

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 0.244, 139.078)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 0.244, 139.078) contains.

CIELCh(41, 0.735, 144.596)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	19
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	22
<i>CSS Examples</i>	25

Color

CIELCh(41, 0.735, 144.596)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	606160
RGB	96, 97, 96
RGB Percent	38%, 38%, 38%
CMY	0.6238, 0.6198, 0.6238
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.62
HSL	120°, 1%, 38%
HSV	120°, 1%, 38%
XYZ	11.1946, 11.8645, 12.7513
YIQ	96.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	96, 97, 97
Decimal	6316384
CIELab	41.00, -0.60, 0.43
CIElCh	41, 0.735, 144.596
Yxy	11.8645, 0.3126, 0.3313
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284506464 (0xFF606160)
YUV	96.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, -2.2662, 2.1627

Details

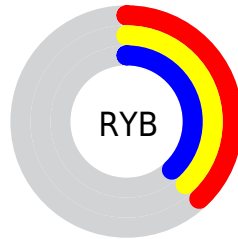
The CIELCh color $41, 0.735, 144.596$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $41, 0.746, 324.292$, and the grayscale version is $41, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61, 1.366, 144.520$, and $21, 0.821, 144.472$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40, 7.968, 143.853$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $42, 6.378, 324.841$.

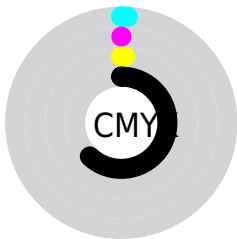
Distribution



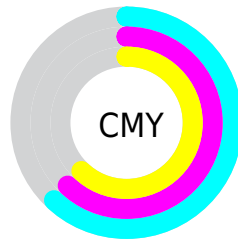
- Red (38%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 0.735, 144.596 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 0.735, 144.596 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41, 0.735, 144.596

■ 41, 0.735, 144.596

■ 100, 0.735,
144.596

■ 31, 0.735, 144.596

■ 61, 0.735, 144.596

■ 21, 0.735, 144.596

■ 71, 0.735, 144.596

■ 11, 0.735, 144.596

■ 81, 0.735, 144.596

■ 1, 0.735, 144.596

■ 91, 0.735, 144.596

■ 0, 0.735, 144.596

■ 41, 0.735, 144.596

■ 41, 0.735, 144.596

■ 40, 7.968, 143.853

■ 42, 6.378, 324.841

■ 39, 15.252,
143.196

■ 43, 13.332,
325.260

■ 38, 22.498,
142.442

■ 45, 20.096,
325.611

■ 37, 29.588,
141.583

■ 46, 26.657,
325.910

■ 37, 36.370,
140.622

■ 48, 33.006,
326.167

■ 36, 42.658,
139.585

■ 49, 39.146,
326.388

■ 36, 48.227,
138.525

■ 51, 45.081,
326.579

■ 35, 52.828,
137.532

■ 52, 50.819,
326.745

■ 35, 56.227,
136.723

■ 54, 56.369,
326.889

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 0.735, 144.596



41, 0.746, 324.292

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 0.735, 144.596



41, 0.735, 194.596



41, 0.735, 324.596



41, 0.735, 14.596

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 0.736, 144.597



52, 0.007, 296.813



41, 0.601, 110.023



27, 0.004, 296.813



77, 0.009, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 0.736, 144.597



52, 0.878, 144.598



41, 0.515, 164.038



20, 0.399, 144.639



41, 65.381, 136.017



83, 114.297, 136.016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 0.746, 324.292



52, 0.890, 324.291



41, 0.524, 343.271



20, 0.405, 324.251



26, 63.082, 328.234



57, 110.275, 328.234

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 0.735, 144.596 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 0.735, 144.596 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

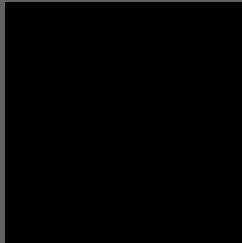
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

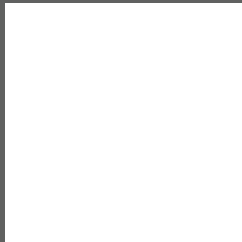
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 0.735, 144.596

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 0.735, 144.596.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 0.735, 144.596.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


41, 0.735, 144.596

Protanopia

41, 1.394, 45.026

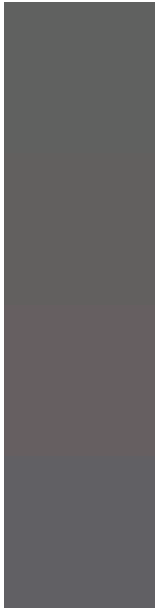
Deuteranopia

41, 5.398, 0.485



Tritanopia
41, 4.279, 296.276

Trichromacy



Original Color

41, 0.735, 144.596

Protanomaly

41, 1.028, 55.190

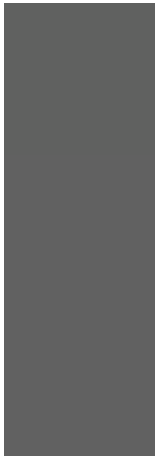
Deuteranomaly

41, 3.193, 357.467

Tritanomaly

41, 2.473, 300.135

Monochromacy



Original Color

41, 0.735, 144.596

Achromatopsia

41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

41, 0.006, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 0.735, 144.596 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 97, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 97, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 97, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 97, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 0.735, 144.596 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 97, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 97, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 97, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 97, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 97, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 97, 96)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 0.735, 144.596 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 97, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 97,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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