

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 17.915, 106.707)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 17.915, 106.707)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(41, 17.961, 105.954)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	636244
RGB	99, 98, 68
RGB Percent	39%, 38%, 27%
CMY	0.6108, 0.6148, 0.7325
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.31, 0.61
HSL	58°, 19%, 33%
HSV	58°, 31%, 39%
XYZ	10.6107, 11.8645, 7.2349
YIQ	94.8790, 10.2260, -9.1180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

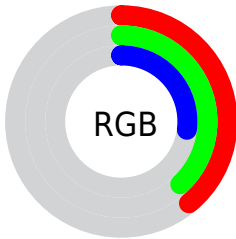
Format	Color
RYB	69, 99, 68
Decimal	6513220
CIELab	41.00, -4.94, 17.27
CIELCh	41, 17.961, 105.954
Yxy	11.8645, 0.3571, 0.3993
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284703300 (0xFF636244)
YUV	94.8790, -13.2513, 3.6141
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, -5.2922, 11.6580

Details

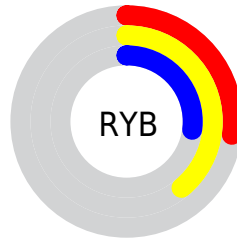
The CIELCh color $[41, 17.961, 105.954]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $[30, 19.188, 292.506]$, and the grayscale version is $[40, 0.006, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[61, 18.398, 106.793]$, and $[21, 18.317, 105.864]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[41, 23.542, 105.035]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[41, 12.265, 106.892]$.

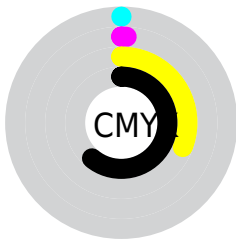
Distribution



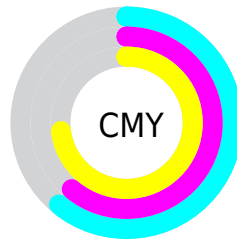
- Red (39%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 17.961, 105.954 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 17.961, 105.954 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41, 17.961,
105.954

■ 41, 17.961,
105.954

■ 100, 17.961,
105.954

■ 31, 17.961,
105.954

■ 61, 17.961,
105.954

■ 21, 17.961,
105.954

■ 71, 17.961,
105.954

■ 11, 17.961,
105.954

■ 81, 17.961,
105.954

■ 1, 17.961, 105.954

■ 91, 17.961,
105.954

■ 0, 17.961, 105.954

■ 41, 17.961,

■ 41, 17.961,

105.954

105.954

■ 41, 23.542,
105.035

■ 41, 12.265,
106.892

■ 40, 28.924,
104.142

■ 42, 6.506, 107.822

■ 40, 33.982,
103.299

■ 42, 0.720, 108.686

■ 42, 5.071, 289.659

■ 40, 38.537,
102.532

■ 43, 10.851,
290.527

■ 40, 42.352,
101.868

■ 43, 16.609,
291.367

■ 40, 45.180,
101.333

■ 44, 22.337,
292.172

■ 40, 47.428,
100.903

■ 44, 28.031,
292.940

■ 45, 33.685,

293.670

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 17.961, 105.954



30, 19.188, 292.506

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 17.961, 105.954



41, 17.961, 155.954



41, 17.961, 285.954



41, 17.961, 335.954

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 17.962, 105.958



54, 6.500, 108.004



32, 14.351, 19.265



28, 4.552, 107.904



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 17.962, 105.958



53, 27.133, 105.228



40, 19.712, 126.510



20, 3.180, 108.043



45, 51.708, 100.874



90, 90.265, 100.745

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 19.188, 292.506



37, 29.591, 293.729



32, 20.596, 309.377



18, 3.239, 289.734



11, 71.218, 305.589



30, 126.393, 306.007

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 17.961, 105.954 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 17.961, 105.954 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

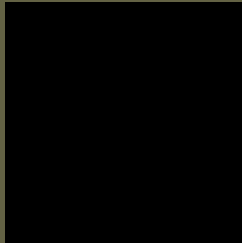
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 17.961, 105.954

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 17.961, 105.954.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 17.961, 105.954.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

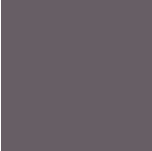
41, 17.961, 105.954

Protanopia

41, 17.705, 96.943

Deuteranopia

41, 17.958, 72.884



Tritanopia
41, 5.684, 331.801

Trichromacy



Original Color
41, 17.961, 105.954

Protanomaly
41, 17.551, 99.929

Deuteranomaly
41, 17.029, 85.246

Tritanomaly
41, 4.957, 77.928

Monochromacy



Original Color
41, 17.961, 105.954

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 6.666, 105.405

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 17.961, 105.954 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 98, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 98, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 98, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 98, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 17.961, 105.954 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 98, 68) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 98, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 98, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 98, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 98, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 98, 68)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 17.961, 105.954 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 98, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 98,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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