

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 19.417, 211.615)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 19.417, 211.615)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 19.408, 211.996)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C666E
RGB	44, 102, 110
RGB Percent	17%, 40%, 43%
CMY	0.8294, 0.5982, 0.5669
CMYK	0.61, 0.07, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	187°, 43%, 30%
HSV	187°, 61%, 43%
XYZ	8.6519, 11.2510, 16.5964
YIQ	85.5700, -37.1360, -9.8080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

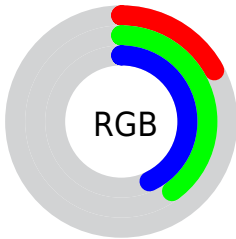
Format	Color
RYB	44, 75, 110
Decimal	2909806
CIELab	40.00, -16.46, -10.28
CIElCh	40, 19.408, 211.996
Yxy	11.2510, 0.2370, 0.3083
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281099886 (0xFF2C666E)
YUV	85.5700, 12.0440, -36.4569
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, -12.6574, -5.8562

Details

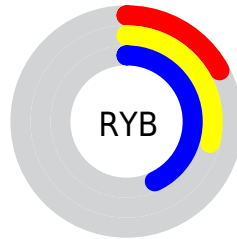
The CIELCh color **40, 19.408, 211.996** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **29, 30.671, 34.257**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60, 19.136, 213.385**, and **20, 16.252, 214.005** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 21.206, 212.871**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41, 17.130, 211.363**.

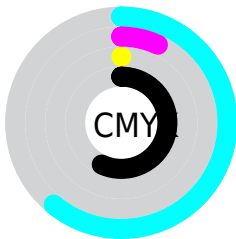
Distribution



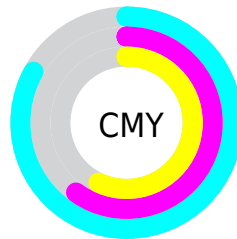
- Red (17%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 19.408, 211.996 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 19.408, 211.996 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40, 19.408,
211.996

■ 40, 19.408,
211.996

■ 100, 19.408,
211.996

■ 30, 19.408,
211.996

■ 60, 19.408,
211.996

■ 20, 19.408,
211.996

■ 70, 19.408,
211.996

■ 10, 19.408,
211.996

■ 80, 19.408,
211.996

■ 0, 19.408, 211.996

■ 90, 19.408,
211.996

■ 40, 19.408,

■ 40, 19.408,

211.996

■ 39, 21.206,
212.871

■ 39, 22.506,
214.035

■ 38, 23.316,
215.528

■ 37, 23.862,
217.069

211.996

■ 41, 17.130,
211.363

■ 42, 14.412,
210.937

■ 43, 11.308,
210.684

■ 44, 7.874, 210.575

■ 45, 4.168, 210.604

■ 47, 0.247, 212.055

■ 48, 3.843, 30.648

■ 49, 8.059, 30.897

■ 51, 12.364, 31.152

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 19.408, 211.996



29, 30.671, 34.257

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 19.408, 211.996



40, 19.408, 261.996



40, 19.408, 31.996



40, 19.408, 81.996

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 19.408, 211.994



57, 8.543, 210.569



41, 43.714, 142.568



28, 5.855, 210.576



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 19.408, 211.994



50, 26.257, 213.334



29, 27.170, 278.413



23, 2.247, 210.626



41, 25.278, 217.279



80, 43.013, 218.644

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 43.103, 331.278



36, 60.518, 332.048



38, 28.366, 79.118



22, 4.221, 328.342



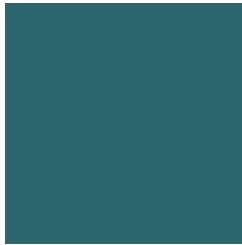
27, 60.417, 333.419



57, 102.657, 333.756

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 19.408, 211.996 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 19.408, 211.996 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

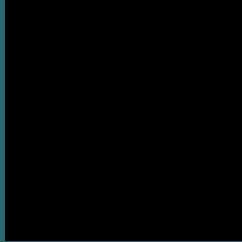
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 19.408, 211.996

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 19.408, 211.996.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 19.408, 211.996.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 19.197, 212.184

Protanopia

40, 6.723, 287.804

Deuteranopia

40, 12.867, 295.555



Tritanopia
40, 19.234, 214.090

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 19.197, 212.184

Protanomaly
39, 10.107, 236.041

Deuteranomaly
40, 11.999, 253.737

Tritanomaly
40, 19.234, 214.090

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 19.197, 212.184

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 8.375, 211.238

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 19.408, 211.996 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 102, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 102, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 102, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 102, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 19.408, 211.996 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 102, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 102, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(44, 102, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 102, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 102, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 102,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 19.408, 211.996 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 102, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 102,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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