

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 8.808, 288.515)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 8.808, 288.515) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 9.158, 289.119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C5D6C
RGB	92, 93, 108
RGB Percent	36%, 36%, 42%
CMY	0.6382, 0.6343, 0.5754
CMYK	0.15, 0.14, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	236°, 8%, 39%
HSV	236°, 15%, 42%
XYZ	11.0973, 11.2510, 15.8480
YIQ	94.4110, -5.4110, 4.4530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

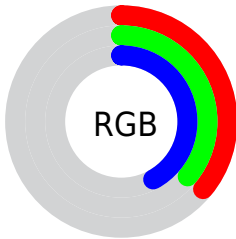
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 93, 108
Decimal	6053228
CIE Lab	40.00, 3.00, -8.65
CIE LCh	40, 9.158, 289.119
Yxy	11.2510, 0.2905, 0.2946
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284243308 (0xFF5C5D6C)
YUV	94.4110, 6.6994, -2.1144
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 0.3564, -4.5333

Details

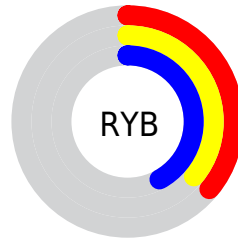
The CIELCh color **40, 9.158, 289.119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **45, 8.907, 106.133**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60, 9.052, 288.857**, and **20, 9.552, 289.909** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 15.631, 290.385**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44, 2.915, 288.037**.

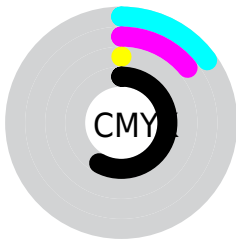
Distribution



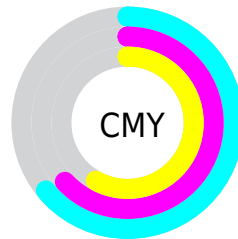
- Red (36%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 9.158, 289.119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 9.158, 289.119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40, 9.158, 289.119

■ 40, 9.158, 289.119

■ 100, 9.158,
289.119

■ 30, 9.158, 289.119

■ 60, 9.158, 289.119

■ 20, 9.158, 289.119

■ 70, 9.158, 289.119

■ 10, 9.158, 289.119

■ 80, 9.158, 289.119

■ 0, 9.158, 289.119

■ 90, 9.158, 289.119

■ 40, 9.158, 289.119

■ 40, 9.158, 289.119

■ 36, 15.631,
290.385

■ 44, 2.915, 288.037

■ 32, 22.354,

■ 48, 3.112, 107.061

291.864

52, 8.939, 106.265

28, 29.342,
293.576

55, 14.580,
105.567

24, 36.594,
295.527

59, 20.046,
104.960

21, 44.061,
297.693

63, 25.348,
104.429

17, 51.583,
299.987

67, 30.494,
103.963

14, 58.776,
302.237

70, 35.494,
103.552

12, 64.963,
304.151

74, 40.356,
103.187

11, 67.725,
304.888

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 9.158, 289.119



45, 8.907, 106.133

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 9.158, 289.119



40, 9.158, 339.119



40, 9.158, 109.119



40, 9.158, 159.119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 9.157, 289.116



56, 3.012, 287.973



44, 6.391, 192.947



29, 2.159, 288.031



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 9.157, 289.116



50, 13.878, 289.562



40, 10.188, 307.391



20, 3.415, 288.463



12, 72.004, 305.008



32, 127.147, 305.731

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 6.909, 15.301



51, 10.530, 15.649



45, 9.967, 126.048



21, 2.552, 14.783



23, 55.337, 35.077



51, 98.928, 38.164

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 9.158, 289.119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 9.158, 289.119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

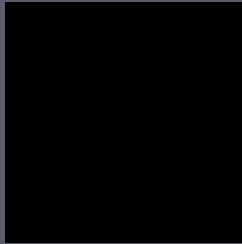
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

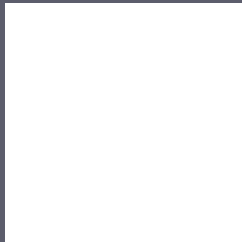
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 9.158, 289.119

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 9.158, 289.119.

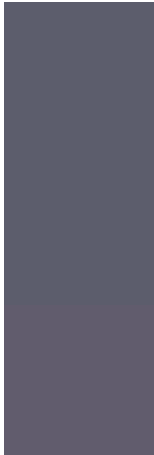


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 9.158, 289.119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 9.158, 289.119

Protanopia

40, 9.158, 289.119

Deuteranopia

40, 10.601, 302.494



Tritanopia
40, 5.004, 276.976

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 9.158, 289.119

Protanomaly
40, 9.158, 289.119

Deuteranomaly
40, 10.476, 298.227

Tritanomaly
40, 6.191, 279.971

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 9.158, 289.119

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 3.660, 290.747

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 9.158, 289.119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 93, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 93, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 93, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 93, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 9.158, 289.119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 93, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 93, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 93, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 93, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 93, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 93,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 9.158, 289.119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 93, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 93,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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