

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 22.104, 353.527)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 22.104, 353.527)
contains.

CIELCh(40, 22.144, 353.715)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(40, 22.144, 353.715)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F5163
RGB	127, 81, 99
RGB Percent	50%, 32%, 39%
CMY	0.5028, 0.6831, 0.6125
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.22, 0.50
HSL	337°, 22%, 41%
HSV	337°, 36%, 50%
XYZ	13.8940, 11.2510, 13.1965
YIQ	96.8060, 21.6380, 15.3500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

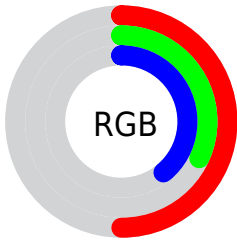
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 81, 99
Decimal	8343907
CIE _{Lab}	40.00, 22.01, -2.42
CIE _{LCh}	40, 22.144, 353.715
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3624, 0.2934
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286533987 (0xFF7F5163)
YUV	96.8060, 1.0816, 26.4801
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 15.2391, 0.1535

Details

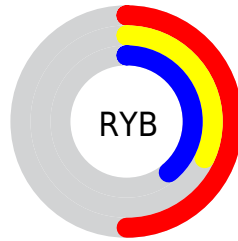
The CIELCh color $40, 22.144, 353.715$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $49, 20.616, 166.457$, and the grayscale version is $41, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 22.308, 353.474$, and $20, 22.368, 353.474$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37, 28.276, 355.169$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43, 15.914, 352.479$.

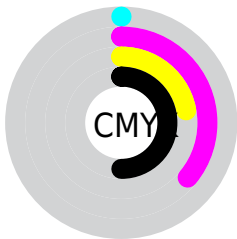
Distribution



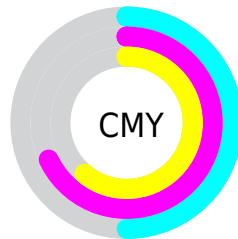
- Red (50%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (61%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 22.144, 353.715 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 22.144, 353.715 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 40, 22.144,
353.715


 40, 22.144,
353.715


 100, 22.144,
353.715


 30, 22.144,
353.715

 60, 22.144,
353.715


 20, 22.144,
353.715

 70, 22.144,
353.715

 10, 22.144,
353.715

 80, 22.144,
353.715

 0, 22.144, 353.715

 90, 22.144,
353.715

 40, 22.144,

 40, 22.144,

353.715

37, 28.276,
355.169

34, 34.108,
356.912

31, 39.378,
359.048

29, 43.802, 1.716

27, 47.158, 5.071

26, 49.531, 9.150

26, 50.447, 10.663

353.715

43, 15.914,
352.479

47, 9.734, 351.398

51, 3.693, 350.403

55, 2.158, 169.796

58, 7.796, 168.931

62, 13.215,
168.225

66, 18.420,
167.587

70, 23.421,
167.002

74, 28.234,
166.463

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 22.144, 353.715



49, 20.616, 166.457

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 22.144, 353.715



40, 22.144, 43.715



40, 22.144, 173.715



40, 22.144, 223.715

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 22.142, 353.717



63, 8.136, 350.898



39, 30.020, 314.032



32, 5.519, 351.008



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 22.142, 353.717



49, 33.489, 354.980



41, 19.161, 30.219



25, 3.353, 350.686



26, 50.650, 10.694



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 22.142, 353.717



49, 33.489, 354.980



49, 14.880, 208.471



25, 3.353, 350.686



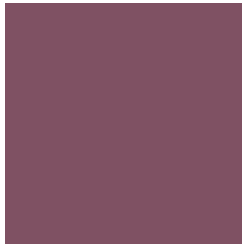
26, 50.650, 10.694



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 22.144, 353.715 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 22.144, 353.715 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

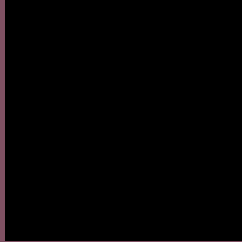
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 22.144, 353.715

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 22.144, 353.715.

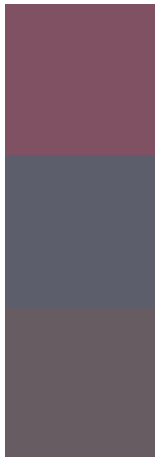


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 22.144, 353.715.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
40, 22.144, 353.715

Protanopia
40, 7.926, 288.523

Deuteranopia
40, 5.555, 347.003



Tritanopia
40, 19.235, 11.600

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 22.144, 353.715

Protanomaly
40, 11.302, 326.959

Deuteranomaly
40, 11.824, 350.321

Tritanomaly
40, 20.089, 3.399

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 22.144, 353.715

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 8.347, 350.044

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 22.144, 353.715 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 81, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 81, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 81, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 81, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 22.144, 353.715 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 81, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 81, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 81, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 81, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 81, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 81,  
99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 22.144, 353.715 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 81, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127, 81,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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