

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 15.025, 44.938)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 15.025, 44.938) contains.

CIELCh(41, 15.092, 44.351)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(41, 15.092, 44.351)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	785A50
RGB	120, 90, 80
RGB Percent	47%, 35%, 31%
CMY	0.5297, 0.6473, 0.6866
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.33, 0.53
HSL	15°, 20%, 39%
HSV	15°, 33%, 47%
XYZ	12.8291, 11.8645, 9.1886
YIQ	97.8300, 21.0900, 3.2500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

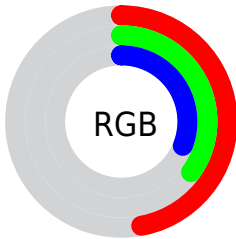
Format	Color
R _Y B	120, 93, 80
Decimal	7887440
CIE Lab	41.00, 10.79, 10.55
CIE LCh	41, 15.092, 44.351
Yxy	11.8645, 0.3786, 0.3502
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286077520 (0xFF785A50)
YUV	97.8300, -8.7902, 19.4431
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 6.2042, 8.2950

Details

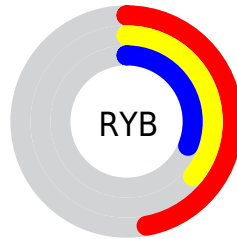
The CIELCh color **41, 15.092, 44.351** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **45, 12.223, 227.838**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 15.109, 44.480**, and **21, 14.856, 42.854** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 20.396, 44.279**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44, 10.162, 44.556**.

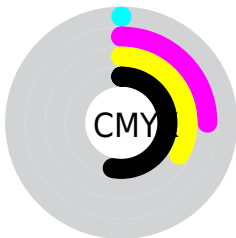
Distribution



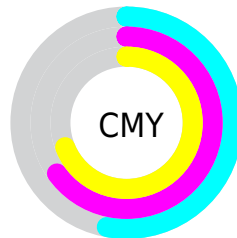
- Red (47%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 15.092, 44.351 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 15.092, 44.351 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41, 15.092, 44.351

■ 41, 15.092, 44.351

■ 100, 15.092,
44.351

■ 31, 15.092, 44.351

■ 61, 15.092, 44.351

■ 21, 15.092, 44.351

■ 71, 15.092, 44.351

■ 11, 15.092, 44.351

■ 81, 15.092, 44.351

■ 1, 15.092, 44.351

■ 91, 15.092, 44.351

■ 0, 15.092, 44.351

■ 41, 15.092, 44.351

■ 41, 15.092, 44.351

■ 38, 20.396, 44.279

■ 44, 10.162, 44.556

■ 36, 26.077, 44.347

■ 47, 5.591, 44.835

■ 33, 32.101, 44.572

■ 49, 1.350, 45.017

■ 31, 38.371, 44.934

■ 52, 2.591, 225.867

■ 29, 44.661, 45.331

■ 55, 6.265, 226.266

■ 27, 50.412, 45.409

■ 58, 9.700, 226.753

■ 26, 53.777, 45.392

■ 61, 12.927,
227.266

■ 64, 15.968,
227.790

■ 67, 18.848,
228.317

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 15.092, 44.351



45, 12.223, 227.838

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 15.092, 44.351



41, 15.092, 94.351



41, 15.092, 224.351



41, 15.092, 274.351

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 15.091, 44.358



61, 5.121, 44.927



39, 24.254, 334.515



31, 3.536, 44.894



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 15.091, 44.358



50, 23.074, 44.286



47, 18.209, 93.340



24, 2.360, 44.960



28, 55.722, 45.505



56, 96.933, 44.703

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 12.223, 227.838



56, 17.653, 228.742



38, 18.633, 281.970



25, 2.244, 225.975



37, 26.741, 244.557



72, 45.657, 247.254

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 15.092, 44.351 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 15.092, 44.351 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

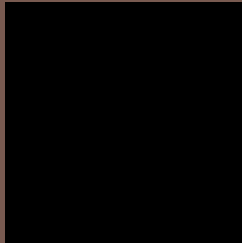
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 15.092, 44.351

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 15.092, 44.351.

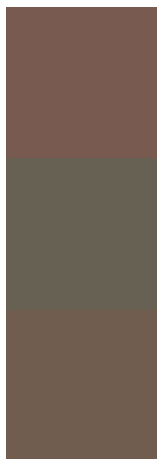


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 15.092, 44.351.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41, 15.092, 44.351

Protanopia

41, 8.725, 94.222

Deuteranopia

41, 12.176, 63.775



Tritanopia
41, 14.820, 5.130

Trichromacy



Original Color
41, 15.092, 44.351

Protanomaly
41, 9.935, 66.505

Deuteranomaly
41, 13.216, 56.565

Tritanomaly
41, 14.102, 18.950

Monochromacy



Original Color
41, 15.092, 44.351

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 5.336, 46.736

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 15.092, 44.351 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 90, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 90, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 90, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 90, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 15.092, 44.351 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 90, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 90, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 90, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 90, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 90, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 90,  
80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 15.092, 44.351 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 90, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120, 90,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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