

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 33.146, 11.774)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(41, 33.146, 11.774) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(41, 33.146, 11.774)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	944A57
RGB	148, 74, 87
RGB Percent	58%, 29%, 34%
CMY	0.4199, 0.7100, 0.6591
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.41, 0.42
HSL	349°, 33%, 44%
HSV	349°, 50%, 58%
XYZ	16.3610, 11.8645, 10.4306
YIQ	97.6080, 39.9310, 19.7310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

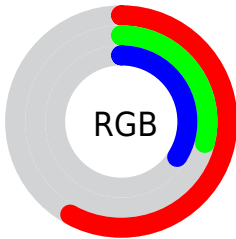
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	148, 74, 87
Decimal	9718359
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	41.00, 32.45, 6.76
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	41, 33.146, 11.774
Yxy	11.8645, 0.4232, 0.3069
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287908439 (0xFF944A57)
YUV	97.6080, -5.2297, 44.1938
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 24.5073, 6.1573

# Details

The CIELCh color **41, 33.146, 11.774** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **56, 26.377, 180.474**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 32.800, 11.616**, and **21, 33.243, 11.597** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 40.025, 14.171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 26.140, 9.867**.

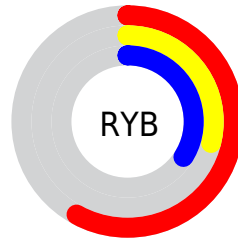
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (29%)

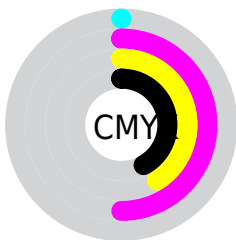
Blue (34%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (34%)

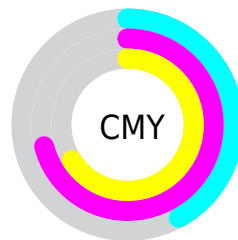


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 33.146, 11.774 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 33.146, 11.774 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



41, 33.146, 11.774

41, 33.146, 11.774

100, 33.146,  
11.774

31, 33.146, 11.774

61, 33.146, 11.774

21, 33.146, 11.774

71, 33.146, 11.774

11, 33.146, 11.774

81, 33.146, 11.774

1, 33.146, 11.774

91, 33.146, 11.774

0, 33.146, 11.774

41, 33.146, 11.774

41, 33.146, 11.774

38, 40.025, 14.171

45, 26.140, 9.867

35, 46.535, 17.188

49, 19.215, 8.322

■ 33, 52.442, 20.949

■ 53, 12.507, 7.047

■ 31, 57.615, 25.473

■ 57, 6.095, 5.957

■ 30, 62.332, 30.201

■ 61, 0.015, 335.602

■ 66, 5.735, 184.427

■ 70, 11.161,  
183.716

■ 75, 16.288,  
183.107

■ 79, 21.141,  
182.567

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 33.146, 11.774



56, 26.377, 180.474

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 33.146, 11.774



41, 33.146, 61.774



41, 33.146, 191.774



41, 33.146, 241.774

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 33.144, 11.777



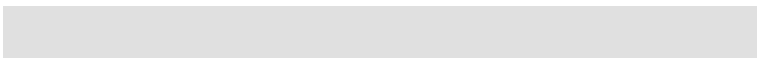
69, 11.415, 6.516



41, 48.525, 321.397



36, 7.889, 6.727



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 33.144, 11.777



49, 49.344, 14.493



46, 28.040, 50.732



29, 3.429, 5.872



28, 58.962, 29.819



1, 2.928, 5.120





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 33.144, 11.777



49, 49.344, 14.493



50, 20.630, 240.262



29, 3.429, 5.872



28, 58.962, 29.819

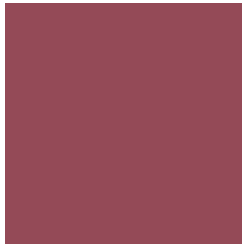


1, 2.928, 5.120



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 33.146, 11.774 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

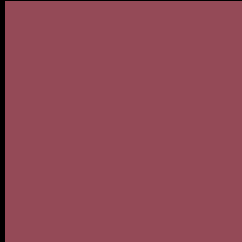
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 33.146, 11.774 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

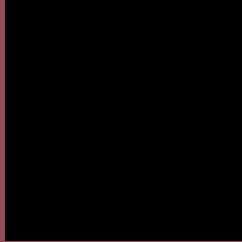
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 41, 33.146, 11.774**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 33.146, 11.774.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 33.146, 11.774.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41, 33.146, 11.774

### Protanopia

41, 1.291, 309.095

### Deuteranopia

41, 9.744, 58.165



**Tritanopia**  
41, 32.602, 19.588



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
41, 33.146, 11.774

**Protanomaly**  
41, 12.147, 3.865

**Deuteranomaly**  
41, 16.689, 25.810

**Tritanomaly**  
41, 32.379, 16.459

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
41, 33.146, 11.774

**Achromatopsia**  
42, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
41, 12.025, 6.648

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 33.146, 11.774 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 74, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 74, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 74, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 74, 87) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 33.146, 11.774 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 74, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 74, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 74, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 74, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 74, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 74,  
87) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 33.146, 11.774 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 74, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148, 74,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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