

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 83.804, 138.233)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 83.804, 138.233)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(41, 66.127, 136.016)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 007100 |
| RGB | 0, 113, 0 |
| RGB Percent | 0%, 44%, 0% |
| CMY | 1.0000, 0.5557, 1.0000 |
| CMYK | 1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.56 |
| HSL | 120°, 100%, 22% |
| HSV | 120°, 100%, 44% |
| XYZ | 5.9121, 11.8645, 1.9530 |
| YIQ | 66.3310, -31.0750, -59.0990 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

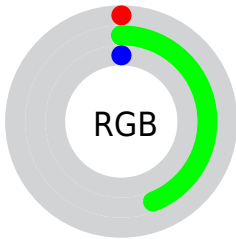
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 0, 113, 113 |
| Decimal | 28928 |
| CIELab | 41.00, -47.58, 45.92 |
| CIELCh | 41, 66.127, 136.016 |
| Yxy | 11.8645, 0.2997, 0.6014 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278219008 (0xFF007100) |
| YUV | 66.3310, -32.7012, -58.1723 |
| Hunter-Lab | 34.4449, -29.6411, 20.7497 |

Details

The CIELCh color **41, 66.127, 136.016** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **26, 63.525, 328.233**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 65.717, 136.145**, and **22, 43.432, 136.854** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 65.840, 136.016**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41, 62.943, 136.683**.

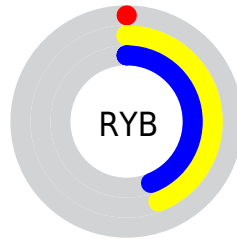
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (44%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (44%)

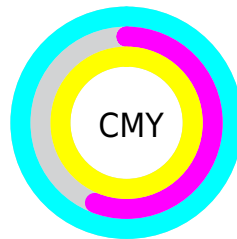


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (56%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 66.127, 136.016 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 66.127, 136.016 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 41, 66.127,
136.016


 41, 66.127,
136.016


 100, 66.127,
136.016


 31, 66.127,
136.016

 61, 66.127,
136.016


 21, 66.127,
136.016

 71, 66.127,
136.016


 11, 66.127,
136.016


 81, 66.127,
136.016

 1, 66.127, 136.016

 91, 66.127,
136.016

 0, 66.127, 136.016

 41, 66.127,

 41, 66.127,

136.016

136.016

■ 41, 65.840,
136.016

■ 41, 62.943,
136.683

■ 41, 59.178,
137.490

■ 42, 53.992,
138.496

■ 42, 47.676,
139.575

■ 43, 40.526,
140.631

■ 44, 32.806,
141.608

■ 44, 24.734,
142.479

■ 45, 16.489,
143.241

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 66.127, 136.016



26, 63.525, 328.233

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 66.127, 136.016



41, 66.127, 186.016



41, 66.127, 316.016



41, 66.127, 6.016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 65.840, 136.016



57, 30.764, 142.414



46, 53.269, 102.852



29, 20.829, 142.143



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 65.840, 136.016



53, 79.799, 136.016



41, 47.869, 150.240



23, 4.576, 143.967



43, 68.534, 136.016



85, 117.046, 136.016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 63.525, 328.233



35, 76.993, 328.233



23, 46.775, 359.990



22, 4.583, 324.885



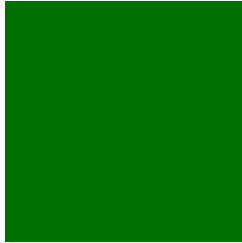
28, 66.124, 328.233



59, 112.931, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 66.127, 136.016 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

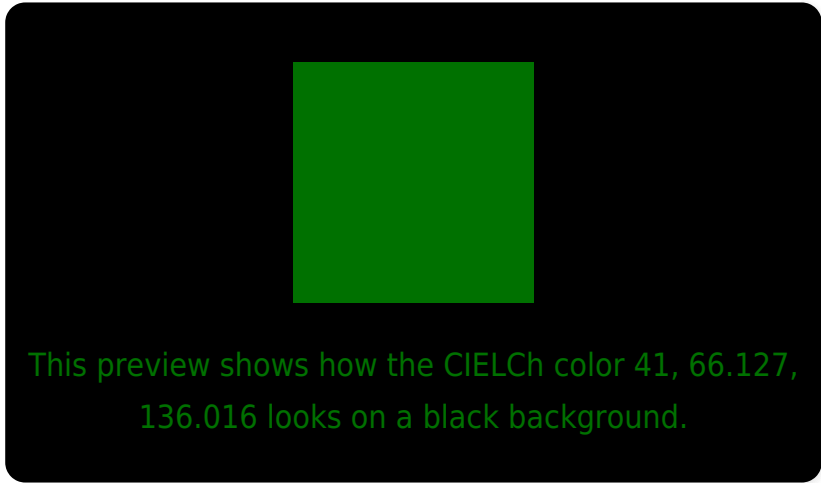
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

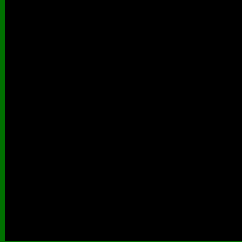
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 66.127, 136.016

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 66.127, 136.016.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 66.127, 136.016.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41, 65.714, 136.016

Protanopia

41, 48.148, 95.622

Deuteranopia

41, 41.209, 82.527



Tritanopia
41, 19.085, 214.183

Trichromacy



Original Color
41, 65.714, 136.016



Protanomaly
40, 52.720, 120.482



Deuteranomaly
39, 45.951, 116.758

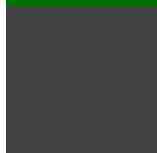


Tritanomaly
40, 34.766, 158.086

Monochromacy



Original Color
41, 65.714, 136.016



Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813



Achromatomaly
32, 31.038, 140.934

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 66.127, 136.016 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 113, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 113, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 113, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 113, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 66.127, 136.016 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 113, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 113, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 113, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 113, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 113, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 113, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 66.127, 136.016 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 113, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 113,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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