

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 41.342, 306.060)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 41.342, 306.060)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 41.590, 306.368)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	695295
RGB	105, 82, 149
RGB Percent	41%, 32%, 58%
CMY	0.5875, 0.6778, 0.4149
CMYK	0.29, 0.45, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	261°, 29%, 45%
HSV	261°, 45%, 59%
XYZ	14.3177, 11.2510, 29.9303
YIQ	96.5150, -7.7990, 25.7130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

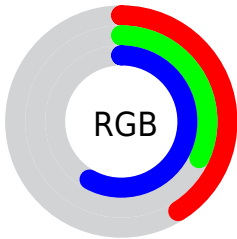
Format	Color
R_{YB}	105, 82, 149
Decimal	6902421
CIE _{Lab}	40.00, 24.66, -33.49
CIE _{LCh}	40, 41.590, 306.368
Yxy	11.2510, 0.2580, 0.2027
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285092501 (0xFF695295)
YUV	96.5150, 25.8751, 7.4413
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 17.4940, -29.4254

Details

The CIELCh color $40, 41.590, 306.368$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $59, 38.088, 121.067$, and the grayscale version is $41, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 41.199, 306.414$, and $20, 42.065, 306.610$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $35, 51.378, 307.163$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $45, 31.890, 305.602$.

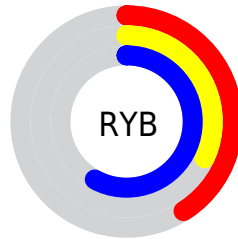
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (32%)

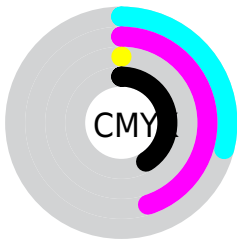
Blue (58%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (58%)

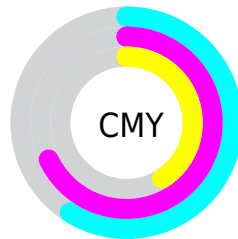


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (59%)


Magenta (68%)


Yellow (41%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 41.590, 306.368 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 41.590, 306.368 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 40, 41.590,
306.368


 40, 41.590,
306.368


 100, 41.590,
306.368


 30, 41.590,
306.368

 60, 41.590,
306.368


 20, 41.590,
306.368

 70, 41.590,
306.368

 10, 41.590,
306.368

 80, 41.590,
306.368

 0, 41.590, 306.368

 90, 41.590,
306.368

 40, 41.590,

 40, 41.590,

306.368

■ 35, 51.378,
307.163

■ 31, 61.012,
307.936

■ 27, 70.058,
308.599

■ 23, 77.845,
309.025

■ 21, 83.592,
309.070

■ 20, 86.214,
309.102

306.368

■ 45, 31.890,
305.602

■ 50, 22.407,
304.892

■ 55, 13.199,
304.248

■ 59, 4.285, 303.667

■ 64, 4.333, 123.186

■ 69, 12.663,
122.737

■ 74, 20.717,
122.350

■ 79, 28.510,
122.016

■ 83, 36.058,
121.728

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 41.590, 306.368



59, 38.088, 121.067

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 41.590, 306.368



40, 41.590, 356.368



40, 41.590, 126.368



40, 41.590, 176.368

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 41.589, 306.368



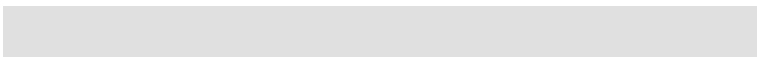
71, 14.195, 304.147



51, 19.124, 241.630



36, 9.937, 304.270



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 41.589, 306.368



46, 62.535, 307.177



44, 44.237, 321.731



29, 4.916, 303.909



18, 81.252, 309.174



0, 4.239, 303.420

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 36.335, 339.653



53, 53.054, 340.683



57, 43.627, 137.183



29, 4.537, 336.695



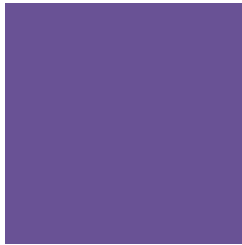
30, 57.138, 347.571



1, 3.937, 336.092

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 41.590, 306.368 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 41.590, 306.368 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

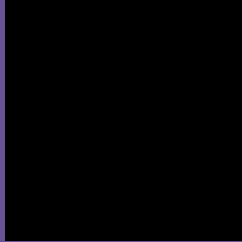
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 41.590, 306.368

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 41.590, 306.368.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 41.590, 306.368.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 41.590, 306.368

Protanopia

40, 40.364, 286.040

Deuteranopia

40, 32.810, 280.772



Tritanopia
40, 5.053, 304.963

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 41.590, 306.368

Protanomaly
40, 40.803, 293.122

Deuteranomaly
40, 35.347, 290.782

Tritanomaly
40, 18.805, 304.527

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 41.590, 306.368

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 15.002, 304.225

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 41.590, 306.368 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 82, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 82, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 82, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 82, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 41.590, 306.368 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 82, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 82, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 82, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 82, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 82, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 82,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 41.590, 306.368 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 82, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105, 82,  
149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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