

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 10.663, 20.854)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 10.663, 20.854) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(41, 10.488, 20.815)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	735B5B
RGB	115, 91, 91
RGB Percent	45%, 36%, 36%
CMY	0.5493, 0.6434, 0.6434
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.21, 0.55
HSL	0°, 12%, 40%
HSV	0°, 21%, 45%
XYZ	12.6814, 11.8645, 11.5038
YIQ	98.1760, 14.3040, 5.0880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

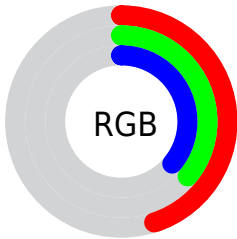
Format	Color
RYB	115, 91, 91
Decimal	7560027
CIELab	41.00, 9.80, 3.73
CIELCh	41, 10.488, 20.815
Yxy	11.8645, 0.3518, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285750107 (0xFF735B5B)
YUV	98.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 5.4386, 4.3100

Details

The CIELCh color **41, 10.488, 20.815** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **47, 9.207, 198.412**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 10.431, 20.410**, and **21, 10.417, 21.668** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 16.083, 21.835**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 5.264, 20.008**.

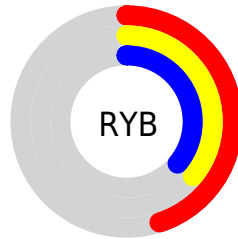
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (36%)

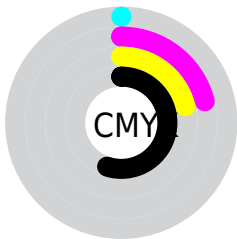
Blue (36%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (36%)

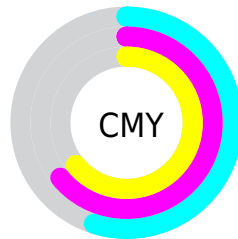


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 10.488, 20.815 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 10.488, 20.815 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41, 10.488, 20.815

■ 41, 10.488, 20.815

■ 100, 10.488,
20.815

■ 31, 10.488, 20.815

■ 61, 10.488, 20.815

■ 21, 10.488, 20.815

■ 71, 10.488, 20.815

■ 11, 10.488, 20.815

■ 81, 10.488, 20.815

■ 1, 10.488, 20.815

■ 91, 10.488, 20.815

■ 0, 10.488, 20.815

■ 41, 10.488, 20.815

■ 41, 10.488, 20.815

■ 38, 16.083, 21.835

■ 45, 5.264, 20.008

■ 34, 22.027, 23.133

■ 48, 0.411, 18.569

31, 28.252, 24.806

52, 4.094, 199.069

29, 34.638, 26.950

55, 8.279, 198.635

26, 41.013, 29.637

59, 12.176,
198.306

25, 47.139, 32.835

63, 15.819,
198.043

23, 52.321, 35.776

22, 55.969, 37.369

66, 19.238,
197.827

70, 22.459,
197.649

74, 25.507,
197.500

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 10.488, 20.815



47, 9.207, 198.412

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 10.488, 20.815



41, 10.488, 70.815



41, 10.488, 200.815



41, 10.488, 250.815

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 10.487, 20.822



60, 3.556, 19.645



42, 17.432, 325.517



31, 2.382, 19.684



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 10.487, 20.822



51, 15.934, 21.276



44, 8.889, 72.956



23, 2.750, 19.870



24, 59.041, 37.990



52, 102.986, 40.001

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 9.207, 198.412



60, 13.537, 198.190



43, 8.437, 258.274



24, 2.606, 199.032



46, 29.107, 196.398



89, 49.348, 196.399

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 10.488, 20.815 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

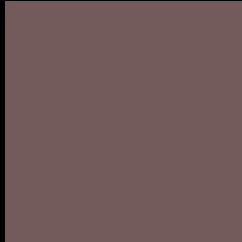
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 10.488, 20.815 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

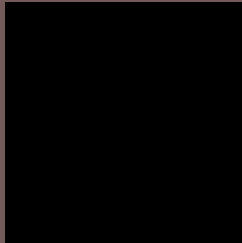
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 10.488, 20.815

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 10.488, 20.815.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 10.488, 20.815.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41, 10.488, 20.815

Protanopia

41, 1.743, 63.265

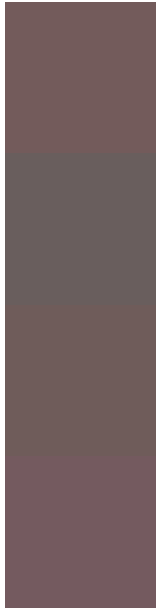
Deuteranopia

41, 7.212, 34.743



Tritanopia
41, 11.869, 0.325

Trichromacy



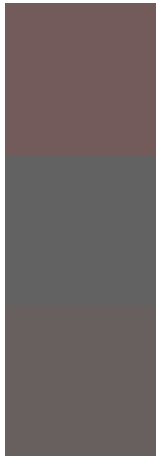
Original Color
41, 10.488, 20.815

Protanomaly
41, 4.752, 27.245

Deuteranomaly
41, 8.394, 28.696

Tritanomaly
41, 11.577, 6.006

Monochromacy



Original Color
41, 10.488, 20.815

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 3.823, 19.826

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 10.488, 20.815 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 91, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 91, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 91, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 91, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 10.488, 20.815 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 91, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 91, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 91, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 91, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 91, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 91,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 10.488, 20.815 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 91, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 91,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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