

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 14.497, 106.346)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 14.497, 106.346)
contains.

CIELCh(40, 15.057, 107.836)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(40, 15.057, 107.836)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	606047
RGB	96, 96, 71
RGB Percent	38%, 38%, 28%
CMY	0.6244, 0.6244, 0.7224
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.26, 0.62
HSL	60°, 15%, 33%
HSV	60°, 26%, 38%
XYZ	10.0924, 11.2510, 7.5644
YIQ	93.1500, 8.0250, -7.7750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

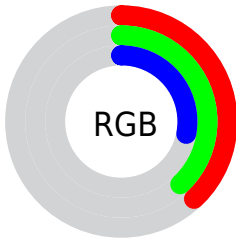
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 96, 71
Decimal	6316103
CIE _{Lab}	40.00, -4.61, 14.33
CIE _{LCh}	40, 15.057, 107.836
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3491, 0.3892
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284506183 (0xFF606047)
YUV	93.1500, -10.9199, 2.4995
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, -4.9915, 10.1087

Details

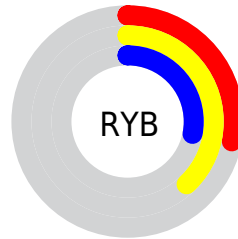
The CIELCh color $40, 15.057, 107.836$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $31, 15.944, 293.026$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 14.575, 106.881$, and $20, 15.279, 108.464$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40, 20.696, 106.949$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $40, 9.323, 108.741$.

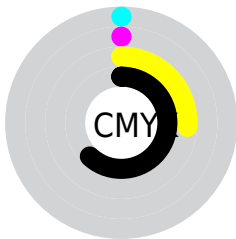
Distribution



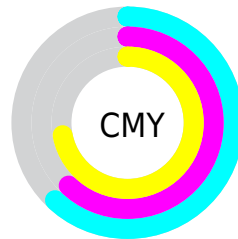
- Red (38%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (62%)





- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (72%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 15.057, 107.836 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 15.057, 107.836 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 40, 15.057,
107.836


 40, 15.057,
107.836


 100, 15.057,
107.836


 30, 15.057,
107.836

 60, 15.057,
107.836


 20, 15.057,
107.836


 70, 15.057,
107.836


 10, 15.057,
107.836

 80, 15.057,
107.836

 0, 15.057, 107.836

 90, 15.057,
107.836

 40, 15.057,

 40, 15.057,

107.836

■ 40, 20.696,
106.949

■ 40, 26.170,
106.085

■ 40, 31.379,
105.268

■ 39, 36.176,
104.526

■ 39, 40.362,
103.890

■ 39, 43.698,
103.392

■ 39, 46.271,
103.015

■ 39, 47.317,
102.863

107.836

■ 40, 9.323, 108.741

■ 40, 3.535, 109.633

■ 41, 2.276, 290.546

■ 41, 8.090, 291.398

■ 41, 13.892,
292.232

■ 42, 19.672,
293.035

■ 42, 25.423,
293.804

■ 43, 31.138,
294.535

■ 43, 36.813,
295.229

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 15.057, 107.836



31, 15.944, 293.026

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 15.057, 107.836



40, 15.057, 157.836



40, 15.057, 287.836



40, 15.057, 337.836

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 15.058, 107.840



52, 5.775, 109.443



33, 11.475, 21.258



27, 4.136, 109.341



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 15.058, 107.840



51, 22.188, 107.316



39, 16.137, 127.954



20, 3.284, 109.386



46, 52.900, 102.863



92, 92.476, 102.864

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 15.944, 293.026



38, 23.847, 293.833



32, 16.685, 310.223



18, 3.349, 291.034



10, 73.044, 306.288



30, 127.691, 306.288

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 15.057, 107.836 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 15.057, 107.836 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

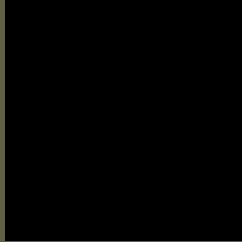
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 15.057, 107.836

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 15.057, 107.836.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 15.057, 107.836.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 15.057, 107.836

Protanopia

40, 14.869, 95.381

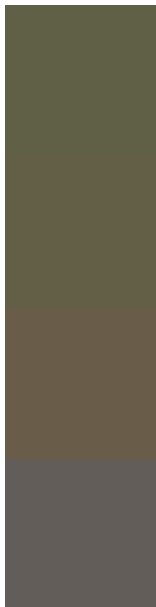
Deuteranopia

40, 14.788, 67.239



Tritanopia
40, 5.192, 324.773

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 15.057, 107.836

Protanomaly
40, 15.191, 100.883

Deuteranomaly
40, 13.585, 82.102

Tritanomaly
40, 3.236, 68.134

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 15.057, 107.836

Achromatopsia
39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 5.467, 109.320

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 15.057, 107.836 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 96, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 96, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 96, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 96, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 15.057, 107.836 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 96, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 96, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 96, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 96, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 96, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 96, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 15.057, 107.836 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 96, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 96,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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