

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 2.140, 215.895)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 2.140, 215.895) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 2.137, 215.896)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A5F60
RGB	90, 95, 96
RGB Percent	35%, 37%, 38%
CMY	0.6463, 0.6267, 0.6228
CMYK	0.06, 0.01, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	190°, 3%, 37%
HSV	190°, 6%, 38%
XYZ	10.4653, 11.2510, 12.7335
YIQ	93.6190, -3.3010, -0.7490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

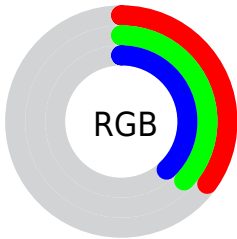
Format	Color
RYB	90, 93, 96
Decimal	5922656
CIELab	40.00, -1.73, -1.25
CIElCh	40, 2.137, 215.896
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3038, 0.3266
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284112736 (0xFF5A5F60)
YUV	93.6190, 1.1738, -3.1739
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, -3.0072, 0.9718

Details

The CIELCh color **40, 2.137, 215.896** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **39, 2.215, 35.483**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60, 1.991, 215.940**, and **20, 2.356, 215.903** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 5.426, 215.956**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41, 1.313, 35.385**.

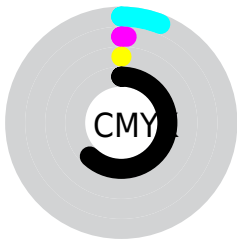
Distribution



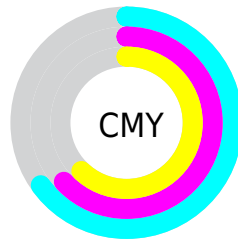
- Red (35%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 2.137, 215.896 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 2.137, 215.896 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40, 2.137, 215.896

■ 40, 2.137, 215.896

■ 100, 2.137,
215.896

■ 30, 2.137, 215.896

■ 60, 2.137, 215.896

■ 20, 2.137, 215.896

■ 70, 2.137, 215.896

■ 10, 2.137, 215.896

■ 80, 2.137, 215.896

■ 0, 2.137, 215.896

■ 90, 2.137, 215.896

■ 40, 2.137, 215.896

■ 40, 2.137, 215.896

■ 39, 5.426, 215.956

■ 41, 1.313, 35.385

■ 38, 8.512, 216.242

■ 43, 4.888, 35.560

■ 36, 11.350,
216.698

■ 44, 8.557, 35.644

■ 35, 13.891,
217.354

■ 46, 12.293, 35.758

■ 47, 16.074, 35.901

■ 34, 16.091,
218.251

■ 49, 19.885, 36.068

■ 33, 17.911,
219.441

■ 50, 23.709, 36.252

■ 52, 27.538, 36.449

■ 33, 19.327,
220.980

■ 53, 31.361, 36.653

■ 32, 20.335,
222.928

■ 31, 21.053,
225.191

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 2.137, 215.896



39, 2.215, 35.483

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 2.137, 215.896



40, 2.137, 265.896



40, 2.137, 35.896



40, 2.137, 85.896

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 2.137, 215.865



52, 0.858, 216.122



40, 4.020, 148.530



27, 0.492, 216.164



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 2.137, 215.865



51, 2.967, 215.858



39, 2.527, 270.570



19, 1.543, 215.859



36, 23.768, 226.639



75, 41.556, 228.817

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 3.985, 329.687



50, 5.547, 329.748



40, 2.524, 88.992



19, 2.884, 329.741



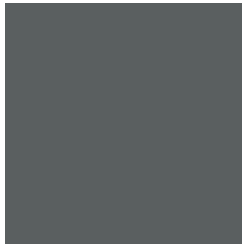
25, 55.711, 335.770



55, 96.651, 336.335

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 2.137, 215.896 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 2.137, 215.896 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

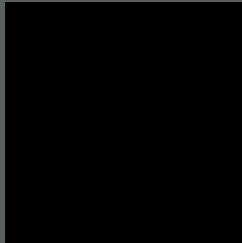
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

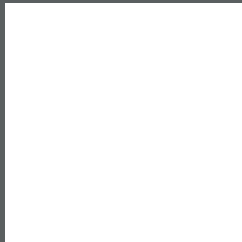
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 2.137, 215.896

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 2.137, 215.896.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 2.137, 215.896.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 2.137, 215.896

Protanopia

40, 0.748, 324.295

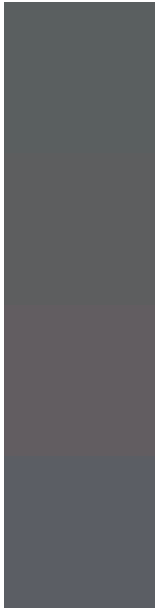
Deuteranopia

40, 5.912, 342.051



Tritanopia
40, 5.004, 276.976

Trichromacy



Original Color

40, 2.137, 215.896

Protanomaly

40, 0.737, 255.947

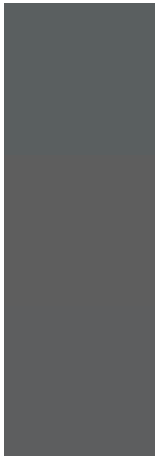
Deuteranomaly

40, 3.229, 330.765

Tritanomaly

40, 3.837, 272.252

Monochromacy



Original Color

40, 2.137, 215.896

Achromatopsia

40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

40, 0.737, 255.947

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 2.137, 215.896 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 95, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 95, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 95, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 95, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 2.137, 215.896 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 95, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 95, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 95, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 95, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 95, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 95, 96)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 2.137, 215.896 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 95, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 95,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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