

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 26.958, 162.075)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 26.958, 162.075)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 27.117, 162.145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E6950
RGB	46, 105, 80
RGB Percent	18%, 41%, 31%
CMY	0.8198, 0.5884, 0.6865
CMYK	0.56, 0.00, 0.24, 0.59
HSL	155°, 39%, 30%
HSV	155°, 56%, 41%
XYZ	7.6170, 11.2510, 9.3504
YIQ	84.5090, -27.1390, -20.2830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

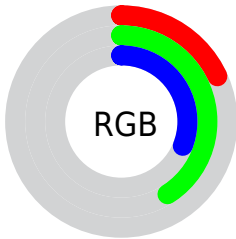
Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 83, 105
Decimal	3041616
CIE _{Lab}	40.00, -25.81, 8.31
CIE _{LCh}	40, 27.117, 162.145
Yxy	11.2510, 0.2699, 0.3987
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281231696 (0xFF2E6950)
YUV	84.5090, -2.2229, -33.7724
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, -18.1646, 6.9519

Details

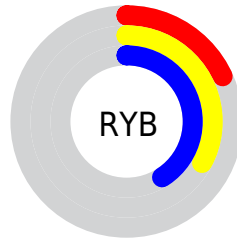
The CIELCh color $40, 27.117, 162.145$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336633 . A complement of this color would be $28, 29.584, 354.455$, and the grayscale version is $36, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 27.384, 161.787$, and $20, 25.372, 159.314$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40, 31.121, 160.689$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $41, 22.754, 163.445$.

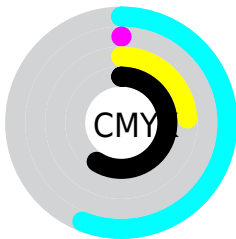
Distribution



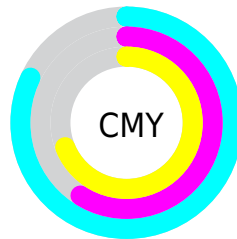
- Red (18%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (59%)





- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 27.117, 162.145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 27.117, 162.145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 40, 27.117,
162.145


 40, 27.117,
162.145


 100, 27.117,
162.145


 30, 27.117,
162.145


 60, 27.117,
162.145


 20, 27.117,
162.145

 70, 27.117,
162.145

 10, 27.117,
162.145

 80, 27.117,
162.145

 0, 27.117, 162.145

 90, 27.117,
162.145

 40, 27.117,

 40, 27.117,

162.145

■ 40, 31.121,
160.689

■ 39, 34.707,
159.059

■ 39, 37.841,
157.242

■ 39, 40.601,
155.315

■ 39, 41.635,
154.643

162.145

■ 41, 22.754,
163.445

■ 41, 18.103,
164.612

■ 42, 13.240,
165.667

■ 43, 8.238, 166.632

■ 44, 3.164, 167.557

■ 45, 1.928, 348.134

■ 46, 6.993, 348.981

■ 47, 11.997,
349.694

■ 48, 16.914,
350.354

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 27.117, 162.145



28, 29.584, 354.455

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 27.117, 162.145



40, 27.117, 212.145



40, 27.117, 342.145



40, 27.117, 32.145

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 27.117, 162.144



55, 10.786, 166.514



41, 37.363, 128.941



28, 7.156, 166.387



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 27.117, 162.144



51, 39.039, 160.264



39, 18.548, 204.769



22, 2.907, 167.297



43, 45.322, 154.329



86, 80.153, 152.884

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 29.584, 354.455



34, 42.854, 356.971



28, 27.899, 29.933



21, 2.953, 348.672



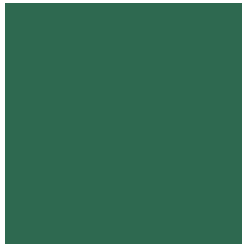
24, 47.569, 7.182



52, 82.057, 10.355

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 27.117, 162.145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 27.117, 162.145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 27.117, 162.145

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 27.117, 162.145.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 27.117, 162.145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
40, 27.117, 162.145

Protanopia
40, 11.826, 95.091

Deuteranopia
40, 8.725, 49.265



Tritanopia
40, 16.359, 215.150

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 27.117, 162.145

Protanomaly
40, 14.971, 139.440

Deuteranomaly
39, 9.045, 137.312

Tritanomaly
40, 18.176, 189.413

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 27.117, 162.145

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 10.738, 166.801

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 27.117, 162.145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 105, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 105, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 105, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 105, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 27.117, 162.145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 105, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 105, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 105, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 105, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 105, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 105,  
80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 27.117, 162.145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 105, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 105,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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