

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 14.466, 291.917)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 14.466, 291.917)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(41, 14.579, 290.859)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E5F77
RGB	94, 95, 119
RGB Percent	37%, 37%, 47%
CMY	0.6318, 0.6279, 0.5338
CMYK	0.21, 0.20, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	238°, 12%, 42%
HSV	238°, 21%, 47%
XYZ	12.0069, 11.8645, 19.0701
YIQ	97.4370, -8.3000, 7.2520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

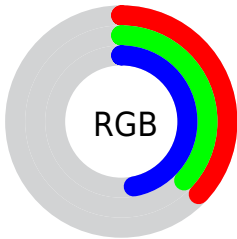
Format	Color
R_{YB}	94, 95, 119
Decimal	6184823
CIE _{Lab}	41.00, 5.19, -13.62
CIE _{LCh}	41, 14.579, 290.859
Yxy	11.8645, 0.2796, 0.2763
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284374903 (0xFF5E5F77)
YUV	97.4370, 10.6306, -3.0142
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 1.9433, -8.7139

Details

The CIELCh color $41, 14.579, 290.859$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $49, 13.971, 106.527$, and the grayscale version is $41, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61, 14.658, 291.798$, and $21, 14.883, 290.514$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37, 21.930, 292.256$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $45, 7.506, 289.662$.

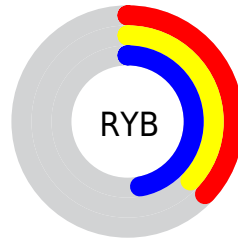
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (37%)

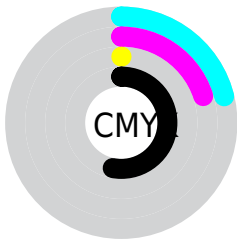
Blue (47%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (47%)

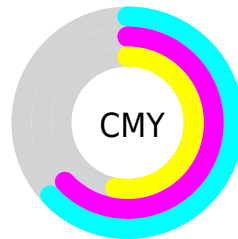


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 14.579, 290.859 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 14.579, 290.859 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41, 14.579,
290.859

■ 41, 14.579,
290.859

■ 100, 14.579,
290.859

■ 31, 14.579,
290.859

■ 61, 14.579,
290.859

■ 21, 14.579,
290.859

■ 71, 14.579,
290.859

■ 11, 14.579,
290.859

■ 81, 14.579,
290.859

■ 1, 14.579, 290.859

■ 91, 14.579,
290.859

■ 0, 14.579, 290.859

■ 41, 14.579,

■ 41, 14.579,

290.859

290.859

37, 21.930,
292.256

45, 7.506, 289.662

32, 29.579,
293.881

50, 0.692, 288.708

54, 5.881, 107.740

28, 37.528,
295.745

58, 12.231,
106.988

24, 45.734,
297.830

62, 18.373,
106.336

20, 54.035,
300.061

66, 24.319,
105.770

17, 62.035,
302.274

70, 30.083,
105.276

14, 68.971,
304.210

74, 35.674,
104.843

12, 73.915,
305.476

78, 41.103,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 14.579, 290.859



49, 13.971, 106.527

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 14.579, 290.859



41, 14.579, 340.859



41, 14.579, 110.859



41, 14.579, 160.859

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 14.578, 290.857



61, 5.048, 289.148



48, 9.619, 193.960



31, 3.377, 289.198



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 14.578, 290.857



51, 21.792, 291.476



42, 15.835, 308.300



22, 3.776, 289.445



13, 75.552, 305.502



32, 130.206, 305.957

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 10.840, 17.689



53, 16.316, 18.169



48, 15.361, 126.355



23, 2.752, 16.611



24, 57.929, 36.399



52, 101.442, 38.889

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 14.579, 290.859 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 14.579, 290.859 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

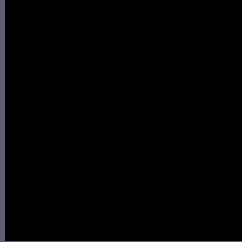
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

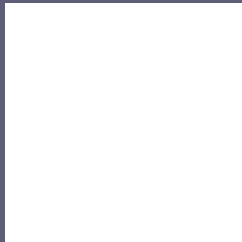
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 14.579, 290.859

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 14.579, 290.859.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 14.579, 290.859.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


41, 14.579, 290.859

Protanopia

41, 14.037, 284.597

Deuteranopia

41, 14.580, 292.334



Tritanopia
41, 5.363, 264.492

Trichromacy



Original Color
41, 14.579, 290.859

Protanomaly
41, 14.001, 286.098

Deuteranomaly
41, 14.580, 292.334

Tritanomaly
41, 8.612, 281.019

Monochromacy



Original Color
41, 14.579, 290.859

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 5.467, 291.005

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 14.579, 290.859 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 95, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 95, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 95, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 95, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 14.579, 290.859 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 95, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 95, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 95, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 95, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 95, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 95,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 14.579, 290.859 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 95, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 95,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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