

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 18.509, 281.770)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 18.509, 281.770)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 18.502, 281.796)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	545E7C
RGB	84, 94, 124
RGB Percent	33%, 37%, 49%
CMY	0.6721, 0.6328, 0.5153
CMYK	0.32, 0.24, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	225°, 19%, 41%
HSV	225°, 32%, 48%
XYZ	11.2043, 11.2510, 20.5182
YIQ	94.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

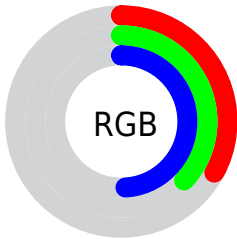
Format	Color
R _Y B	84, 92, 124
Decimal	5529212
CIE Lab	40.00, 3.78, -18.11
CIE LCh	40, 18.502, 281.796
Yxy	11.2510, 0.2607, 0.2618
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283719292 (0xFF545E7C)
YUV	94.4300, 14.5780, -9.1471
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 0.9258, -12.7885

Details

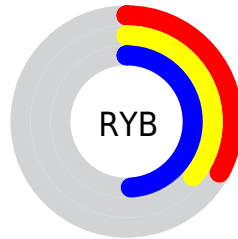
The CIELCh color $40, 18.502, 281.796$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $48, 18.096, 93.434$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 18.810, 282.707$, and $20, 18.584, 282.283$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $36, 24.536, 283.712$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44, 12.626, 280.144$.

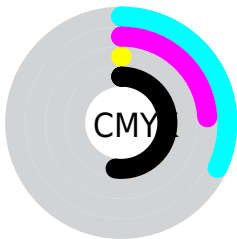
Distribution



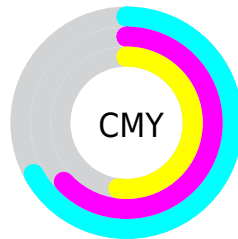
- Red (33%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 18.502, 281.796 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 18.502, 281.796 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40, 18.502,
281.796

■ 40, 18.502,
281.796

■ 100, 18.502,
281.796

■ 30, 18.502,
281.796

■ 60, 18.502,
281.796

■ 20, 18.502,
281.796

■ 70, 18.502,
281.796

■ 10, 18.502,
281.796

■ 80, 18.502,
281.796

■ 0, 18.502, 281.796

■ 90, 18.502,
281.796

■ 40, 18.502,

■ 40, 18.502,

281.796

281.796

■ 36, 24.536,
283.712

■ 44, 12.626,
280.144

■ 33, 30.748,
285.926

■ 47, 6.895, 278.728

■ 29, 37.154,
288.450

■ 51, 1.301, 277.580

■ 55, 4.165, 96.381

■ 26, 43.759,
291.266

■ 58, 9.508, 95.469

■ 23, 50.522,
294.298

■ 62, 14.731, 94.660

■ 65, 19.839, 93.944

■ 20, 57.300,
297.398

■ 69, 24.834, 93.309

■ 18, 62.360,
299.511

■ 73, 29.721, 92.742

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 18.502, 281.796



48, 18.096, 93.434

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 18.502, 281.796



40, 18.502, 331.796



40, 18.502, 101.796



40, 18.502, 151.796

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 18.501, 281.795



62, 6.904, 278.458



49, 16.532, 175.277



32, 4.753, 278.605



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 18.501, 281.795



48, 27.913, 283.224



38, 24.955, 301.694



24, 3.109, 278.311



18, 62.917, 299.547



39, 111.441, 301.169

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 18.246, 3.002



49, 27.549, 4.146



50, 23.327, 117.270



24, 3.009, 0.253



25, 52.365, 23.357



53, 90.155, 26.648

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 18.502, 281.796 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 18.502, 281.796 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

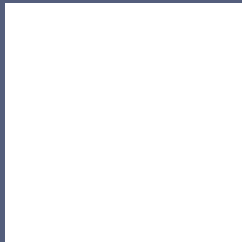
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 18.502, 281.796

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 18.502, 281.796.

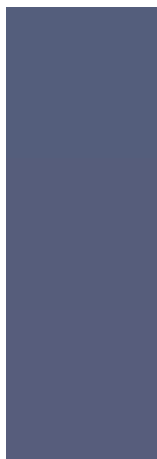


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 18.502, 281.796.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

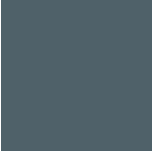
40, 18.502, 281.796

Protanopia

40, 18.394, 285.044

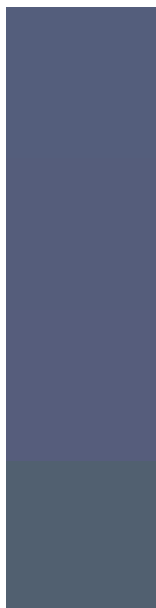
Deuteranopia

40, 18.959, 286.470



Tritanopia
40, 8.334, 234.724

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 18.502, 281.796

Protanomaly
40, 18.435, 283.963

Deuteranomaly
40, 18.993, 285.417

Tritanomaly
40, 11.080, 261.161

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 18.502, 281.796

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 6.860, 277.852

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 18.502, 281.796 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 94, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 94, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 94, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 94, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 18.502, 281.796 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 94, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 94, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 94, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 94, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 94, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 94,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 18.502, 281.796 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 94, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 94,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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