

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 16.048, 128.724)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 16.048, 128.724)
contains.

CIELCh(41, 16.076, 128.715)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(41, 16.076, 128.715)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	58654C
RGB	88, 101, 76
RGB Percent	35%, 40%, 30%
CMY	0.6555, 0.6045, 0.7025
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.25, 0.60
HSL	91°, 14%, 35%
HSV	91°, 25%, 40%
XYZ	9.9483, 11.8645, 8.5764
YIQ	94.2630, 0.2770, -10.5310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

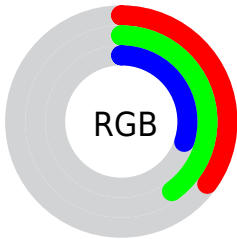
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 101, 89
Decimal	5793100
CIE _{Lab}	41.00, -10.05, 12.54
CIE _{LCh}	41, 16.076, 128.715
Yxy	11.8645, 0.3274, 0.3904
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283983180 (0xFF58654C)
YUV	94.2630, -9.0037, -5.4927
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, -8.7248, 9.3490

Details

The CIELCh color $41, 16.076, 128.715$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $34, 16.573, 310.842$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61, 16.131, 128.943$, and $21, 15.764, 129.051$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40, 22.504, 128.261$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $42, 9.590, 129.164$.

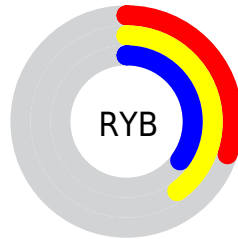
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (40%)

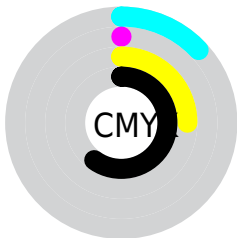
Blue (30%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (35%)

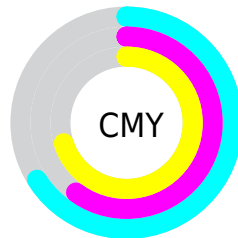


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 16.076, 128.715 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 16.076, 128.715 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41, 16.076,
128.715

■ 41, 16.076,
128.715

■ 100, 16.076,
128.715

■ 31, 16.076,
128.715

■ 61, 16.076,
128.715

■ 21, 16.076,
128.715

■ 71, 16.076,
128.715

■ 11, 16.076,
128.715

■ 81, 16.076,
128.715

■ 1, 16.076, 128.715

■ 91, 16.076,
128.715

■ 0, 16.076, 128.715

■ 41, 16.076,

■ 41, 16.076,

128.715

■ 40, 22.504,
128.261

■ 40, 28.797,
127.817

■ 39, 34.853,
127.418

■ 39, 40.530,
127.119

■ 38, 45.631,
126.998

■ 38, 49.917,
127.155

■ 38, 53.307,
127.606

■ 38, 55.068,
127.752

128.715

■ 42, 9.590, 129.164

■ 42, 3.094, 129.601

■ 43, 3.373, 309.945

■ 44, 9.784, 310.318

■ 45, 16.120,
310.647

■ 46, 22.367,
310.942

■ 47, 28.514,
311.207

■ 48, 34.556,
311.444

■ 49, 40.488,
311.654

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 16.076, 128.715



34, 16.573, 310.842

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 16.076, 128.715



41, 16.076, 178.715



41, 16.076, 308.715



41, 16.076, 358.715

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 16.077, 128.717



54, 5.586, 129.494



39, 9.641, 74.278



28, 3.658, 129.479



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 16.077, 128.717



52, 23.953, 128.441



40, 18.368, 143.353



21, 3.671, 129.418



43, 60.482, 127.998



86, 105.906, 128.969

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 16.573, 310.842



42, 24.889, 311.133



36, 18.379, 326.156



19, 3.715, 310.120



16, 68.621, 312.843



39, 119.722, 312.172

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 16.076, 128.715 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 16.076, 128.715 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

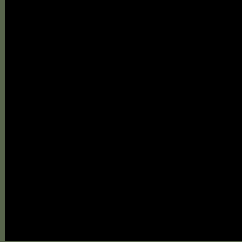
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 16.076, 128.715

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 16.076, 128.715.

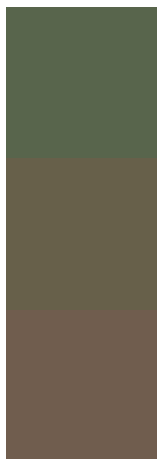


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 16.076, 128.715.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41, 16.076, 128.715

Protanopia

41, 13.647, 94.619

Deuteranopia

41, 12.632, 65.549



Tritanopia
41, 5.209, 268.413

Trichromacy



Original Color
41, 16.076, 128.715

Protanomaly
41, 13.829, 109.923

Deuteranomaly
41, 11.897, 93.012

Tritanomaly
41, 4.141, 163.078

Monochromacy



Original Color
41, 16.076, 128.715

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 5.734, 126.710

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 16.076, 128.715 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 101, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 101, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 101, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 101, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 16.076, 128.715 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 101, 76) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 101, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 101, 76)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 101, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 101, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 101,  
76) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 16.076, 128.715 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 101, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 101,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor