

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 18.933, 208.310)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 18.933, 208.310)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 18.733, 208.676)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E666C
RGB	46, 102, 108
RGB Percent	18%, 40%, 42%
CMY	0.8181, 0.5986, 0.5751
CMYK	0.57, 0.06, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	186°, 40%, 30%
HSV	186°, 57%, 42%
XYZ	8.6547, 11.2510, 16.0004
YIQ	85.9400, -35.3020, -10.0060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

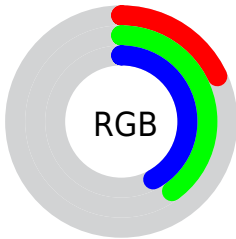
Format	Color
RYB	46, 75, 108
Decimal	3040876
CIELab	40.00, -16.44, -8.99
CIELCh	40, 18.733, 208.676
Yxy	11.2510, 0.2410, 0.3133
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281230956 (0xFF2E666C)
YUV	85.9400, 10.8756, -35.0274
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, -12.6424, -4.8028




Details

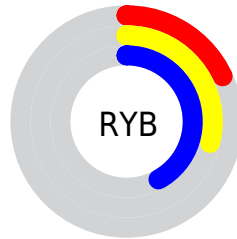
The CIELCh color **40, 18.733, 208.676** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **29, 28.613, 32.176**, and the grayscale version is **37, 0.005, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60, 18.737, 208.324**, and **20, 16.256, 211.426** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 20.702, 209.234**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41, 16.295, 208.306**.

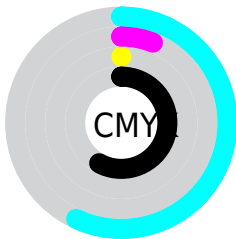
Distribution







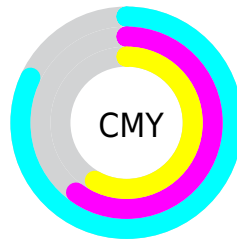
-  Red (18%)
-  Green (40%)
-  Blue (42%)






-  Red (18%)
-  Yellow (29%)
-  Blue (42%)



-  Cyan (57%)
-  Magenta (6%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (58%)




-  Cyan (82%)
-  Magenta (60%)
-  Yellow (58%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 18.733, 208.676 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 18.733, 208.676 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 40, 18.733,
208.676


 40, 18.733,
208.676


 100, 18.733,
208.676


 30, 18.733,
208.676

 60, 18.733,
208.676


 20, 18.733,
208.676

 70, 18.733,
208.676


 10, 18.733,
208.676

 80, 18.733,
208.676

 0, 18.733, 208.676

 90, 18.733,
208.676

 40, 18.733,

 40, 18.733,

208.676

■ 39, 20.702,
209.234

■ 39, 22.174,
210.017

■ 38, 23.147,
211.055

■ 38, 23.749,
212.301

■ 37, 23.915,
212.643

208.676

■ 41, 16.295,
208.306

■ 42, 13.432,
208.101

■ 43, 10.199,
208.033

■ 44, 6.656, 208.085

■ 45, 2.859, 208.277

■ 46, 1.138, 28.032

■ 47, 5.287, 28.524

■ 49, 9.548, 28.843

■ 50, 13.887, 29.174

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 18.733, 208.676



29, 28.613, 32.176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 18.733, 208.676



40, 18.733, 258.676



40, 18.733, 28.676



40, 18.733, 78.676

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 18.733, 208.674



56, 8.126, 208.082



41, 41.817, 142.061



29, 5.455, 208.068



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 18.733, 208.674



50, 25.634, 209.492



30, 24.034, 274.514



22, 2.202, 208.226



41, 25.287, 212.804



81, 43.323, 213.897

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 41.061, 330.286



36, 58.386, 330.968



37, 25.852, 76.595



21, 4.124, 327.634



26, 60.531, 332.321



57, 103.715, 332.589

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 18.733, 208.676 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 18.733, 208.676 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

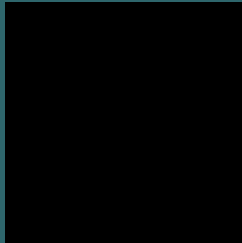
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 18.733, 208.676

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 18.733, 208.676.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 18.733, 208.676.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


40, 18.733, 208.676

Protanopia

40, 6.108, 291.119

Deuteranopia

40, 11.687, 297.682



Tritanopia
40, 18.540, 212.792

Trichromacy



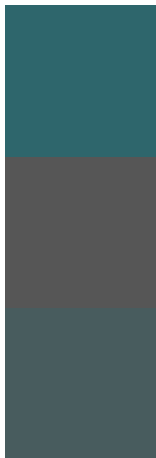
Original Color
40, 18.733, 208.676

Protanomaly
39, 9.233, 235.418

Deuteranomaly
40, 10.896, 250.843

Tritanomaly
40, 18.511, 210.819

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 18.733, 208.676

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 7.957, 207.393

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 18.733, 208.676 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 102, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 102, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 102, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 102, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 18.733, 208.676 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

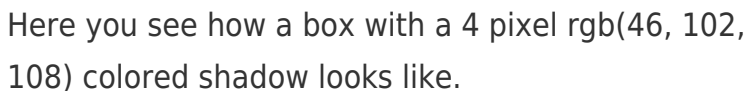
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 102, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 102, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 102, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 102, 108); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 102, 108); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 102, 108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 18.733, 208.676 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 102, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 102,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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