

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 46.119, 147.259)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(40, 46.119, 147.259)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(40, 46.424, 147.088)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	136D33
RGB	19, 109, 51
RGB Percent	7%, 43%, 20%
CMY	0.9235, 0.5738, 0.8011
CMYK	0.82, 0.00, 0.53, 0.57
HSL	141°, 70%, 25%
HSV	141°, 82%, 43%
XYZ	6.3052, 11.2510, 4.9390
YIQ	75.4780, -35.0220, -37.1180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

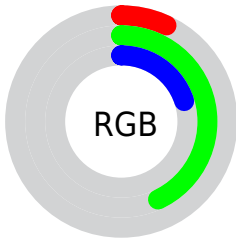
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	19, 85, 109
Decimal	1273139
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	40.00, -38.97, 25.22
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	40, 46.424, 147.088
Yxy	11.2510, 0.2803, 0.5002
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279463219 (0xFF136D33)
YUV	75.4780, -12.0677, -49.5312
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, -25.1455, 14.7496

# Details

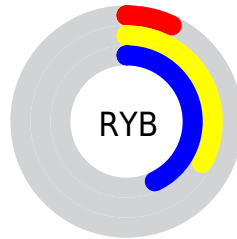
The CIELCh color **40, 46.424, 147.088** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **25, 44.999, 344.260**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60, 46.035, 147.289**, and **21, 40.094, 138.773** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40, 50.319, 145.248**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40, 41.959, 148.775**.

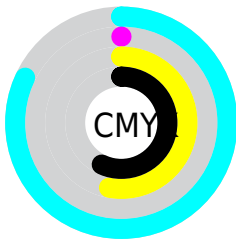
# Distribution



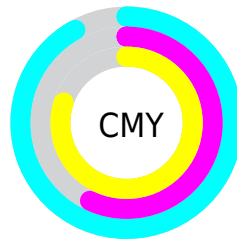
- Red (7%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (80%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 46.424, 147.088 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 46.424, 147.088 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 40, 46.424,  
147.088

 40, 46.424,  
147.088


 100, 46.424,  
147.088

 30, 46.424,  
147.088

 60, 46.424,  
147.088


 20, 46.424,  
147.088

 70, 46.424,  
147.088

 10, 46.424,  
147.088

 80, 46.424,  
147.088

 0, 46.424, 147.088

 90, 46.424,  
147.088

 40, 46.424,

 40, 46.424,

147.088

147.088

■ 40, 50.319,  
145.248

■ 40, 41.959,  
148.775

■ 40, 53.170,  
143.901

■ 41, 36.975,  
150.288

■ 41, 31.554,  
151.627

■ 42, 25.792,  
152.805

■ 43, 19.792,  
153.840

■ 44, 13.649,  
154.753

■ 45, 7.449, 155.567

■ 46, 1.263, 156.426



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 46.424, 147.088



25, 44.999, 344.260

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 46.424, 147.088



40, 46.424, 197.088



40, 46.424, 327.088



40, 46.424, 17.088

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 46.424, 147.088



55, 19.060, 154.437



42, 49.358, 120.645



28, 13.097, 154.196



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 46.424, 147.088



51, 63.917, 143.645



41, 28.345, 179.370



22, 3.424, 155.807



43, 56.381, 143.704



85, 99.934, 142.389



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 44.999, 344.260



30, 57.428, 347.715



23, 42.234, 22.749



21, 3.445, 336.946



25, 50.872, 347.656

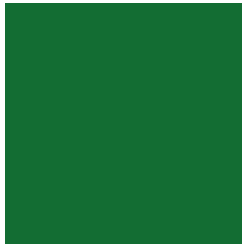


54, 86.577, 349.236



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 46.424, 147.088 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 46.424, 147.088 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 40, 46.424, 147.088**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 46.424, 147.088.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 46.424, 147.088.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40, 46.528, 147.207


### Protanopia

40, 28.837, 95.934

### Deuteranopia

40, 23.849, 77.679





**Tritanopia**  
40, 18.807, 214.526

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
40, 46.528, 147.207

**Protanomaly**  
39, 32.322, 127.184

**Deuteranomaly**  
39, 26.768, 123.238

**Tritanomaly**  
40, 25.364, 175.098

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
40, 46.528, 147.207

**Achromatopsia**  
32, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
34, 18.953, 153.212

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 46.424, 147.088 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(19, 109, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(19, 109, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(19, 109, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(19, 109, 51) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 46.424, 147.088 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(19, 109, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(19, 109, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(19, 109, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(19, 109, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 109, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 109,  
51) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 46.424, 147.088 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(19, 109, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(19, 109,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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