

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 64.344, 301.153)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 64.344, 301.153)
contains.

CIELCh(40, 64.101, 301.236)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(40, 64.101, 301.236)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A4FB9
RGB	90, 79, 185
RGB Percent	35%, 31%, 73%
CMY	0.6474, 0.6905, 0.2748
CMYK	0.51, 0.57, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	246°, 43%, 52%
HSV	246°, 57%, 73%
XYZ	15.7479, 11.2510, 47.1963
YIQ	94.3730, -27.4700, 35.2980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

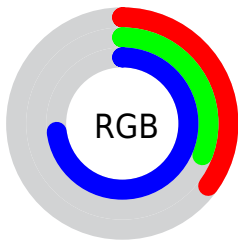
Format	Color
R_{YB}	90, 79, 185
Decimal	5918649
CIE _{Lab}	40.00, 33.24, -54.81
CIE _{LCh}	40, 64.101, 301.236
Yxy	11.2510, 0.2123, 0.1516
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284108729 (0xFF5A4FB9)
YUV	94.3730, 44.6791, -3.8351
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 25.1051, -59.9450

Details

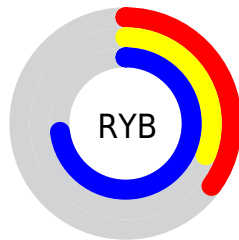
The CIELCh color $40, 64.101, 301.236$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $6666CC$. A complement of this color would be $72, 54.642, 109.851$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 63.925, 301.221$, and $20, 64.042, 301.143$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $34, 76.184, 302.906$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46, 52.008, 299.640$.

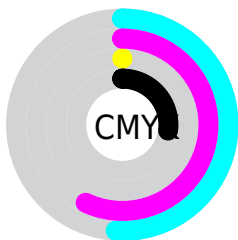
Distribution



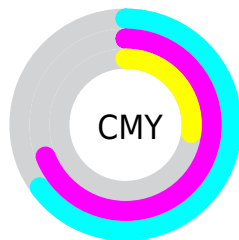
- Red (35%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)





- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 64.101, 301.236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 64.101, 301.236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 40, 64.101,
301.236


 40, 64.101,
301.236


 100, 64.101,
301.236

 30, 64.101,
301.236

 60, 64.101,
301.236

 20, 64.101,
301.236

 70, 64.101,
301.236


 10, 64.101,
301.236

 80, 64.101,
301.236

 0, 64.101, 301.236

 90, 64.101,
301.236

 40, 64.101,

 40, 64.101,

301.236

■ 34, 76.184,
302.906

■ 29, 87.559,
304.491

■ 26, 96.989,
305.745

■ 23, 103.138,
306.448

■ 22, 104.527,
306.633

301.236

■ 46, 52.008,
299.640

■ 52, 40.221,
298.191

■ 58, 28.852,
296.916


■ 64, 17.926,
295.811

■ 71, 7.429, 294.863

■ 77, 2.661, 114.037

■ 83, 12.373,
113.347

■ 89, 21.733,
112.751

 95, 30.765,
112.239

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 64.101, 301.236



72, 54.642, 109.851

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 64.101, 301.236



40, 64.101, 351.236



40, 64.101, 121.236



40, 64.101, 171.236

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 64.101, 301.237



82, 21.727, 295.807



66, 28.498, 209.250



42, 14.582, 296.013



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 64.101, 301.237



43, 96.576, 303.370



45, 64.623, 314.953



36, 5.741, 295.042



18, 91.905, 306.690



1, 15.417, 293.298

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 62.903, 330.680



61, 88.781, 331.360



69, 60.749, 129.873



36, 6.436, 327.893



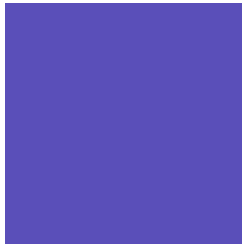
36, 73.728, 332.776



3, 16.931, 329.100

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 64.101, 301.236 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 64.101, 301.236 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

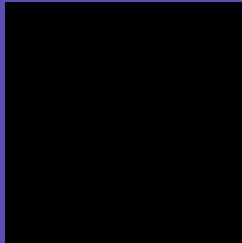
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 64.101, 301.236

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 64.101, 301.236.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 64.101, 301.236.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 64.101, 301.236

Protanopia

40, 62.161, 286.885

Deuteranopia

40, 45.407, 275.734



Tritanopia
40, 13.070, 220.117

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 64.101, 301.236

Protanomaly
39, 62.707, 289.802

Deuteranomaly
39, 51.717, 284.543

Tritanomaly
39, 27.189, 282.502

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 64.101, 301.236

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 23.332, 297.170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 64.101, 301.236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 79, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 79, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 79, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 79, 185) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 64.101, 301.236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 79, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 79, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 79, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 79, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 79, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 79,  
185) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 64.101, 301.236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 79, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 79,  
185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor