

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 4.465, 356.835)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(40, 4.465, 356.835) contains.

<b>CIELCh(40, 4.620, 356.769)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(40, 4.620, 356.769)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	665C5F
RGB	102, 92, 95
RGB Percent	40%, 36%, 37%
CMY	0.6009, 0.6401, 0.6283
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.07, 0.60
HSL	342°, 5%, 38%
HSV	342°, 10%, 40%
XYZ	11.3186, 11.2510, 12.3498
YIQ	95.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

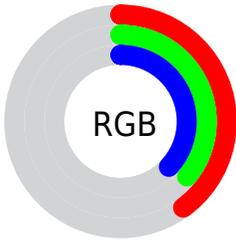
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	102, 92, 95
Decimal	6708319
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	40.00, 4.61, -0.26
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	40, 4.620, 356.769
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3241, 0.3222
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284898399 (0xFF665C5F)
YUV	95.3320, -0.1637, 5.8478
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 1.5337, 1.6501

# Details

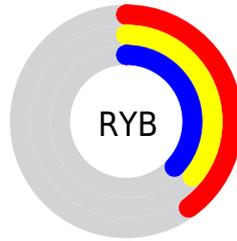
The CIELCh color  $40, 4.620, 356.769$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $42, 4.497, 175.185$ , and the grayscale version is  $40, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $60, 4.641, 358.452$ , and  $20, 4.735, 355.000$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $37, 9.496, 357.821$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $43, 0.081, 179.586$ .

# Distribution



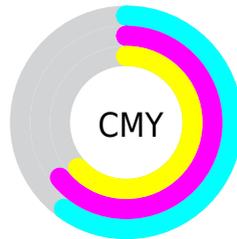
-  Red (40%)
-  Green (36%)
-  Blue (37%)



-  Red (40%)
-  Yellow (36%)
-  Blue (37%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (10%)
-  Yellow (7%)
-  Black (60%)



-  Cyan (60%)
-  Magenta (64%)
-  Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 4.620, 356.769 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 4.620, 356.769 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40, 4.620, 356.769

■ 40, 4.620, 356.769

■ 100, 4.620,  
356.769

■ 30, 4.620, 356.769

■ 60, 4.620, 356.769

■ 20, 4.620, 356.769

■ 70, 4.620, 356.769

■ 10, 4.620, 356.769

■ 80, 4.620, 356.769

■ 0, 4.620, 356.769

■ 90, 4.620, 356.769

■ 40, 4.620, 356.769

■ 40, 4.620, 356.769

■ 37, 9.496, 357.821

■ 43, 0.081, 179.586

■ 34, 14.512,  
358.999

■ 46, 4.586, 175.230

31, 19.598, 0.379

50, 8.895, 174.492

28, 24.641, 2.028

53, 13.014,  
173.841

26, 29.485, 4.039

56, 16.955,  
173.251

24, 33.933, 6.530

22, 37.790, 9.642

59, 20.731,  
172.713

21, 40.923, 13.509

63, 24.356,  
172.217

20, 43.899, 17.541

66, 27.843,  
171.758

69, 31.205,  
171.333

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 4.620, 356.769



42, 4.497, 175.185

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 4.620, 356.769



40, 4.620, 46.769



40, 4.620, 176.769



40, 4.620, 226.769

# Sweetspot

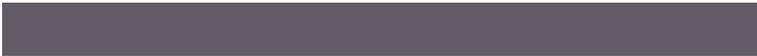
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 4.619, 356.778



54, 1.732, 356.028



40, 6.775, 316.101



27, 1.304, 356.123



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 4.619, 356.778



51, 7.049, 357.034



40, 3.627, 39.213



19, 2.641, 356.687



23, 48.024, 18.468



51, 84.848, 22.189



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 4.619, 356.778



51, 7.049, 357.034



42, 3.426, 219.834



19, 2.641, 356.687



23, 48.024, 18.468



51, 84.848, 22.189



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 4.620, 356.769 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 4.620, 356.769 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

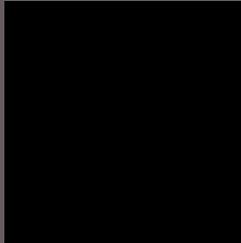
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

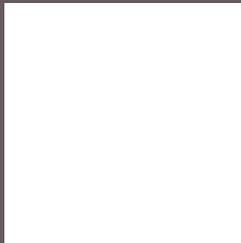
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 40, 4.620, 356.769

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 4.620, 356.769.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 4.620, 356.769.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40, 4.620, 356.769

### Protanopia

40, 1.298, 309.099

### Deuteranopia

40, 5.650, 354.681



**Tritanopia**  
40, 6.300, 337.681

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40, 4.620, 356.769

## Protanomaly

40, 2.495, 332.510

## Deuteranomaly

40, 5.650, 354.681

## Tritanomaly

40, 5.912, 342.051

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40, 4.620, 356.769

## Achromatopsia

40, 0.006, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

40, 1.407, 353.758

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 4.620, 356.769 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 92, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 92, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 92, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 92, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 4.620, 356.769 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 92, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 92, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 92, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 92, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 92, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 92,  
95) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 4.620, 356.769 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 92, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102, 92,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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