

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 5.371, 106.536)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 5.371, 106.536) contains.

CIELCh(40, 5.457, 109.327)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(40, 5.457, 109.327)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F5F56
RGB	95, 95, 86
RGB Percent	37%, 37%, 34%
CMY	0.6281, 0.6280, 0.6633
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.09, 0.63
HSL	60°, 5%, 35%
HSV	60°, 9%, 37%
XYZ	10.4555, 11.2510, 10.3930
YIQ	93.9740, 2.8890, -2.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

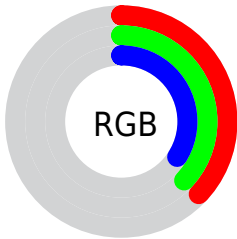
Format	Color
RYB	86, 95, 86
Decimal	6250326
CIELab	40.00, -1.81, 5.15
CIELCh	40, 5.457, 109.327
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3257, 0.3505
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284440406 (0xFF5F5F56)
YUV	93.9740, -3.9312, 0.8998
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, -3.0594, 5.1090

Details

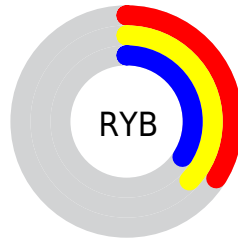
The CIELCh color **40, 5.457, 109.327** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **37, 5.573, 291.095**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60, 5.061, 109.591**, and **20, 5.408, 108.872** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40, 11.186, 108.440**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40, 0.301, 290.357**.

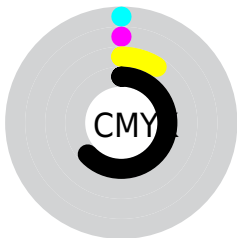
Distribution



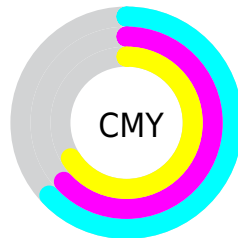
- Red (37%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 5.457, 109.327 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 5.457, 109.327 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40, 5.457, 109.327

■ 40, 5.457, 109.327

■ 100, 5.457,
109.327

■ 30, 5.457, 109.327

■ 60, 5.457, 109.327

■ 20, 5.457, 109.327

■ 70, 5.457, 109.327

■ 10, 5.457, 109.327

■ 80, 5.457, 109.327

■ 0, 5.457, 109.327

■ 90, 5.457, 109.327

■ 40, 5.457, 109.327

■ 40, 5.457, 109.327

■ 40, 11.186,
108.440

■ 40, 0.301, 290.357

■ 40, 16.849,

■ 41, 6.069, 291.110

107.542

41, 11.830,
291.952

39, 22.397,
106.658

41, 17.573,
292.765

39, 27.752,
105.809

42, 23.289,
293.545

39, 32.802,
105.015

42, 28.971,
294.288

39, 37.385,
104.305

43, 34.614,
294.994

39, 41.286,
103.712

43, 40.214,
295.662

39, 44.267,
103.267

44, 45.767,
296.292

39, 46.857,
102.886

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 5.457, 109.327



37, 5.573, 291.095

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 5.457, 109.327



40, 5.457, 159.327



40, 5.457, 289.327



40, 5.457, 339.327

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 5.458, 109.336



51, 2.127, 109.893



37, 3.896, 19.880



26, 1.598, 109.839



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 5.458, 109.336



51, 7.805, 109.172



40, 5.816, 128.692



20, 3.284, 109.388



46, 52.900, 102.866



92, 92.476, 102.867

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 5.573, 291.095



46, 7.997, 291.285



37, 5.892, 309.450



18, 3.349, 291.036



10, 73.043, 306.288



30, 127.691, 306.288

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 5.457, 109.327 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 5.457, 109.327 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

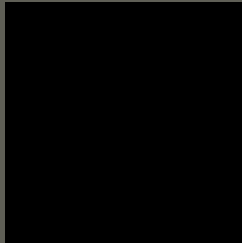
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 5.457, 109.327

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 5.457, 109.327.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 5.457, 109.327.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


40, 5.457, 109.327

Protanopia

40, 5.728, 91.577

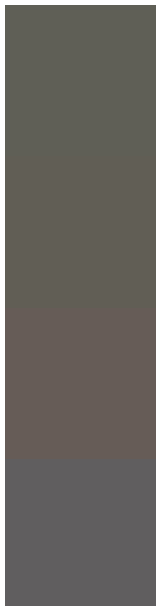
Deuteranopia

40, 7.026, 40.312



Tritanopia
40, 4.599, 311.780

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 5.457, 109.327

Protanomaly
40, 5.611, 95.852

Deuteranomaly
40, 5.317, 54.568

Tritanomaly
40, 1.045, 343.580

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 5.457, 109.327

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 1.821, 109.875

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 5.457, 109.327 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 95, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 95, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 95, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 95, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 5.457, 109.327 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 95, 86) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 95, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 95, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 95, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 95, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 95, 86)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 5.457, 109.327 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 95, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 95,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor