

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 17.256, 235.283)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 17.256, 235.283)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 17.256, 235.283)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	396475
RGB	57, 100, 117
RGB Percent	22%, 39%, 46%
CMY	0.7768, 0.6081, 0.5415
CMYK	0.51, 0.15, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	197°, 35%, 34%
HSV	197°, 51%, 46%
XYZ	9.4400, 11.2510, 18.4813
YIQ	89.0810, -31.0850, -3.8290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

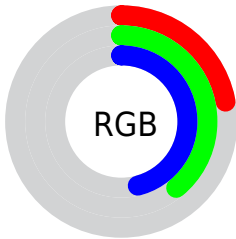
Format	Color
RYB	57, 82, 117
Decimal	3761269
CIELab	40.00, -9.83, -14.18
CIELCh	40, 17.256, 235.283
Yxy	11.2510, 0.2410, 0.2872
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281951349 (0xFF396475)
YUV	89.0810, 13.7641, -28.1350
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, -8.4633, -9.1881

Details

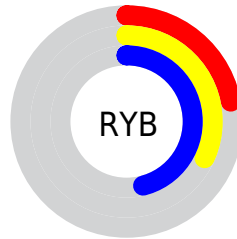
The CIELCh color $40, 17.256, 235.283$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $36, 24.016, 47.466$, and the grayscale version is $38, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 17.284, 234.651$, and $20, 17.222, 237.164$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $38, 19.752, 237.436$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $42, 14.423, 233.560$.

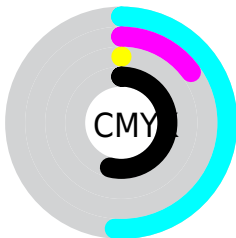
Distribution



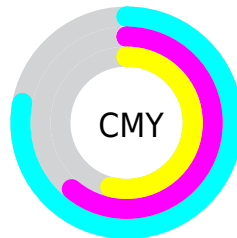
- Red (22%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (54%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 17.256, 235.283 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 17.256, 235.283 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 40, 17.256,
235.283


 40, 17.256,
235.283


 100, 17.256,
235.283


 30, 17.256,
235.283

 60, 17.256,
235.283


 20, 17.256,
235.283

 70, 17.256,
235.283


 10, 17.256,
235.283

 80, 17.256,
235.283

 0, 17.256, 235.283

 90, 17.256,
235.283

 40, 17.256,

 40, 17.256,

235.283

■ 38, 19.752,
237.436

■ 37, 21.895,
240.104

■ 36, 23.691,
243.359

■ 34, 25.184,
247.244

■ 33, 26.428,
250.744

235.283

■ 42, 14.423,
233.560

■ 43, 11.289,
232.197

■ 45, 7.897, 231.128

■ 47, 4.290, 230.313

■ 49, 0.510, 230.243

■ 51, 3.406, 48.939

■ 53, 7.425, 48.586

■ 55, 11.521, 48.286

■ 57, 15.671, 48.050

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 17.256, 235.283



36, 24.016, 47.466

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 17.256, 235.283



40, 17.256, 285.283



40, 17.256, 55.283



40, 17.256, 105.283

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 17.255, 235.281



60, 7.026, 230.615



44, 35.289, 148.478



30, 4.747, 230.749



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 17.255, 235.281



50, 24.631, 237.999



31, 29.392, 286.625



24, 2.150, 230.166



35, 27.356, 251.004



69, 47.387, 253.958

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 35.057, 337.315



40, 51.099, 338.424



44, 27.860, 92.312



23, 3.901, 334.160



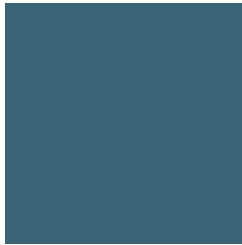
26, 54.560, 342.972



56, 91.578, 344.052

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 17.256, 235.283 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 17.256, 235.283 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

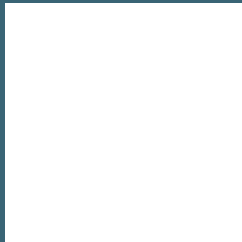
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 17.256, 235.283

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 17.256, 235.283.

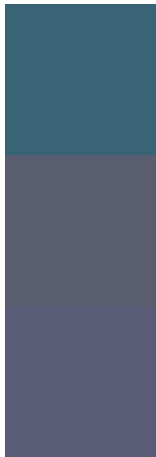


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 17.256, 235.283.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 17.256, 235.283

Protanopia

40, 11.628, 286.261

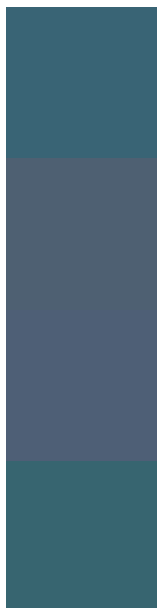
Deuteranopia

40, 16.489, 290.085



Tritanopia
40, 16.613, 214.847

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 17.256, 235.283

Protanomaly
40, 12.593, 260.127

Deuteranomaly
40, 15.085, 268.336

Tritanomaly
40, 16.683, 221.650

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 17.256, 235.283

Achromatopsia
38, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 7.178, 229.769

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 17.256, 235.283 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(57, 100, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(57, 100, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 100, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(57, 100, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 17.256, 235.283 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(57, 100, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(57, 100, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(57, 100, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(57, 100, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 100, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 100,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 17.256, 235.283 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(57, 100, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(57, 100,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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