

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 56.187, 30.128)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 56.187, 30.128) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 56.333, 30.203)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB3333
RGB	171, 51, 51
RGB Percent	67%, 20%, 20%
CMY	0.3297, 0.8002, 0.8002
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.70, 0.33
HSL	360°, 54%, 44%
HSV	360°, 70%, 67%
XYZ	18.5573, 11.2510, 4.3198
YIQ	86.8800, 71.5200, 25.4400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

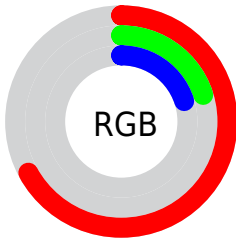
Format	Color
R_{YB}	171, 51, 51
Decimal	11219763
CIE _{Lab}	40.00, 48.69, 28.34
CIE _{LCh}	40, 56.333, 30.203
Yxy	11.2510, 0.5438, 0.3297
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289409843 (0xFFAB3333)
YUV	86.8800, -17.6888, 73.7732
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 40.0553, 15.8440

Details

The CIELCh color **40, 56.333, 30.203** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **64, 33.281, 196.679**, and the grayscale version is **37, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60, 56.234, 29.994**, and **22, 53.237, 34.591** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 64.676, 33.607**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43, 47.544, 27.320**.

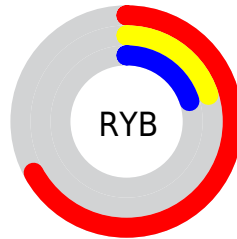
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (20%)

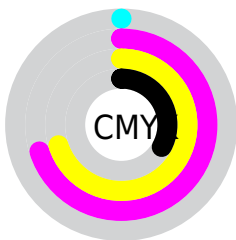
Blue (20%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (20%)

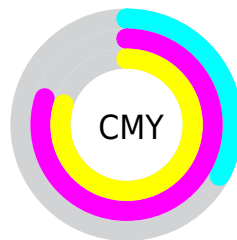


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (70%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 56.333, 30.203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 56.333, 30.203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 40, 56.333, 30.203

 40, 56.333, 30.203

 100, 56.333,
30.203

 30, 56.333, 30.203

 60, 56.333, 30.203

 20, 56.333, 30.203

 70, 56.333, 30.203

 10, 56.333, 30.203

 80, 56.333, 30.203

 0, 56.333, 30.203

 90, 56.333, 30.203

 40, 56.333, 30.203

 40, 56.333, 30.203

 38, 64.676, 33.607

 43, 47.544, 27.320

 36, 71.901, 37.069

 47, 38.694, 25.022

35, 77.375, 39.898

51, 30.050, 23.243

55, 21.798, 21.875

60, 14.041, 20.818

65, 6.819, 19.974

70, 0.127, 15.563

75, 6.067, 199.004

80, 11.807,
198.572

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 56.333, 30.203



64, 33.281, 196.679

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 56.333, 30.203



40, 56.333, 80.203



40, 56.333, 210.203



40, 56.333, 260.203

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 56.331, 30.206



76, 18.131, 20.929



44, 73.614, 327.210



39, 12.497, 21.194



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 56.331, 30.206



48, 83.464, 35.485



52, 45.862, 65.033



34, 3.818, 19.905



31, 69.980, 39.444



2, 7.802, 19.401

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 56.331, 30.206



48, 83.464, 35.485



46, 36.790, 269.363



34, 3.818, 19.905



31, 69.980, 39.444



2, 7.802, 19.401

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 56.333, 30.203 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 56.333, 30.203 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 56.333, 30.203

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 56.333, 30.203.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 56.333, 30.203.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 56.333, 30.203

Protanopia

40, 17.281, 95.114

Deuteranopia

40, 31.309, 80.378



Tritanopia
40, 55.844, 29.107

Trichromacy



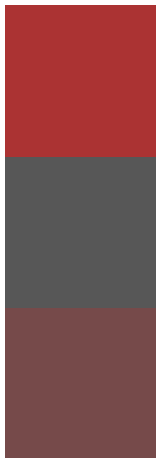
Original Color
40, 56.333, 30.203

Protanomaly
39, 26.696, 46.065

Deuteranomaly
39, 36.382, 50.780

Tritanomaly
40, 56.086, 29.659

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 56.333, 30.203

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 20.299, 22.637

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 56.333, 30.203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 51, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 51, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 51, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 51, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 56.333, 30.203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 51, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 51, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 51, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 51, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 51, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 51,  
51) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 56.333, 30.203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 51, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171, 51,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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