

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 5.148, 5.479)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 5.148, 5.479) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 5.429, 0.515)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	675B5E
RGB	103, 91, 94
RGB Percent	40%, 36%, 37%
CMY	0.5948, 0.6419, 0.6302
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.09, 0.59
HSL	345°, 6%, 38%
HSV	345°, 12%, 41%
XYZ	11.4316, 11.2510, 12.2318
YIQ	94.9300, 6.1890, 3.4770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	103, 91, 94
Decimal	6773598
CIELab	40.00, 5.43, 0.05
CIELCh	40, 5.429, 0.515
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3274, 0.3222
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284963678 (0xFF675B5E)
YUV	94.9300, -0.4585, 7.0774
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 2.1351, 1.8586

Details

The CIELCh color $40, 5.429, 0.515$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43, 5.231, 178.586$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 5.393, 1.634$, and $20, 5.639, 359.528$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37, 10.312, 1.601$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43, 0.742, 359.256$.

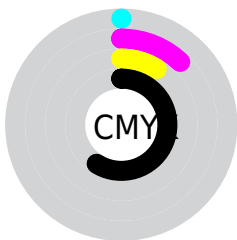
Distribution



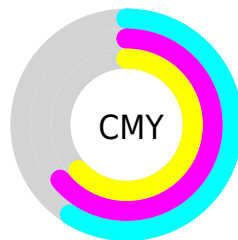
- Red (40%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 5.429, 0.515 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 5.429, 0.515 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40, 5.429, 0.515

■ 40, 5.429, 0.515

■ 100, 5.429, 0.515

■ 30, 5.429, 0.515

■ 60, 5.429, 0.515

■ 20, 5.429, 0.515

■ 70, 5.429, 0.515

■ 10, 5.429, 0.515

■ 80, 5.429, 0.515

■ 0, 5.429, 0.515

■ 90, 5.429, 0.515

■ 40, 5.429, 0.515

■ 40, 5.429, 0.515

■ 37, 10.312, 1.601

■ 43, 0.742, 359.256

■ 34, 15.356, 2.843

■ 46, 3.732, 178.949

■ 31, 20.492, 4.315

■ 50, 7.993, 178.193

■ 28, 25.606, 6.099

■ 53, 12.051,
177.541

■ 26, 30.542, 8.297

■ 56, 15.920,
176.956

■ 24, 35.110, 11.035

■ 22, 39.130, 14.452

■ 60, 19.614,
176.424

■ 21, 42.512, 18.633

■ 63, 23.149,
175.939

■ 20, 45.387, 22.065

■ 66, 26.540,
175.491

■ 69, 29.802,
175.078

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 5.429, 0.515



43, 5.231, 178.586

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 5.429, 0.515



40, 5.429, 50.515



40, 5.429, 180.515



40, 5.429, 230.515

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 5.428, 0.523



55, 1.716, 359.579



40, 8.238, 317.746



28, 1.313, 359.678



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 5.428, 0.523



51, 8.203, 0.812



41, 4.274, 44.885



19, 2.579, 0.246



23, 49.108, 22.824



51, 87.314, 26.542

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 5.428, 0.523



51, 8.203, 0.812



42, 4.006, 226.082



19, 2.579, 0.246



23, 49.108, 22.824



51, 87.314, 26.542

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 5.429, 0.515 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 5.429, 0.515 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

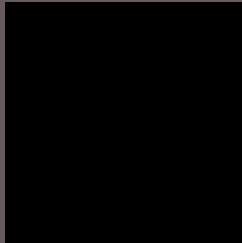
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 5.429, 0.515

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 5.429, 0.515.

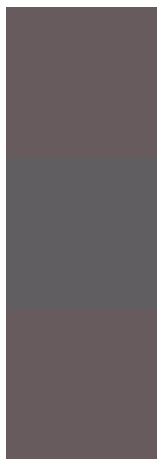


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 5.429, 0.515.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


40, 5.429, 0.515

Protanopia

40, 1.489, 324.446

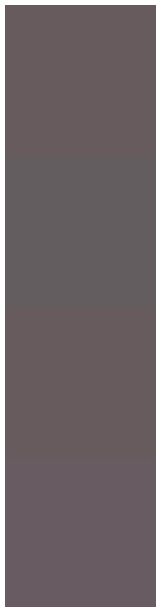
Deuteranopia

40, 5.429, 0.515



Tritanopia
40, 6.942, 342.556

Trichromacy



Original Color

40, 5.429, 0.515

Protanomaly

40, 2.817, 354.114

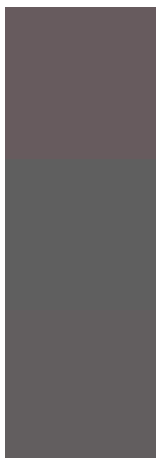
Deuteranomaly

40, 5.429, 0.515

Tritanomaly

40, 6.598, 346.766

Monochromacy



Original Color

40, 5.429, 0.515

Achromatopsia

40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

40, 1.796, 359.704

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 5.429, 0.515 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 91, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 91, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 91, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 91, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 5.429, 0.515 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 91, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 91, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 91, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 91, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 91, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 91,  
94) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 5.429, 0.515 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 91, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103, 91,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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