

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 10.945, 294.251)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 10.945, 294.251)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(41, 10.956, 293.842)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	605F71
RGB	96, 95, 113
RGB Percent	38%, 37%, 44%
CMY	0.6235, 0.6274, 0.5568
CMYK	0.15, 0.16, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	243°, 9%, 41%
HSV	243°, 16%, 44%
XYZ	11.8977, 11.8645, 17.2869
YIQ	97.3510, -5.1820, 5.8100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

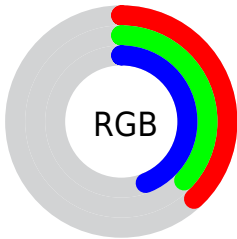
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 95, 113
Decimal	6315889
CIE Lab	41.00, 4.43, -10.02
CIE LCh	41, 10.956, 293.842
Yxy	11.8645, 0.2898, 0.2890
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284505969 (0xFF605F71)
YUV	97.3510, 7.7150, -1.1848
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 1.3777, -5.6445

Details

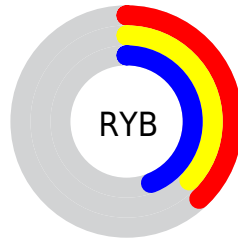
The CIELCh color $41, 10.956, 293.842$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $47, 10.584, 111.035$, and the grayscale version is $41, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61, 11.315, 295.153$, and $21, 10.853, 294.836$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37, 18.183, 294.964$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $45, 4.003, 292.876$.

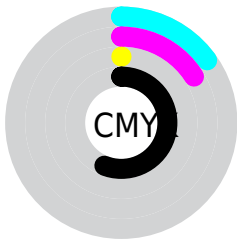
Distribution



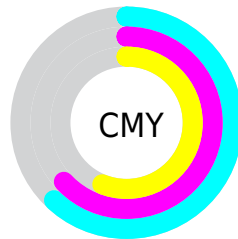
- Red (38%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 10.956, 293.842 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 10.956, 293.842 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41, 10.956,
293.842

■ 41, 10.956,
293.842

■ 100, 10.956,
293.842

■ 31, 10.956,
293.842

■ 61, 10.956,
293.842

■ 21, 10.956,
293.842

■ 71, 10.956,
293.842

■ 11, 10.956,
293.842

■ 81, 10.956,
293.842

■ 1, 10.956, 293.842

■ 91, 10.956,
293.842

■ 0, 10.956, 293.842

■ 41, 10.956,

■ 41, 10.956,

293.842

37, 18.183,
294.964

33, 25.703,
296.266

28, 33.513,
297.757

24, 41.576,
299.426

21, 49.762,
301.225

17, 57.748,
303.035

14, 64.896,
304.651

12, 70.627,
305.954

293.842

45, 4.003, 292.876

49, 2.690, 112.028

53, 9.142, 111.321

58, 15.370,
110.708

62, 21.389,
110.177

66, 27.212,
109.718

70, 32.852,
109.319

74, 38.321,
108.971

77, 43.629,

■ 11, 73.068,
306.580

108.667

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 10.956, 293.842



47, 10.584, 111.035

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 10.956, 293.842



41, 10.956, 343.842



41, 10.956, 113.842



41, 10.956, 163.842

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 10.955, 293.840



59, 4.205, 292.807



46, 6.683, 203.307



30, 2.853, 292.854



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 10.955, 293.840



51, 16.406, 294.223



42, 11.644, 311.452



21, 3.796, 293.155



12, 76.225, 306.561



31, 130.512, 306.404

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 12.614, 326.800



54, 18.781, 326.995



46, 11.432, 130.143



22, 4.413, 326.417



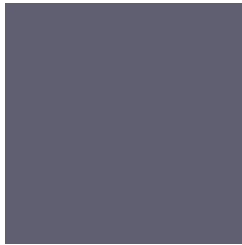
27, 63.410, 330.478



58, 108.037, 330.615

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 10.956, 293.842 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 10.956, 293.842 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

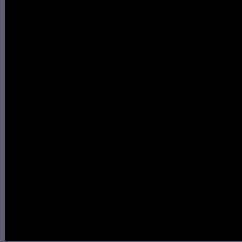
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 10.956, 293.842

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 10.956, 293.842.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 10.956, 293.842.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


41, 10.956, 293.842

Protanopia

41, 10.963, 285.772

Deuteranopia

41, 11.694, 299.567



Tritanopia
41, 4.394, 274.882

Trichromacy



Original Color
41, 10.956, 293.842

Protanomaly
41, 10.938, 287.766

Deuteranomaly
41, 11.645, 297.658

Tritanomaly
41, 6.686, 287.772

Monochromacy



Original Color
41, 10.956, 293.842

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 4.279, 296.276

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 10.956, 293.842 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 95, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 95, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 95, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 95, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 10.956, 293.842 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 95, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 95, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 95, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 95, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 95, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 95,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 10.956, 293.842 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 95, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 95,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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