

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 6.416, 303.797)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 6.416, 303.797) contains.

CIELCh(40, 6.242, 302.337)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(40, 6.242, 302.337)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	605D67
RGB	96, 93, 103
RGB Percent	38%, 36%, 40%
CMY	0.6242, 0.6360, 0.5968
CMYK	0.07, 0.10, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	258°, 5%, 38%
HSV	258°, 10%, 40%
XYZ	11.1436, 11.2510, 14.3695
YIQ	95.0370, -1.4220, 3.7460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

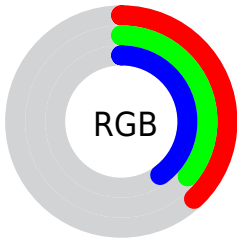
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 93, 103
Decimal	6315367
CIE _{Lab}	40.00, 3.34, -5.27
CIE _{LCh}	40, 6.242, 302.337
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3031, 0.3060
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284505447 (0xFF605D67)
YUV	95.0370, 3.9258, 0.8446
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 0.6028, -1.9200

Details

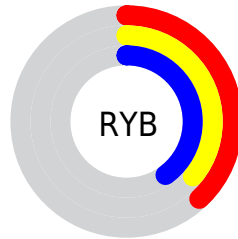
The CIELCh color $40, 6.242, 302.337$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43, 6.128, 121.284$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 6.424, 304.528$, and $20, 6.303, 303.835$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $36, 12.870, 302.964$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44, 0.170, 121.958$.

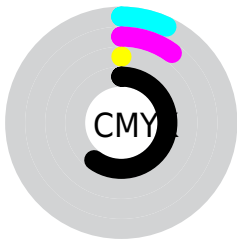
Distribution



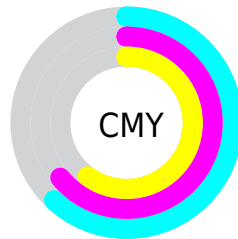
- Red (38%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 6.242, 302.337 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 6.242, 302.337 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40, 6.242, 302.337

■ 40, 6.242, 302.337

■ 100, 6.242,
302.337

■ 30, 6.242, 302.337

■ 60, 6.242, 302.337

■ 20, 6.242, 302.337

■ 70, 6.242, 302.337

■ 10, 6.242, 302.337

■ 80, 6.242, 302.337

■ 0, 6.242, 302.337

■ 90, 6.242, 302.337

■ 40, 6.242, 302.337

■ 40, 6.242, 302.337

■ 36, 12.870,
302.964

■ 44, 0.170, 121.958

■ 33, 19.715,

■ 47, 6.369, 121.300

303.669

51, 12.364,
120.872

29, 26.761,
304.447

54, 18.167,
120.501

26, 33.962,
305.287

58, 23.789,
120.179

22, 41.221,
306.160

61, 29.239,
119.900

19, 48.348,
307.012

65, 34.529,
119.658

16, 55.007,
307.753

68, 39.668,
119.450

13, 60.685,
308.249

72, 44.665,
119.271

11, 66.035,
308.817

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 6.242, 302.337



43, 6.128, 121.284

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 6.242, 302.337



40, 6.242, 352.337



40, 6.242, 122.337



40, 6.242, 172.337

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 6.241, 302.333



54, 2.352, 301.946



42, 3.328, 230.205



27, 1.770, 301.986



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 6.241, 302.333



50, 9.534, 302.491



40, 6.916, 318.689



19, 3.576, 302.285



13, 71.663, 308.720



34, 125.163, 308.173

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 5.977, 334.868



51, 9.110, 335.048



43, 6.876, 137.915



20, 3.427, 334.812



24, 51.615, 343.973



54, 88.512, 345.254

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 6.242, 302.337 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 6.242, 302.337 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

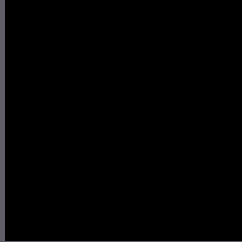
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

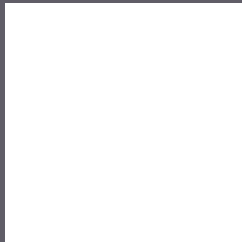
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 6.242, 302.337

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 6.242, 302.337.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 6.242, 302.337.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


40, 6.242, 302.337

Protanopia

40, 5.496, 286.821

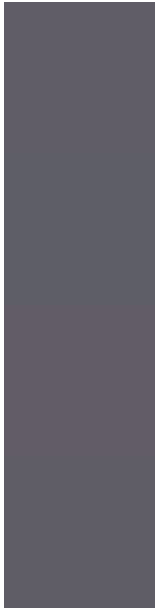
Deuteranopia

40, 7.330, 314.088



Tritanopia
40, 4.965, 300.380

Trichromacy



Original Color

40, 6.242, 302.337

Protanomaly

40, 5.487, 291.020

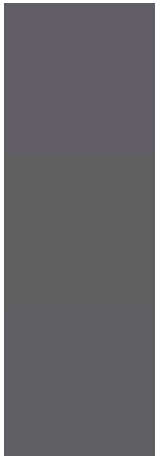
Deuteranomaly

40, 7.179, 311.062

Tritanomaly

40, 5.568, 299.406

Monochromacy



Original Color

40, 6.242, 302.337

Achromatopsia

40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

40, 2.482, 300.140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 6.242, 302.337 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 93, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 93, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 93, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 93, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 6.242, 302.337 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 93, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 93, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 93, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 93, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 93, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 93,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 6.242, 302.337 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 93, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 93,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor