

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 17.833, 351.527)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 17.833, 351.527)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(41, 17.969, 352.016)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B5665
RGB	123, 86, 101
RGB Percent	48%, 34%, 40%
CMY	0.5167, 0.6618, 0.6030
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.18, 0.52
HSL	336°, 18%, 41%
HSV	336°, 30%, 48%
XYZ	13.9089, 11.8645, 13.9279
YIQ	98.7730, 17.2370, 12.5090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

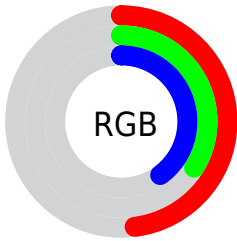
Format	Color
R_{YB}	123, 86, 101
Decimal	8083045
CIE _{Lab}	41.00, 17.79, -2.50
CIE _{LCh}	41, 17.969, 352.016
Yxy	11.8645, 0.3503, 0.2988
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286273125 (0xFF7B5665)
YUV	98.7730, 1.0979, 21.2471
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 11.8000, 0.1374

Details

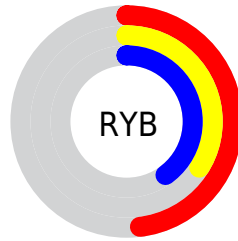
The CIELCh color $[41, 17.969, 352.016]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $[49, 16.998, 166.311]$, and the grayscale version is $[42, 0.006, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[61, 18.030, 351.603]$, and $[21, 17.791, 352.377]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[38, 24.063, 353.301]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[44, 11.864, 350.905]$.

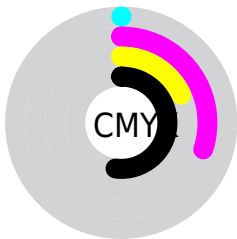
Distribution



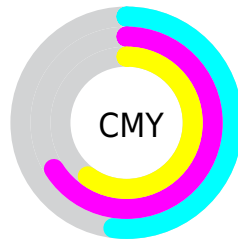
- Red (48%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (52%)





- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 17.969, 352.016 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 17.969, 352.016 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 41, 17.969,
352.016


 41, 17.969,
352.016


 100, 17.969,
352.016


 31, 17.969,
352.016

 61, 17.969,
352.016


 21, 17.969,
352.016

 71, 17.969,
352.016


 11, 17.969,
352.016


 81, 17.969,
352.016

 1, 17.969, 352.016

 91, 17.969,
352.016

 0, 17.969, 352.016

 41, 17.969,

 41, 17.969,

352.016

38, 24.063,
353.301

35, 29.989,
354.813

32, 35.518,
356.636

29, 40.380,
358.881

28, 44.305, 1.691

26, 47.119, 5.223

25, 49.339, 9.188

352.016

44, 11.864,
350.905

48, 5.861, 349.907

52, 0.023, 335.696

55, 5.618, 168.370

59, 11.049,
167.635

63, 16.270,
166.978

67, 21.290,
166.377

70, 26.121,
165.823

74, 30.776,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 17.969, 352.016



49, 16.998, 166.311

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 17.969, 352.016



41, 17.969, 42.016



41, 17.969, 172.016



41, 17.969, 222.016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 17.967, 352.018



62, 6.524, 349.829



40, 24.101, 313.206



32, 4.577, 349.948



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 17.967, 352.018



50, 26.860, 352.875



41, 15.337, 28.323



24, 3.267, 349.813



26, 49.833, 9.267



54, 84.262, 12.268

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 17.967, 352.018



50, 26.860, 352.875



48, 12.522, 206.523



24, 3.267, 349.813



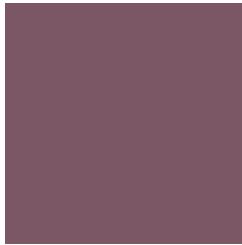
26, 49.833, 9.267



54, 84.262, 12.268

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 17.969, 352.016 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

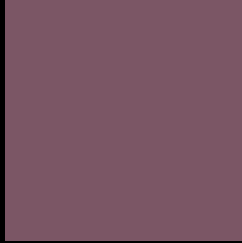
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 17.969, 352.016 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

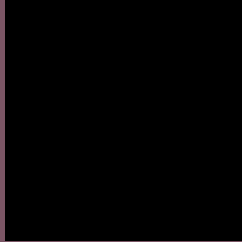
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 17.969, 352.016

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 17.969, 352.016.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 17.969, 352.016.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


41, 17.969, 352.016

Protanopia

41, 6.681, 291.183

Deuteranopia

41, 5.881, 342.028



Tritanopia
41, 15.696, 6.228

Trichromacy



Original Color
41, 17.969, 352.016

Protanomaly
41, 9.804, 327.111

Deuteranomaly
41, 10.387, 349.320

Tritanomaly
41, 16.106, 359.936

Monochromacy



Original Color
41, 17.969, 352.016

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 6.919, 348.754

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 17.969, 352.016 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 86, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 86, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 86, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 86, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 17.969, 352.016 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 86, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 86, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 86, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 86, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 86, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 86,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 17.969, 352.016 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 86, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123, 86,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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