

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 8.892, 20.242)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 8.892, 20.242) contains.

CIELCh(40, 9.167, 16.889)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(40, 9.167, 16.889)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E595A
RGB	110, 89, 90
RGB Percent	43%, 35%, 35%
CMY	0.5678, 0.6501, 0.6462
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.18, 0.57
HSL	357°, 11%, 39%
HSV	357°, 19%, 43%
XYZ	11.9024, 11.2510, 11.2644
YIQ	95.3930, 12.1950, 4.7630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

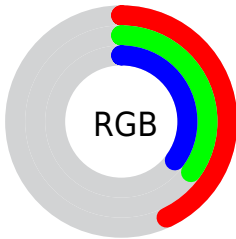
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 89, 90
Decimal	7231834
CIE Lab	40.00, 8.77, 2.66
CIE LCh	40, 9.167, 16.889
Yxy	11.2510, 0.3458, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285421914 (0xFF6E595A)
YUV	95.3930, -2.6587, 12.8103
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 4.6407, 3.5687

Details

The CIELCh color $40, 9.167, 16.889$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $45, 8.236, 194.315$, and the grayscale version is $41, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60, 9.222, 16.818$, and $20, 9.425, 13.375$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37, 14.446, 17.959$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43, 4.210, 16.008$.

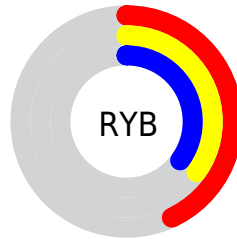
Distribution



 Red (43%)

 Green (35%)

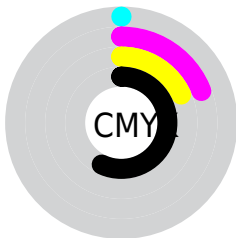
 Blue (35%)



 Red (43%)

 Yellow (35%)

 Blue (35%)

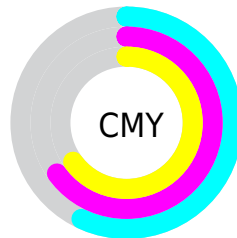


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (19%)

 Yellow (18%)

 Black (57%)



 Cyan (57%)

 Magenta (65%)

 Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 9.167, 16.889 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 9.167, 16.889 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 40, 9.167, 16.889  40, 9.167, 16.889

 100, 9.167, 16.889  30, 9.167, 16.889

 60, 9.167, 16.889  20, 9.167, 16.889

 70, 9.167, 16.889  10, 9.167, 16.889


 80, 9.167, 16.889  0, 9.167, 16.889

 90, 9.167, 16.889

 40, 9.167, 16.889  40, 9.167, 16.889

 37, 14.446, 17.959  43, 4.210, 16.008

 34, 20.023, 19.283  47, 0.421, 196.244

 31, 25.832, 20.958  50, 4.742, 194.912

■ 28, 31.762, 23.084

■ 54, 8.778, 194.404

■ 26, 37.658, 25.759

■ 57, 12.555,
193.990

■ 24, 43.332, 29.030

■ 61, 16.100,
193.640

■ 22, 48.539, 32.730

■ 21, 52.516, 34.892

■ 64, 19.441,
193.338

■ 21, 52.871, 35.025

■ 68, 22.600,
193.075

■ 72, 25.599,
192.844

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 9.167, 16.889



45, 8.236, 194.315

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 9.167, 16.889



40, 9.167, 66.889



40, 9.167, 196.889



40, 9.167, 246.889

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 9.166, 16.896



57, 3.414, 15.754



41, 15.145, 324.016



29, 2.252, 15.794



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 9.166, 16.896



50, 13.889, 17.352



43, 7.615, 67.726



22, 2.652, 16.005



24, 56.726, 35.902



52, 100.360, 38.665

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 9.166, 16.896



50, 13.889, 17.352



42, 7.157, 252.250



22, 2.652, 16.005



24, 56.726, 35.902



52, 100.360, 38.665

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 9.167, 16.889 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 40, 9.167, 16.889 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

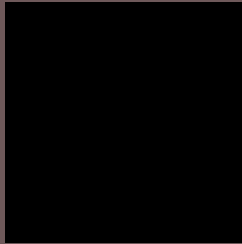
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 9.167, 16.889

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 9.167, 16.889.

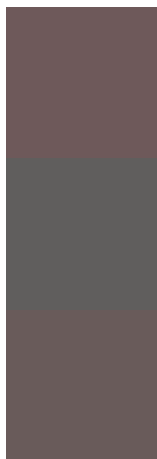


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 9.167, 16.889.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


40, 9.167, 16.889

Protanopia

40, 1.032, 55.191

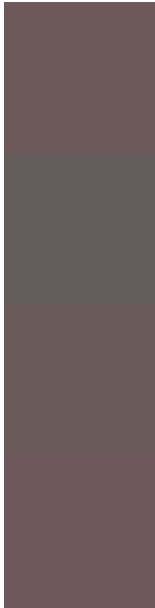
Deuteranopia

40, 6.096, 25.861



Tritanopia
40, 10.704, 357.633

Trichromacy



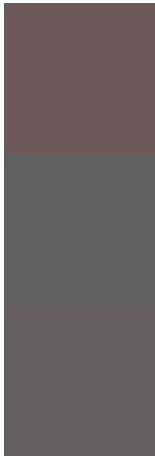
Original Color
40, 9.167, 16.889

Protanomaly
40, 3.846, 19.843

Deuteranomaly
40, 7.383, 20.381

Tritanomaly
40, 10.354, 3.912

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 9.167, 16.889

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 2.970, 19.692

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 9.167, 16.889 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 89, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 89, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 89, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 89, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 9.167, 16.889 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 89, 90) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 89, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 89, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 89, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 89, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 89,  
90) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 9.167, 16.889 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 89, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 89,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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