

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 6.212, 31.517)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 6.212, 31.517) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 6.210, 31.386)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	695B59
RGB	105, 91, 89
RGB Percent	41%, 36%, 35%
CMY	0.5875, 0.6424, 0.6503
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.15, 0.59
HSL	8°, 8%, 38%
HSV	8°, 15%, 41%
XYZ	11.4139, 11.2510, 11.0601
YIQ	94.9580, 8.9860, 2.3460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

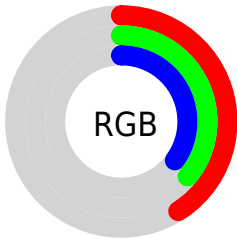
Format	Color
R_{YB}	105, 91, 89
Decimal	6904665
CIE Lab	40.00, 5.30, 3.23
CIE LCh	40, 6.210, 31.386
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3384, 0.3336
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285094745 (0xFF695B59)
YUV	94.9580, -2.9373, 8.8068
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 2.0410, 3.9297

Details

The CIELCh color $40, 6.210, 31.386$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43, 5.648, 211.193$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 6.087, 30.542$, and $20, 6.454, 26.726$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37, 10.702, 31.752$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43, 2.047, 31.086$.

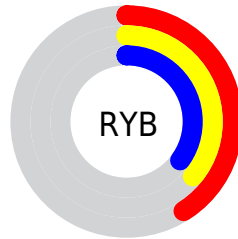
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (36%)

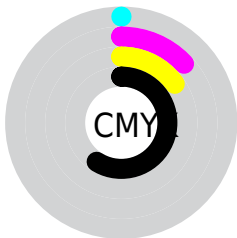
Blue (35%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (35%)

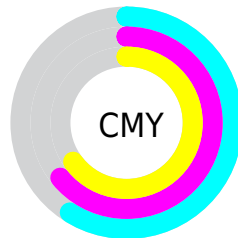


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (59%)












Magenta (64%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 6.210, 31.386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 6.210, 31.386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 40, 6.210, 31.386	 40, 6.210, 31.386
 100, 6.210, 31.386	 30, 6.210, 31.386
 60, 6.210, 31.386	 20, 6.210, 31.386
 70, 6.210, 31.386	 10, 6.210, 31.386
 80, 6.210, 31.386	 0, 6.210, 31.386
 90, 6.210, 31.386	

 40, 6.210, 31.386	 40, 6.210, 31.386
 37, 10.702, 31.752	 43, 2.047, 31.086
 34, 15.541, 32.261	 46, 1.808, 211.349
 32, 20.727, 32.979	 49, 5.385, 211.199

■ 29, 26.234, 33.956

■ 52, 8.713, 211.209

■ 27, 32.001, 35.234

■ 55, 11.820,
211.276

■ 25, 37.906, 36.818

■ 58, 14.731,
211.379

■ 23, 43.693, 38.570

■ 22, 48.207, 39.242

■ 61, 17.469,
211.507

■ 21, 50.083, 39.705

■ 64, 20.056,
211.653

■ 67, 22.510,
211.811

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 6.210, 31.386



43, 5.648, 211.193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 6.210, 31.386



40, 6.210, 81.386



40, 6.210, 211.386



40, 6.210, 261.386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 6.209, 31.399



56, 2.447, 31.082



40, 10.887, 328.605



28, 1.660, 31.105



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 6.209, 31.399



51, 9.282, 31.502



42, 6.499, 85.072



21, 2.271, 31.220



24, 55.187, 40.505



52, 99.259, 41.342

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 5.648, 211.193



55, 8.258, 211.199



40, 6.427, 268.923



22, 2.151, 211.233



39, 24.820, 218.340



79, 42.561, 219.824

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 6.210, 31.386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 6.210, 31.386 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

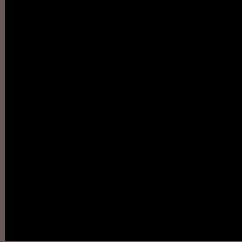
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 6.210, 31.386

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 6.210, 31.386.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 6.210, 31.386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


40, 6.210, 31.386

Protanopia

40, 2.215, 74.625

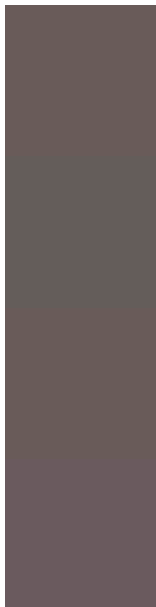
Deuteranopia

40, 6.210, 31.386



Tritanopia
40, 7.998, 348.418

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 6.210, 31.386

Protanomaly
40, 3.511, 50.865

Deuteranomaly
40, 6.210, 31.386

Tritanomaly
40, 7.256, 0.878

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 6.210, 31.386

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 2.202, 35.509

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 6.210, 31.386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 91, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 91, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 91, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 91, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 6.210, 31.386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 91, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 91, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 91, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 91, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 91, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 91,  
89) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 6.210, 31.386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 91, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105, 91,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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