

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 6.373, 291.437)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 6.373, 291.437) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 6.718, 291.210)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D5D68
RGB	93, 93, 104
RGB Percent	36%, 36%, 41%
CMY	0.6338, 0.6338, 0.5906
CMYK	0.11, 0.11, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	240°, 6%, 39%
HSV	240°, 11%, 41%
XYZ	11.0200, 11.2510, 14.7923
YIQ	94.2540, -3.5310, 3.4210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

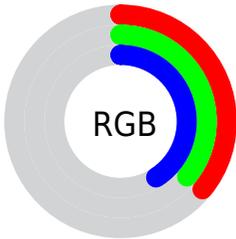
Format	Color
RYB	93, 93, 104
Decimal	6118760
CIELab	40.00, 2.43, -6.26
CIELCh	40, 6.718, 291.210
Yxy	11.2510, 0.2973, 0.3036
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284308840 (0xFF5D5D68)
YUV	94.2540, 4.8048, -1.0998
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, -0.0551, -2.6672

Details

The CIELCh color $40, 6.718, 291.210$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $44, 6.564, 109.219$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 6.790, 290.952$, and $20, 6.828, 291.802$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $36, 13.337, 292.342$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44, 0.346, 290.340$.

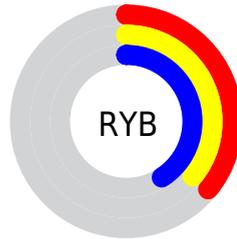
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (36%)

Blue (41%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (41%)

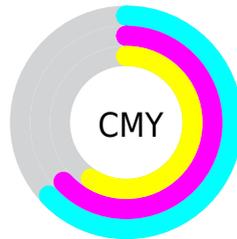


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 6.718, 291.210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 6.718, 291.210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40, 6.718, 291.210

■ 40, 6.718, 291.210

■ 100, 6.718,
291.210

■ 30, 6.718, 291.210

■ 60, 6.718, 291.210

■ 20, 6.718, 291.210

■ 70, 6.718, 291.210

■ 10, 6.718, 291.210

■ 80, 6.718, 291.210

■ 0, 6.718, 291.210

■ 90, 6.718, 291.210

■ 40, 6.718, 291.210

■ 40, 6.718, 291.210

■ 36, 13.337,
292.342

■ 44, 0.346, 290.340

■ 32, 20.224,

■ 48, 5.794, 109.382

293.670

52, 11.719,
108.668

28, 27.394,
295.212

56, 17.444,
108.051

24, 34.840,
296.975

59, 22.983,
107.516

20, 42.510,
298.937

63, 28.346,
107.052

17, 50.226,
301.018

67, 33.545,
106.646

14, 57.570,
303.046

71, 38.590,
106.291

11, 63.773,
304.758

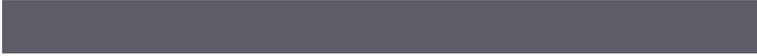
74, 43.490,
105.978

9, 69.404, 306.286

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



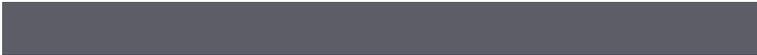
40, 6.718, 291.210



44, 6.564, 109.219

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 6.718, 291.210



40, 6.718, 341.210



40, 6.718, 111.210



40, 6.718, 161.210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 6.717, 291.205



55, 2.335, 290.478



43, 4.428, 197.512



28, 1.785, 290.539



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

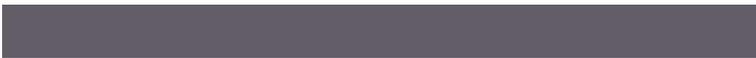
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 6.717, 291.205



50, 10.291, 291.507



40, 7.075, 308.926



19, 3.498, 291.035



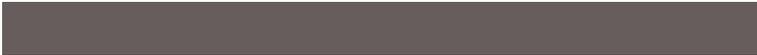
11, 74.220, 306.286



30, 128.715, 306.287

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 4.706, 19.963



51, 7.248, 20.175



43, 6.972, 128.050



19, 2.443, 19.840



22, 55.895, 37.348



51, 100.589, 39.998

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 6.718, 291.210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 6.718, 291.210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

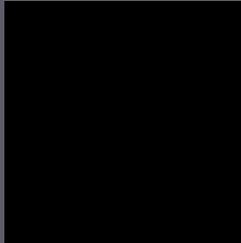
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

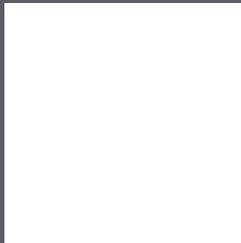
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 6.718, 291.210

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 6.718, 291.210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 6.718, 291.210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 6.718, 291.210

Protanopia

40, 6.103, 287.347

Deuteranopia

40, 8.333, 308.255



Tritanopia
40, 4.282, 285.400

Trichromacy



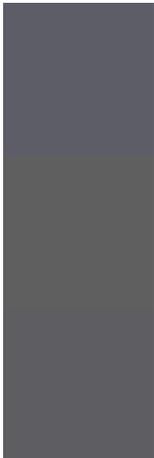
Original Color
40, 6.718, 291.210

Protanomaly
40, 6.103, 287.347

Deuteranomaly
40, 7.441, 300.612

Tritanomaly
40, 4.888, 286.187

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 6.718, 291.210

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 2.442, 290.567

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 6.718, 291.210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 93, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 93, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 93, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 93, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 6.718, 291.210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 93, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 93, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 93, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 93, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 93, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 93,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 6.718, 291.210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 93, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 93,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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