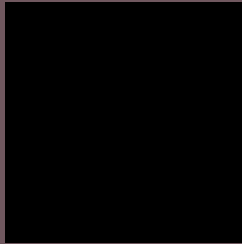
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 11.104, 358.604

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 11.104, 358.604.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 11.104, 358.604.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 11.104, 358.604

Protanopia

40, 2.482, 300.140

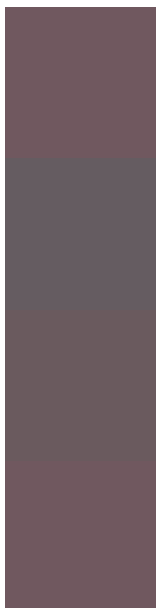
Deuteranopia

40, 5.429, 0.515



Tritanopia
40, 11.104, 358.604

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 11.104, 358.604

Protanomaly
40, 4.871, 341.383

Deuteranomaly
40, 7.256, 0.878

Tritanomaly
40, 11.104, 358.604

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 11.104, 358.604

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 4.223, 354.398

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 11.104, 358.604 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 88, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 88, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 88, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 88, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 11.104, 358.604 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 88, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 88, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 88, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 88, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 88, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 88,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 11.104, 358.604 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 88, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 88,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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