

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 15.404, 347.102)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 15.404, 347.102)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 15.186, 347.777)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	745664
RGB	116, 86, 100
RGB Percent	45%, 34%, 39%
CMY	0.5457, 0.6633, 0.6084
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.14, 0.55
HSL	332°, 15%, 40%
HSV	332°, 26%, 45%
XYZ	12.7901, 11.2510, 13.5154
YIQ	96.5660, 13.3860, 10.7140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

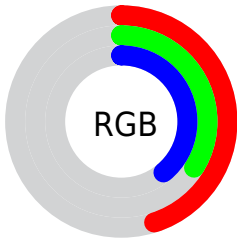
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 86, 100
Decimal	7624292
CIE Lab	40.00, 14.84, -3.22
CIE LCh	40, 15.186, 347.777
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3406, 0.2996
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285814372 (0xFF745664)
YUV	96.5660, 1.6930, 17.0436
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 9.3644, -0.4102

Details

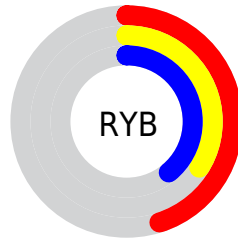
The CIELCh color $40, 15.186, 347.777$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $46, 14.648, 163.230$, and the grayscale version is $41, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 15.084, 347.040$, and $20, 15.220, 348.168$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37, 21.146, 348.882$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43, 9.232, 346.798$.

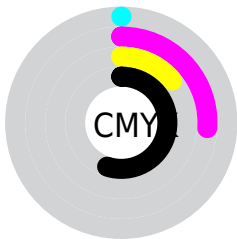
Distribution



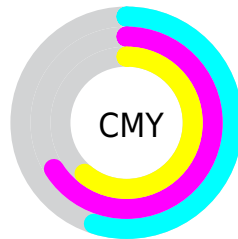
- Red (45%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (55%)





- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (61%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 15.186, 347.777 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 15.186, 347.777 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 40, 15.186,
347.777


 40, 15.186,
347.777


 100, 15.186,
347.777


 30, 15.186,
347.777

 60, 15.186,
347.777


 20, 15.186,
347.777


 70, 15.186,
347.777


 10, 15.186,
347.777

 80, 15.186,
347.777

 0, 15.186, 347.777

 90, 15.186,
347.777

 40, 15.186,

 40, 15.186,

347.777

347.777

■ 37, 21.146,
348.882

■ 43, 9.232, 346.798

■ 34, 26.979,
350.151

■ 47, 3.380, 345.877

■ 31, 32.485,
351.642

■ 50, 2.319, 165.295

■ 29, 37.413,
353.438

■ 54, 7.836, 164.492

■ 27, 41.486,
355.647

■ 57, 13.164,
163.818

■ 25, 44.470,
358.406

■ 61, 18.300,
163.203

■ 24, 46.425, 1.759

■ 64, 23.254,
162.636

■ 24, 47.247, 3.129

■ 68, 28.035,
162.108

■ 72, 32.656,
161.617

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 15.186, 347.777



46, 14.648, 163.230

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 15.186, 347.777



40, 15.186, 37.777



40, 15.186, 167.777



40, 15.186, 217.777

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 15.184, 347.779



59, 5.706, 346.094



39, 19.424, 310.799



30, 4.093, 346.210



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 15.184, 347.779



49, 22.602, 348.413



40, 13.123, 22.558



23, 3.277, 346.171



25, 49.130, 3.415



54, 83.143, 6.162

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 15.184, 347.779



49, 22.602, 348.413



46, 11.112, 199.734



23, 3.277, 346.171



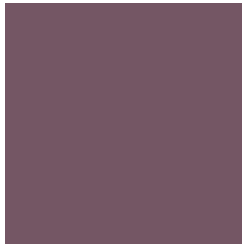
25, 49.130, 3.415



54, 83.143, 6.162

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 15.186, 347.777 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

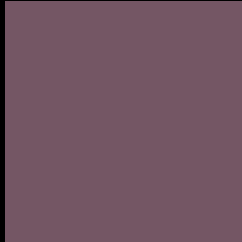
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 15.186, 347.777 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

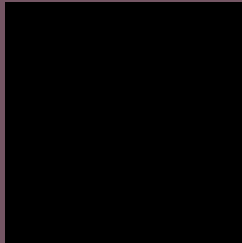
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 15.186, 347.777

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 15.186, 347.777.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 15.186, 347.777.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 15.186, 347.777

Protanopia

40, 6.710, 287.794

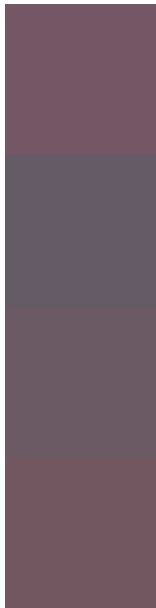
Deuteranopia

40, 5.988, 334.878



Tritanopia
40, 12.758, 1.946

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 15.186, 347.777

Protanomaly
40, 8.431, 320.279

Deuteranomaly
40, 9.007, 343.321

Tritanomaly
40, 13.125, 356.878

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 15.186, 347.777

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 5.555, 347.003

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 15.186, 347.777 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 86, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 86, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 86, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 86, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 15.186, 347.777 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 86, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 86, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 86, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 86, 100); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 86, 100); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 86, 100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 15.186, 347.777 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 86, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116, 86,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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