

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 21.670, 356.499)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 21.670, 356.499)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 21.722, 356.633)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F5161
RGB	127, 81, 97
RGB Percent	50%, 32%, 38%
CMY	0.5021, 0.6825, 0.6197
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.24, 0.50
HSL	339°, 22%, 41%
HSV	339°, 36%, 50%
XYZ	13.8424, 11.2510, 12.7424
YIQ	96.5780, 22.2800, 14.7280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

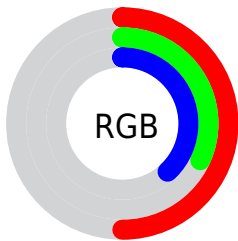
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 81, 97
Decimal	8343905
CIE _{Lab}	40.00, 21.68, -1.28
CIE _{LCh}	40, 21.722, 356.633
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3659, 0.2974
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286533985 (0xFF7F5161)
YUV	96.5780, 0.2080, 26.6801
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 14.9646, 0.9561

Details

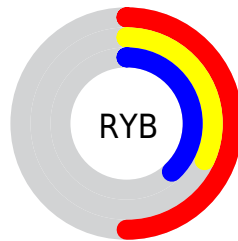
The CIELCh color $40, 21.722, 356.633$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $50, 19.932, 169.219$, and the grayscale version is $41, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 21.888, 356.141$, and $20, 21.555, 355.957$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37, 27.817, 358.169$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43, 15.567, 355.339$.

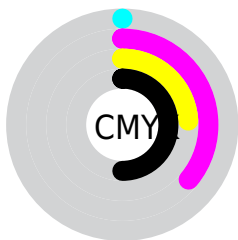
Distribution



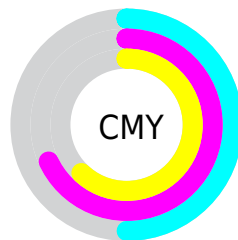
- Red (50%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 21.722, 356.633 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 21.722, 356.633 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 40, 21.722,
356.633


 40, 21.722,
356.633


 100, 21.722,
356.633


 30, 21.722,
356.633

 60, 21.722,
356.633


 20, 21.722,
356.633

 70, 21.722,
356.633

 10, 21.722,
356.633

 80, 21.722,
356.633

 0, 21.722, 356.633

 90, 21.722,
356.633

 40, 21.722,

 40, 21.722,

356.633

356.633

37, 27.817,
358.169

43, 15.567,
355.339

34, 33.663, 0.024

47, 9.494, 354.217

31, 39.005, 2.314

51, 3.582, 353.191

29, 43.577, 5.182

55, 2.122, 172.580

27, 47.170, 8.786

58, 7.601, 171.698

26, 49.879, 13.137

62, 12.852,
170.984

26, 50.946, 14.749

66, 17.883,
170.342

70, 22.707,
169.757

74, 27.339,
169.219

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 21.722, 356.633



50, 19.932, 169.219

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 21.722, 356.633



40, 21.722, 46.633



40, 21.722, 176.633



40, 21.722, 226.633

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 21.720, 356.635



63, 7.937, 353.705



39, 30.281, 315.634



32, 5.385, 353.818



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 21.720, 356.635



49, 32.173, 357.807



41, 18.446, 34.590



25, 3.269, 353.486



26, 51.106, 14.775



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 21.720, 356.635



49, 32.173, 357.807



48, 14.336, 214.638



25, 3.269, 353.486



26, 51.106, 14.775



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 21.722, 356.633 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

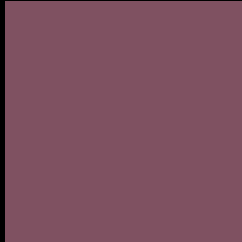
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 21.722, 356.633 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

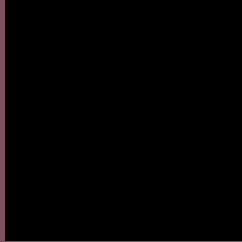
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 21.722, 356.633

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 21.722, 356.633.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 21.722, 356.633.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
40, 21.722, 356.633

Protanopia
40, 6.710, 287.794

Deuteranopia
40, 5.016, 358.779



Tritanopia
40, 19.751, 10.223

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 21.722, 356.633

Protanomaly
40, 10.360, 330.965

Deuteranomaly
40, 11.316, 355.724

Tritanomaly
40, 19.976, 5.080

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 21.722, 356.633

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 8.075, 353.797

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 21.722, 356.633 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 81, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 81, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 81, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 81, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 21.722, 356.633 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 81, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 81, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 81, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 81, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 81, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 81,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 21.722, 356.633 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 81, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127, 81,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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