

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 27.781, 284.883)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 27.781, 284.883)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(41, 28.092, 284.900)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	515F8D
RGB	81, 95, 141
RGB Percent	32%, 37%, 55%
CMY	0.6822, 0.6273, 0.4469
CMYK	0.43, 0.33, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	226°, 27%, 44%
HSV	226°, 43%, 55%
XYZ	12.3010, 11.8645, 26.8537
YIQ	96.0580, -23.1100, 11.3380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

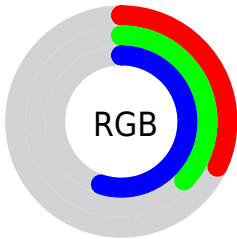
Format	Color
R _Y B	81, 92, 141
Decimal	5332877
CIE Lab	41.00, 7.22, -27.15
CIE LCh	41, 28.092, 284.900
Yxy	11.8645, 0.2411, 0.2325
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283522957 (0xFF515F8D)
YUV	96.0580, 22.1564, -13.2059
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 3.4677, -22.1118

Details

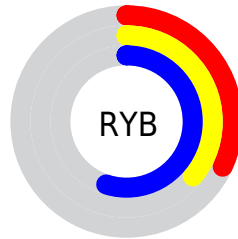
The CIELCh color **41, 28.092, 284.900** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **53, 26.974, 93.296**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 28.305, 285.300**, and **21, 28.552, 285.216** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 35.210, 287.139**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 21.189, 282.962**.

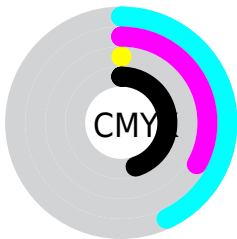
Distribution



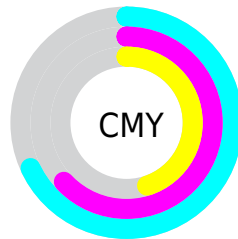
- Red (32%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 28.092, 284.900 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 28.092, 284.900 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41, 28.092,
284.900

■ 41, 28.092,
284.900

■ 100, 28.092,
284.900

■ 31, 28.092,
284.900

■ 61, 28.092,
284.900

■ 21, 28.092,
284.900

■ 71, 28.092,
284.900

■ 11, 28.092,
284.900

■ 81, 28.092,
284.900

■ 1, 28.092, 284.900

■ 91, 28.092,
284.900

■ 0, 28.092, 284.900

■ 41, 28.092,

■ 41, 28.092,

284.900

284.900

■ 37, 35.210,
287.139

■ 45, 21.189,
282.962

■ 33, 42.565,
289.690

■ 49, 14.484,
281.295

■ 29, 50.148,
292.524

■ 53, 7.958, 279.868

■ 25, 57.884,
295.550

■ 58, 1.599, 278.700

■ 62, 4.604, 97.516

■ 22, 65.549,
298.597

■ 66, 10.657, 96.604

■ 20, 71.007,
300.618

■ 70, 16.567, 95.796

■ 74, 22.338, 95.084

■ 78, 27.976, 94.453

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 28.092, 284.900



53, 26.974, 93.296

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 28.092, 284.900



41, 28.092, 334.900



41, 28.092, 104.900



41, 28.092, 154.900

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 28.091, 284.900



68, 10.239, 279.965



54, 23.069, 176.620



34, 7.156, 280.234



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 28.091, 284.900



48, 42.356, 287.032



38, 37.303, 303.761



28, 3.605, 279.439



19, 68.583, 300.498



1, 2.410, 278.331

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 27.021, 5.932



50, 40.459, 7.794



56, 34.050, 118.041



28, 3.400, 1.520



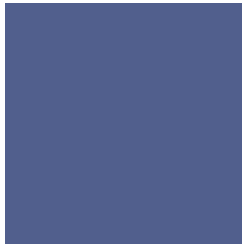
27, 56.110, 25.250



0, 2.249, 0.743

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 28.092, 284.900 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 28.092, 284.900 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

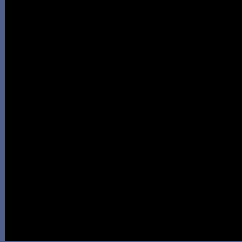
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

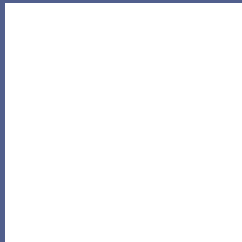
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 28.092, 284.900

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 28.092, 284.900.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 28.092, 284.900.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41, 28.092, 284.900

Protanopia

41, 28.092, 284.900

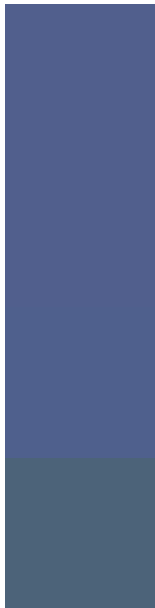
Deuteranopia

41, 27.640, 282.027



Tritanopia
41, 11.291, 223.951

Trichromacy



Original Color
41, 28.092, 284.900

Protanomaly
41, 28.092, 284.900

Deuteranomaly
41, 27.591, 282.638

Tritanomaly
41, 15.331, 260.041

Monochromacy



Original Color
41, 28.092, 284.900

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 9.863, 280.362

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 28.092, 284.900 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 95, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 95, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 95, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 95, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 28.092, 284.900 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 95, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 95, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 95, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 95, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 95, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 95,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 28.092, 284.900 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 95, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 95,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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