

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 7.577, 303.143)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 7.577, 303.143) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 8.130, 302.779)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	605C69
RGB	96, 92, 105
RGB Percent	38%, 36%, 41%
CMY	0.6221, 0.6378, 0.5868
CMYK	0.09, 0.12, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	258°, 7%, 39%
HSV	258°, 12%, 41%
XYZ	11.2894, 11.2510, 15.0408
YIQ	94.6780, -1.7890, 4.8910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

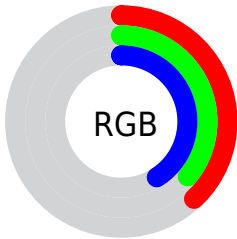
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 92, 105
Decimal	6315113
CIE _{Lab}	40.00, 4.40, -6.84
CIE _{LCh}	40, 8.130, 302.779
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3004, 0.2994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284505193 (0xFF605C69)
YUV	94.6780, 5.0887, 1.1594
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 1.3787, -3.1065

Details

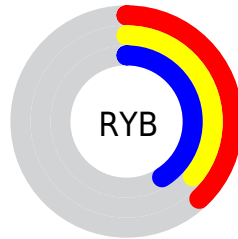
The CIELCh color $40, 8.130, 302.779$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $44, 7.949, 121.439$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 8.172, 304.395$, and $20, 8.414, 304.097$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $36, 14.957, 303.419$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44, 1.522, 302.191$.

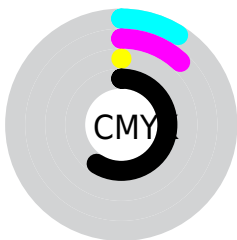
Distribution



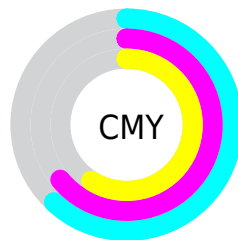
- Red (38%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 8.130, 302.779 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 8.130, 302.779 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40, 8.130, 302.779

■ 40, 8.130, 302.779

■ 100, 8.130,
302.779

■ 30, 8.130, 302.779

■ 60, 8.130, 302.779

■ 20, 8.130, 302.779

■ 70, 8.130, 302.779

■ 10, 8.130, 302.779

■ 80, 8.130, 302.779

■ 0, 8.130, 302.779

■ 90, 8.130, 302.779

■ 40, 8.130, 302.779

■ 40, 8.130, 302.779

■ 36, 14.957,
303.419

■ 44, 1.522, 302.191

■ 33, 22.003,

■ 47, 4.866, 121.720

304.134

51, 11.044,
121.279

29, 29.241,
304.919

55, 17.023,
120.897

25, 36.613,
305.756

58, 22.813,
120.566

22, 43.996,
306.612

62, 28.426,
120.279

19, 51.156,
307.422

65, 33.871,
120.031

16, 57.701,
308.084

69, 39.160,
119.817

13, 63.110,
308.474

72, 44.301,
119.633

12, 67.283,
308.923

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 8.130, 302.779



44, 7.949, 121.439

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 8.130, 302.779



40, 8.130, 352.779



40, 8.130, 122.779



40, 8.130, 172.779

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 8.129, 302.776



56, 3.241, 302.296



42, 4.283, 232.527



28, 2.288, 302.330



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 8.129, 302.776



50, 12.367, 302.967



41, 9.022, 319.310



20, 3.730, 302.576



14, 72.717, 308.805



34, 126.000, 308.268

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 7.716, 335.373



52, 11.704, 335.588



43, 8.966, 138.281



21, 3.551, 335.139



25, 52.155, 344.566



54, 88.768, 345.861

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 8.130, 302.779 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 8.130, 302.779 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

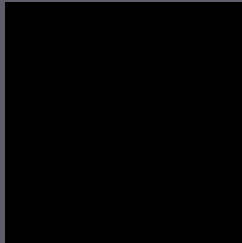
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 8.130, 302.779

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 8.130, 302.779.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 8.130, 302.779.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 8.130, 302.779

Protanopia

40, 7.343, 285.097

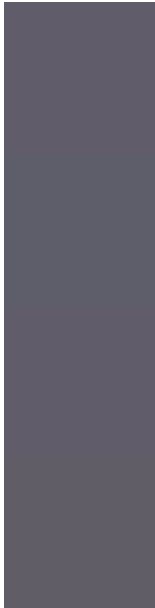
Deuteranopia

40, 8.333, 308.255



Tritanopia
40, 5.053, 304.963

Trichromacy



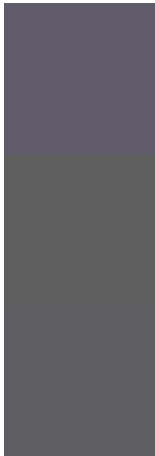
Original Color
40, 8.130, 302.779

Protanomaly
40, 7.953, 294.259

Deuteranomaly
40, 8.223, 305.544

Tritanomaly
40, 6.242, 302.337

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 8.130, 302.779

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 3.084, 298.316

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 8.130, 302.779 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 92, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 92, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 92, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 92, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 8.130, 302.779 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 92, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 92, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 92, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 92, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 92, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 92,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 8.130, 302.779 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 92, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 92,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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