

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 17.285, 43.716)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 17.285, 43.716) contains.

CIELCh(40, 17.301, 43.736)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(40, 17.301, 43.736)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	78564B
RGB	120, 86, 75
RGB Percent	47%, 34%, 29%
CMY	0.5278, 0.6613, 0.7044
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.37, 0.53
HSL	15°, 23%, 38%
HSV	15°, 37%, 47%
XYZ	12.4427, 11.2510, 8.2384
YIQ	94.9120, 23.7950, 3.7870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

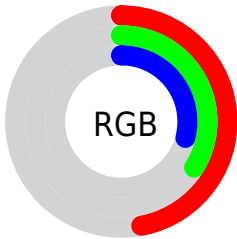
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 90, 75
Decimal	7886411
CIE _{Lab}	40.00, 12.50, 11.96
CIE _{LCh}	40, 17.301, 43.736
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3897, 0.3523
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286076491 (0xFF78564B)
YUV	94.9120, -9.8166, 22.0022
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 7.5157, 8.9175

Details

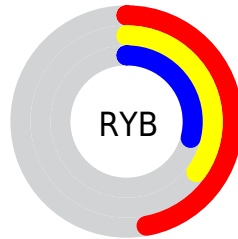
The CIELCh color $40, 17.301, 43.736$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $44, 13.573, 227.513$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 17.061, 43.874$, and $20, 17.300, 44.916$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37, 22.795, 43.757$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43, 12.188, 43.863$.

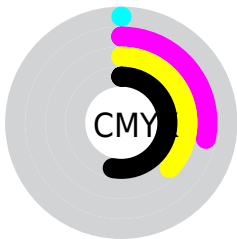
Distribution



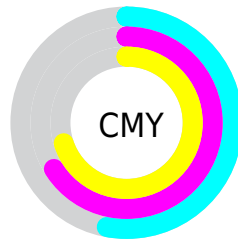
- Red (47%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 17.301, 43.736 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 17.301, 43.736 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40, 17.301, 43.736

■ 40, 17.301, 43.736

■ 100, 17.301,
43.736

■ 30, 17.301, 43.736

■ 60, 17.301, 43.736

■ 20, 17.301, 43.736

■ 70, 17.301, 43.736

■ 10, 17.301, 43.736

■ 80, 17.301, 43.736

■ 0, 17.301, 43.736

■ 90, 17.301, 43.736

■ 40, 17.301, 43.736

■ 40, 17.301, 43.736

■ 37, 22.795, 43.757

■ 43, 12.188, 43.863

■ 35, 28.660, 43.929

■ 46, 7.445, 44.086

■ 32, 34.840, 44.264

■ 48, 3.049, 44.346

■ 30, 41.195, 44.715

■ 51, 1.032, 225.217

■ 28, 47.412, 45.122

■ 54, 4.829, 225.383

■ 27, 52.798, 45.097

■ 57, 8.374, 225.828

■ 27, 54.094, 45.139

■ 60, 11.695,
226.314

■ 63, 14.820,
226.817

■ 66, 17.772,
227.326

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 17.301, 43.736



44, 13.573, 227.513

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 17.301, 43.736



40, 17.301, 93.736



40, 17.301, 223.736



40, 17.301, 273.736

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 17.300, 43.742



60, 5.667, 44.252



38, 27.547, 334.138



31, 3.853, 44.223



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 17.300, 43.742



49, 26.549, 43.746



46, 20.216, 91.648



24, 2.365, 44.308



28, 55.854, 45.245



56, 97.190, 44.498

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 13.573, 227.513



55, 19.469, 228.635



37, 20.641, 281.652



25, 2.248, 225.279



37, 26.599, 243.424



72, 45.365, 246.083

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 17.301, 43.736 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 17.301, 43.736 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

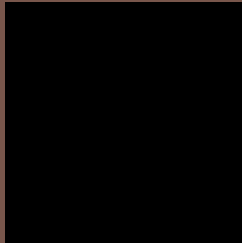
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 17.301, 43.736

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 17.301, 43.736.

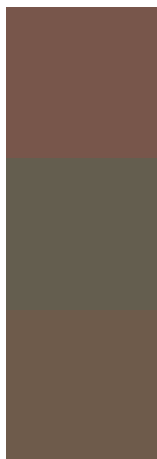


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 17.301, 43.736.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


40, 17.301, 43.736

Protanopia

40, 9.481, 92.323

Deuteranopia

40, 13.159, 67.134



Tritanopia
40, 17.075, 7.754

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 17.301, 43.736

Protanomaly
40, 10.786, 66.687

Deuteranomaly
40, 14.481, 56.117

Tritanomaly
40, 16.111, 21.721

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 17.301, 43.736

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 5.770, 44.774

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 17.301, 43.736 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 86, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 86, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 86, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 86, 75) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 17.301, 43.736 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 86, 75) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 86, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 86, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 86, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 86, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 86,  
75) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 17.301, 43.736 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 86, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120, 86,  
75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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