

Converting Colors

CIELCh(40, 92.400, 55.123)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(40, 92.400, 55.123) contains.

CIELCh(40, 75.233, 44.672)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(40, 75.233, 44.672)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B32900
RGB	179, 41, 0
RGB Percent	70%, 16%, 0%
CMY	0.2963, 0.8375, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.77, 1.00, 0.30
HSL	14°, 100%, 35%
HSV	14°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	19.4970, 11.2510, 1.1327
YIQ	77.5880, 95.4090, 16.5050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

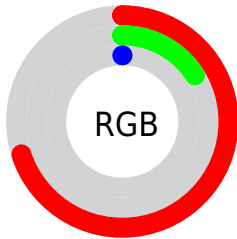
Format	Color
R _Y B	179, 53, 0
Decimal	11741440
CIE Lab	40.00, 53.50, 52.89
CIE LCh	40, 75.233, 44.672
Yxy	11.2510, 0.6116, 0.3529
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289931520 (0xFFB32900)
YUV	77.5880, -38.2509, 88.9383
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, 45.0561, 21.4776

Details

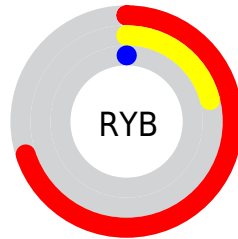
The CIELCh color **40, 75.233, 44.672** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3300**. A complement of this color would be **53, 34.467, 242.151**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60, 74.912, 44.463**, and **23, 56.829, 37.552** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40, 75.133, 44.594**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42, 68.308, 44.516**.

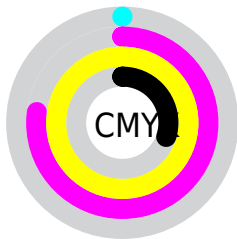
Distribution



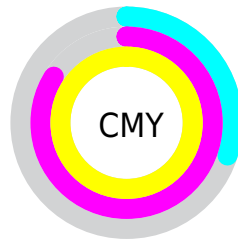
- Red (70%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 75.233, 44.672 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 75.233, 44.672 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 40, 75.233, 44.672

 40, 75.233, 44.672

 100, 75.233,
44.672

 30, 75.233, 44.672

 60, 75.233, 44.672

 20, 75.233, 44.672

 70, 75.233, 44.672

 10, 75.233, 44.672

 80, 75.233, 44.672

 0, 75.233, 44.672

 90, 75.233, 44.672

 40, 75.233, 44.672

 40, 75.233, 44.672

 40, 75.133, 44.594

 42, 68.308, 44.516

 44, 60.120, 44.117

■ 47, 51.283, 43.492

■ 50, 42.507, 42.946

■ 54, 34.107, 42.578

■ 57, 26.215, 42.399

■ 61, 18.874, 42.389

■ 65, 12.080, 42.512

■ 69, 5.802, 42.716

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 75.233, 44.672



53, 34.467, 242.151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 75.233, 44.672



40, 75.233, 94.672



40, 75.233, 224.672



40, 75.233, 274.672

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 75.133, 44.594



77, 23.310, 42.386



40, 75.114, 339.160



39, 16.308, 42.375



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 75.133, 44.594



52, 91.614, 44.143



57, 63.839, 80.395



36, 3.263, 42.730



34, 66.421, 44.875



3, 7.858, 36.995

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 34.467, 242.151



68, 41.927, 242.969



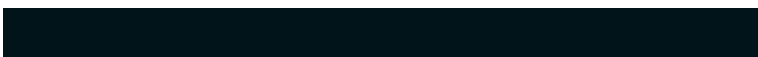
28, 80.824, 299.083



37, 3.087, 223.622



46, 30.569, 241.543



5, 7.479, 234.089

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 75.233, 44.672 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 75.233, 44.672 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

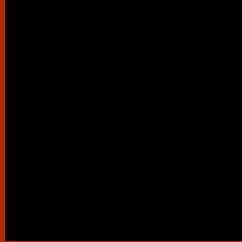
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 75.233, 44.672

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 75.233, 44.672.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 75.233, 44.672.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 75.061, 44.529

Protanopia

40, 41.622, 96.152

Deuteranopia

40, 48.291, 84.972



Tritanopia
40, 65.901, 33.056

Trichromacy



Original Color
40, 75.061, 44.529

Protanomaly
38, 47.666, 65.703

Deuteranomaly
39, 54.618, 62.622

Tritanomaly
40, 69.679, 38.517

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 75.061, 44.529

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
33, 27.250, 42.694

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 75.233, 44.672 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 41, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 41, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 41, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 41, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 75.233, 44.672 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 41, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 41, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 41, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 41, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 41, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 41, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 75.233, 44.672 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 41, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179, 41,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor