

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 5.401, 128.676)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 5.401, 128.676) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 5.734, 126.710)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C6057
RGB	92, 96, 87
RGB Percent	36%, 38%, 34%
CMY	0.6404, 0.6248, 0.6600
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.09, 0.62
HSL	87°, 5%, 36%
HSV	87°, 9%, 38%
XYZ	10.2446, 11.2510, 10.5827
YIQ	93.7780, 0.5050, -3.6470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

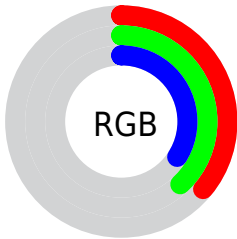
Format	Color
R_{YB}	87, 96, 91
Decimal	6053975
CIE _{Lab}	40.00, -3.43, 4.60
CIE _{LCh}	40, 5.734, 126.710
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3194, 0.3507
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284244055 (0xFF5C6057)
YUV	93.7780, -3.3416, -1.5593
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, -4.1815, 4.7737

Details

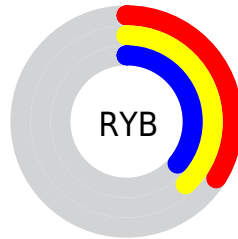
The CIELCh color $40, 5.734, 126.710$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $38, 5.818, 307.514$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 5.316, 126.843$, and $20, 5.756, 128.481$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39, 11.843, 126.257$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $41, 0.371, 306.977$.

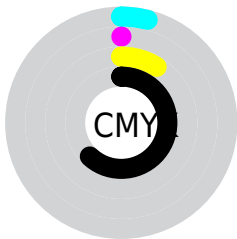
Distribution



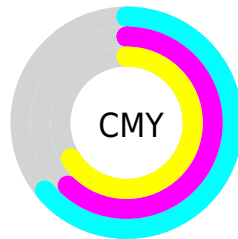
- Red (36%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 5.734, 126.710 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 5.734, 126.710 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40, 5.734, 126.710

■ 40, 5.734, 126.710

■ 100, 5.734,
126.710

■ 30, 5.734, 126.710

■ 60, 5.734, 126.710

■ 20, 5.734, 126.710

■ 70, 5.734, 126.710

■ 10, 5.734, 126.710

■ 80, 5.734, 126.710

■ 0, 5.734, 126.710

■ 90, 5.734, 126.710

■ 40, 5.734, 126.710

■ 40, 5.734, 126.710

■ 39, 11.843,
126.257

■ 41, 0.371, 306.977

■ 39, 17.913,

■ 41, 6.446, 307.528

125.791

42, 12.472,
307.905

38, 23.892,
125.331

43, 18.432,
308.249

38, 29.702,
124.903

44, 24.316,
308.562

37, 35.234,
124.550

44, 30.116,
308.847

37, 40.333,
124.332

45, 35.826,
309.104

37, 44.796,
124.335

46, 41.445,
309.336

36, 48.391,
124.661

47, 46.970,
309.545

36, 51.597,
125.026

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 5.734, 126.710



38, 5.818, 307.514

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 5.734, 126.710



40, 5.734, 176.710



40, 5.734, 306.710



40, 5.734, 356.710

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 5.735, 126.715



52, 2.273, 127.010



39, 3.234, 66.836



27, 1.738, 126.976



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 5.735, 126.715



52, 8.361, 126.627



40, 6.566, 142.196



20, 3.457, 126.738



42, 58.100, 125.351



86, 102.471, 126.363

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 5.818, 307.514



48, 8.501, 307.606



38, 6.584, 323.061



18, 3.504, 307.490



15, 68.572, 311.212



37, 120.721, 310.530

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 5.734, 126.710 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 5.734, 126.710 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

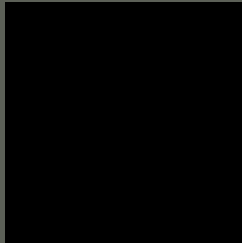
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 5.734, 126.710

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 5.734, 126.710.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 5.734, 126.710.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


40, 5.734, 126.710

Protanopia

40, 5.150, 89.678

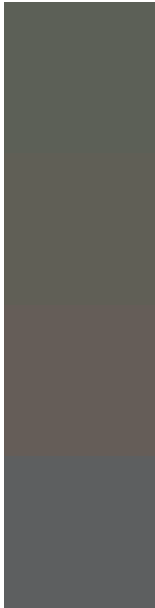
Deuteranopia

40, 6.811, 35.640



Tritanopia
40, 4.269, 290.838

Trichromacy



Original Color

40, 5.734, 126.710

Protanomaly

40, 5.470, 104.786

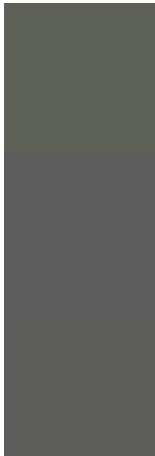
Deuteranomaly

40, 4.607, 60.802

Tritanomaly

40, 1.023, 236.214

Monochromacy



Original Color

40, 5.734, 126.710

Achromatopsia

39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

40, 1.874, 122.909

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 5.734, 126.710 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 96, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 96, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 96, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 96, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 5.734, 126.710 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 96, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 96, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 96, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 96, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 96, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 96, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 5.734, 126.710 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 96, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 96,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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