

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 4.153, 158.147)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 4.153, 158.147) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 3.829, 159.526)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	59605C
RGB	89, 96, 92
RGB Percent	35%, 38%, 36%
CMY	0.6512, 0.6237, 0.6394
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.04, 0.62
HSL	146°, 4%, 36%
HSV	146°, 7%, 38%
XYZ	10.2240, 11.2510, 11.7476
YIQ	93.4510, -2.8880, -2.7280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

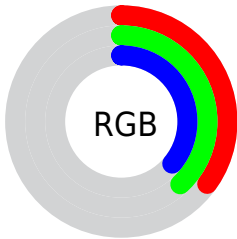
Format	Color
RYB	89, 94, 96
Decimal	5857372
CIELab	40.00, -3.59, 1.34
CIELCh	40, 3.829, 159.526
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3077, 0.3387
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284047452 (0xFF59605C)
YUV	93.4510, -0.7153, -3.9035
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, -4.2911, 2.7145

Details

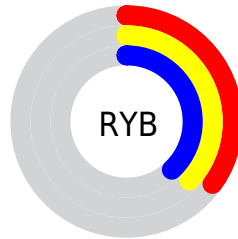
The CIELCh color $40, 3.829, 159.526$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $39, 3.860, 340.454$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 3.548, 159.721$, and $20, 3.930, 154.974$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39, 9.099, 158.699$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $41, 1.419, 340.016$.

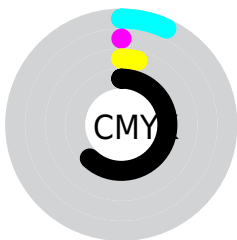
Distribution



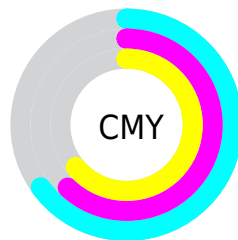
- Red (35%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 3.829, 159.526 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 3.829, 159.526 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40, 3.829, 159.526

■ 40, 3.829, 159.526

■ 100, 3.829,
159.526

■ 30, 3.829, 159.526

■ 60, 3.829, 159.526

■ 20, 3.829, 159.526

■ 70, 3.829, 159.526

■ 10, 3.829, 159.526

■ 80, 3.829, 159.526

■ 0, 3.829, 159.526

■ 90, 3.829, 159.526

■ 40, 3.829, 159.526

■ 40, 3.829, 159.526

■ 39, 9.099, 158.699

■ 41, 1.419, 340.016

■ 38, 14.336,
157.810

■ 42, 6.606, 340.785

■ 38, 19.475,
156.817

■ 43, 11.700,
341.389

■ 37, 24.444,
155.699

■ 44, 16.681,
341.937

■ 36, 29.162,
154.436

■ 46, 21.533,
342.441

■ 36, 33.551,
153.009

■ 47, 26.249,
342.909

■ 36, 37.544,
151.406

■ 48, 30.825,
343.346

■ 35, 41.092,
149.622

■ 50, 35.262,
343.756

■ 35, 44.304,
147.820

■ 51, 39.563,
344.142

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 3.829, 159.526



39, 3.860, 340.454

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 3.829, 159.526



40, 3.829, 209.526



40, 3.829, 339.526



40, 3.829, 29.526

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 3.830, 159.521



52, 1.298, 160.051



40, 4.434, 125.794



27, 0.744, 160.084



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 3.830, 159.521



51, 5.875, 159.359



40, 2.911, 192.115



20, 2.970, 159.391



41, 50.919, 146.924



84, 91.917, 145.433

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 3.860, 340.454



49, 5.927, 340.613



38, 3.018, 12.941



18, 2.995, 340.582



23, 47.503, 353.744



52, 82.223, 356.025

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 3.829, 159.526 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 3.829, 159.526 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

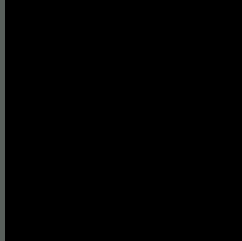
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

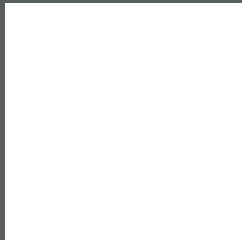
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 3.829, 159.526

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 3.829, 159.526.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 3.829, 159.526.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 3.829, 159.526

Protanopia

40, 2.215, 74.625

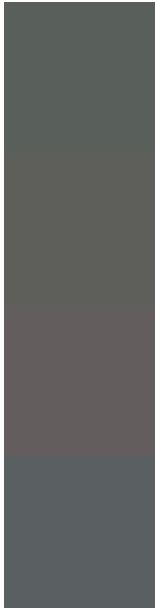
Deuteranopia

40, 5.694, 7.857



Tritanopia
40, 5.004, 276.976

Trichromacy



Original Color

40, 3.829, 159.526

Protanomaly

40, 2.467, 119.677

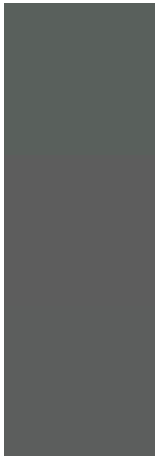
Deuteranomaly

40, 2.546, 19.622

Tritanomaly

40, 2.715, 241.723

Monochromacy



Original Color

40, 3.829, 159.526

Achromatopsia

39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

40, 1.039, 163.717

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 3.829, 159.526 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 96, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 96, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 96, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 96, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 3.829, 159.526 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 96, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 96, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 96, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 96, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 96, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 96, 92)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 3.829, 159.526 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 96, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 96,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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