

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 45.466, 278.029)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 45.466, 278.029)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 45.594, 278.205)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	185FA8
RGB	24, 95, 168
RGB Percent	9%, 37%, 66%
CMY	0.9042, 0.6267, 0.3404
CMYK	0.85, 0.43, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	210°, 75%, 38%
HSV	210°, 85%, 66%
XYZ	11.5821, 11.2510, 38.7067
YIQ	82.0930, -65.7490, 7.6510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

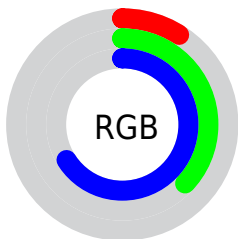
Format	Color
R _Y B	24, 72, 168
Decimal	1597352
CIE Lab	40.00, 6.51, -45.13
CIE LCh	40, 45.594, 278.205
Yxy	11.2510, 0.1882, 0.1828
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279787432 (0xFF185FA8)
YUV	82.0930, 42.3522, -50.9476
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 2.9359, -44.9387

Details

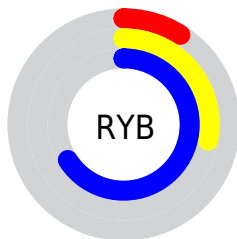
The CIELCh color **40, 45.594, 278.205** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **48, 55.146, 64.811**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60, 45.716, 278.190**, and **22, 43.581, 287.923** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 50.882, 282.605**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43, 40.422, 274.081**.

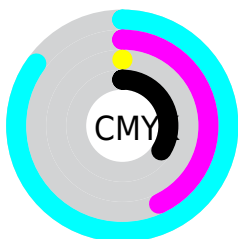
Distribution



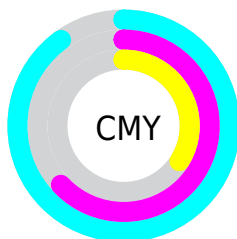
- Red (9%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (34%)





- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (34%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 45.594, 278.205 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 45.594, 278.205 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 40, 45.594,
278.205


 40, 45.594,
278.205


 100, 45.594,
278.205


 30, 45.594,
278.205

 60, 45.594,
278.205


 20, 45.594,
278.205

 70, 45.594,
278.205

 10, 45.594,
278.205

 80, 45.594,
278.205

 0, 45.594, 278.205

 90, 45.594,
278.205

 40, 45.594,

 40, 45.594,

278.205

■ 37, 50.882,
282.605

■ 36, 53.354,
284.502

278.205

■ 43, 40.422,
274.081

■ 46, 35.286,
270.376

■ 49, 30.119,
267.143

■ 53, 24.877,
264.375

■ 56, 19.543,
262.031

■ 60, 14.120,
260.057

■ 63, 8.620, 258.402

■ 67, 3.064, 257.055

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 45.594, 278.205



48, 55.146, 64.811

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 45.594, 278.205



40, 45.594, 328.205



40, 45.594, 98.205



40, 45.594, 148.205

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 45.594, 278.206



76, 17.873, 260.240



61, 58.920, 152.425



38, 12.074, 260.865



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 45.594, 278.206



47, 66.221, 285.381



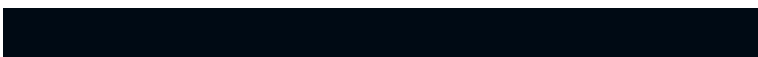
23, 89.235, 304.603



34, 3.163, 257.524



32, 48.033, 283.986



2, 6.141, 263.228

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 59.471, 357.140



47, 75.484, 3.300



67, 67.228, 103.215



33, 4.506, 344.799



31, 56.468, 1.918



2, 7.765, 347.986

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 45.594, 278.205 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 45.594, 278.205 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

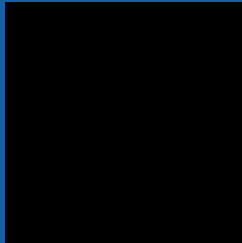
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 45.594, 278.205

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 45.594, 278.205.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 45.594, 278.205.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


40, 45.594, 278.205

Protanopia

40, 45.230, 286.742

Deuteranopia

40, 45.676, 277.803



Tritanopia
40, 25.044, 208.030

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 45.594, 278.205

Protanomaly
40, 44.982, 282.659

Deuteranomaly
40, 45.636, 277.997

Tritanomaly
40, 27.078, 242.546

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 45.594, 278.205

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 18.025, 263.214

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 45.594, 278.205 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(24, 95, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(24, 95, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(24, 95, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(24, 95, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 45.594, 278.205 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(24, 95, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(24, 95, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(24, 95, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(24, 95, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 95, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 95,  
168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 45.594, 278.205 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(24, 95, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(24, 95,  
168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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