

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 28.708, 91.115)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 28.708, 91.115) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 28.384, 90.830)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C5D2F
RGB	108, 93, 47
RGB Percent	42%, 36%, 18%
CMY	0.5760, 0.6348, 0.8153
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.56, 0.58
HSL	45°, 39%, 30%
HSV	45°, 56%, 42%
XYZ	10.6392, 11.2510, 4.3118
YIQ	92.2410, 23.7060, -11.1260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

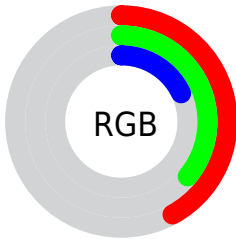
Format	Color
RYB	67, 108, 47
Decimal	7101743
CIELab	40.00, -0.41, 28.38
CIELCh	40, 28.384, 90.830
Yxy	11.2510, 0.4060, 0.4294
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285291823 (0xFF6C5D2F)
YUV	92.2410, -22.3038, 13.8206
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, -2.0819, 15.8581

Details

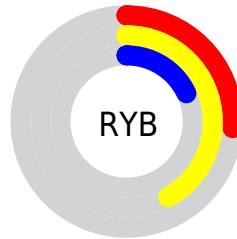
The CIELCh color **40, 28.384, 90.830** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **27, 30.005, 286.975**, and the grayscale version is **39, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60, 28.523, 90.832**, and **20, 28.247, 89.849** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 33.129, 89.557**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41, 23.415, 92.079**.

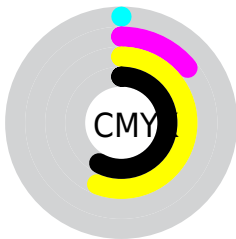
Distribution



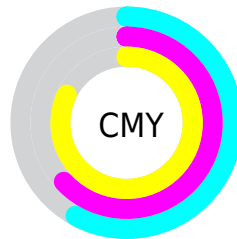
- Red (42%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 28.384, 90.830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 28.384, 90.830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

40, 28.384, 90.830

40, 28.384, 90.830

100, 28.384,
90.830

30, 28.384, 90.830

60, 28.384, 90.830

20, 28.384, 90.830

70, 28.384, 90.830

10, 28.384, 90.830

80, 28.384, 90.830

0, 28.384, 90.830

90, 28.384, 90.830

40, 28.384, 90.830

40, 28.384, 90.830

39, 33.129, 89.557

41, 23.415, 92.079

38, 37.435, 88.233

42, 18.350, 93.299

■ 37, 40.987, 86.824

■ 43, 13.265, 94.492

■ 37, 43.726, 85.331

■ 44, 8.204, 95.651

■ 36, 44.813, 84.844

■ 45, 3.189, 96.759

■ 46, 1.770, 277.955

■ 47, 6.667, 278.957

■ 48, 11.502,
279.956

■ 49, 16.275,
280.915

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 28.384, 90.830



27, 30.005, 286.975

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 28.384, 90.830



40, 28.384, 140.830



40, 28.384, 270.830



40, 28.384, 320.830

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 28.384, 90.834



56, 10.516, 95.533



28, 29.082, 7.151



29, 7.094, 95.370



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 28.384, 90.834



50, 41.778, 89.113



43, 35.590, 116.704



22, 2.771, 96.488



39, 47.451, 84.653



78, 81.275, 83.391

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 30.005, 286.975



31, 45.651, 290.491



24, 40.455, 304.509



21, 2.792, 278.564



16, 60.079, 299.519



38, 109.290, 301.288

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 28.384, 90.830 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 28.384, 90.830 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

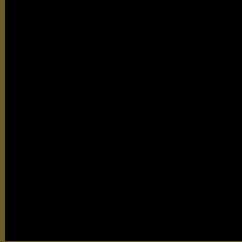
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 28.384, 90.830

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 28.384, 90.830.

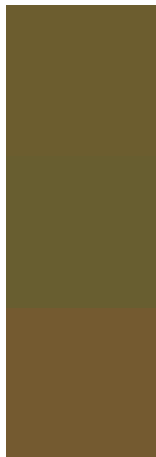


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 28.384, 90.830.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 28.384, 90.830

Protanopia

40, 27.748, 95.759

Deuteranopia

40, 28.550, 79.440



Tritanopia
40, 11.104, 358.604

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 28.384, 90.830

Protanomaly
40, 27.849, 94.770

Deuteranomaly
40, 28.107, 83.409

Tritanomaly
40, 12.121, 56.976

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 28.384, 90.830

Achromatopsia
39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
39, 10.103, 93.107

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 28.384, 90.830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 93, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 93, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 93, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 93, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 28.384, 90.830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 93, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 93, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 93, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 93, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 93, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 93,  
47) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 28.384, 90.830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 93, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108, 93,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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