

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 12.596, 278.548)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 12.596, 278.548)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(41, 12.413, 277.976)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	596175
RGB	89, 97, 117
RGB Percent	35%, 38%, 46%
CMY	0.6524, 0.6210, 0.5426
CMYK	0.24, 0.17, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	223°, 14%, 40%
HSV	223°, 24%, 46%
XYZ	11.5157, 11.8645, 18.3979
YIQ	96.8880, -11.1880, 4.5240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

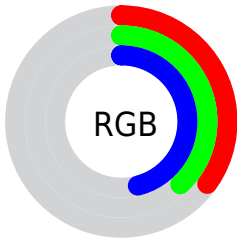
Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 95, 117
Decimal	5857653
CIE _{Lab}	41.00, 1.72, -12.29
CIE _{LCh}	41, 12.413, 277.976
Yxy	11.8645, 0.2756, 0.2840
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284047733 (0xFF596175)
YUV	96.8880, 9.9152, -6.9178
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, -0.6020, -7.5568

Details

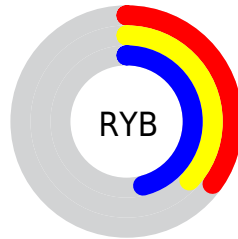
The CIELCh color **41, 12.413, 277.976** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **46, 12.323, 91.904**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 12.167, 276.099**, and **21, 12.429, 278.351** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 17.769, 279.691**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44, 7.168, 276.498**.

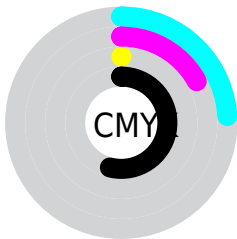
Distribution



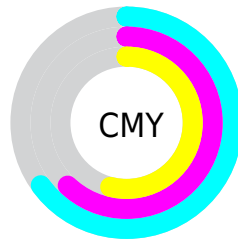
- Red (35%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 12.413, 277.976 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 12.413, 277.976 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41, 12.413,
277.976

■ 41, 12.413,
277.976

■ 100, 12.413,
277.976

■ 31, 12.413,
277.976

■ 61, 12.413,
277.976

■ 21, 12.413,
277.976

■ 71, 12.413,
277.976

■ 11, 12.413,
277.976

■ 81, 12.413,
277.976

■ 1, 12.413, 277.976

■ 91, 12.413,
277.976

■ 0, 12.413, 277.976

■ 41, 12.413,

■ 41, 12.413,

277.976

277.976

■ 38, 17.769,
279.691

■ 44, 7.168, 276.498

■ 34, 23.250,
281.685

■ 48, 2.031, 275.266

■ 51, 3.005, 94.037

■ 31, 28.871,
283.984

■ 54, 7.942, 93.097

■ 28, 34.650,
286.605

■ 58, 12.781, 92.254

■ 61, 17.526, 91.507

■ 25, 40.598,
289.530

■ 64, 22.176, 90.843

■ 22, 46.699,
292.687

■ 68, 26.735, 90.249

■ 71, 31.203, 89.717

■ 19, 52.864,
295.916

■ 17, 56.550,
297.635

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 12.413, 277.976



46, 12.323, 91.904

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 12.413, 277.976



41, 12.413, 327.976



41, 12.413, 97.976



41, 12.413, 147.976

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 12.412, 277.973



59, 4.390, 275.622



47, 12.124, 173.782



31, 2.876, 275.670



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 12.412, 277.973



50, 18.589, 278.925



39, 17.339, 299.792



23, 2.883, 275.850



18, 58.851, 297.816



40, 105.422, 299.646

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 12.883, 359.325



50, 19.356, 0.040



48, 16.502, 116.432



23, 2.951, 357.693



25, 50.683, 20.142



53, 87.579, 23.551

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 12.413, 277.976 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 12.413, 277.976 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

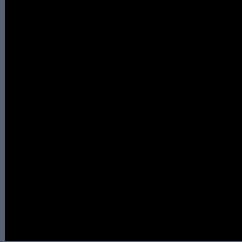
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

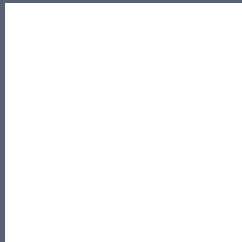
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 12.413, 277.976

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 12.413, 277.976.

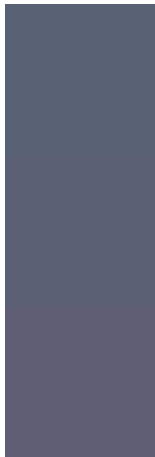


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 12.413, 277.976.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

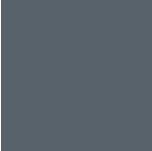
41, 12.413, 277.976

Protanopia

41, 12.200, 284.830

Deuteranopia

41, 14.031, 295.374



Tritanopia
41, 6.406, 248.578

Trichromacy



Original Color
41, 12.413, 277.976

Protanomaly
41, 12.244, 283.087

Deuteranomaly
41, 13.377, 288.922

Tritanomaly
41, 8.142, 262.928

Monochromacy



Original Color
41, 12.413, 277.976

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 4.394, 274.882

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 12.413, 277.976 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 97, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 97, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 97, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 97, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 12.413, 277.976 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 97, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 97, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 97, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 97, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 97, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 97,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 12.413, 277.976 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 97, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 97,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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