

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 4.467, 15.186)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 4.467, 15.186) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(41, 4.721, 12.632)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	695E5F
RGB	105, 94, 95
RGB Percent	41%, 37%, 37%
CMY	0.5878, 0.6309, 0.6270
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.10, 0.59
HSL	355°, 6%, 39%
HSV	355°, 10%, 41%
XYZ	11.9232, 11.8645, 12.5156
YIQ	97.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

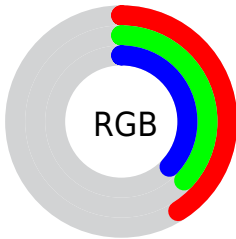
Format	Color
RYB	105, 94, 95
Decimal	6905439
CIELab	41.00, 4.61, 1.03
CIElCh	41, 4.721, 12.632
Yxy	11.8645, 0.3284, 0.3268
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285095519 (0xFF695E5F)
YUV	97.4030, -1.1847, 6.6626
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 1.5095, 2.5684

Details

The CIELCh color $41, 4.721, 12.632$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $44, 4.482, 191.236$, and the grayscale version is $41, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61, 4.753, 13.014$, and $21, 4.830, 12.406$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $38, 9.523, 13.614$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44, 0.204, 10.293$.

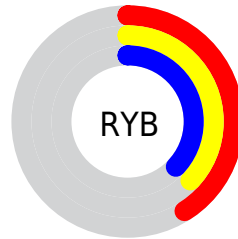
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (37%)

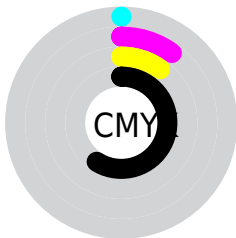
Blue (37%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (37%)

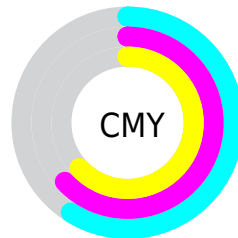


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 4.721, 12.632 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 4.721, 12.632 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41, 4.721, 12.632 ■ 41, 4.721, 12.632

■ 100, 4.721, 12.632 ■ 31, 4.721, 12.632

■ 61, 4.721, 12.632 ■ 21, 4.721, 12.632

■ 71, 4.721, 12.632 ■ 11, 4.721, 12.632

■ 81, 4.721, 12.632 ■ 1, 4.721, 12.632

■ 91, 4.721, 12.632 ■ 0, 4.721, 12.632

■ 41, 4.721, 12.632 ■ 41, 4.721, 12.632

■ 38, 9.523, 13.614 ■ 44, 0.204, 10.293

■ 35, 14.602, 14.766 ■ 48, 4.031, 191.369

■ 32, 19.920, 16.183 ■ 51, 8.004, 190.768

■ 29, 25.401, 17.951

■ 54, 11.737,
190.270

■ 26, 30.926, 20.176

■ 58, 15.252,
189.841

■ 24, 36.339, 22.964

■ 22, 41.472, 26.385

■ 61, 18.573,
189.463

■ 21, 46.161, 30.366

■ 65, 21.721,
189.127

■ 20, 49.876, 32.677

■ 68, 24.716,
188.826

■ 71, 27.574,
188.554

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 4.721, 12.632



44, 4.482, 191.236

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 4.721, 12.632



41, 4.721, 62.632



41, 4.721, 192.632



41, 4.721, 242.632

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 4.720, 12.645



56, 1.651, 11.883



41, 7.845, 322.173



28, 1.245, 11.979



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 4.720, 12.645



52, 7.386, 12.914



42, 3.857, 62.826



21, 2.562, 12.508



23, 54.641, 33.897



51, 97.540, 37.043

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 4.720, 12.645



52, 7.386, 12.914



42, 3.709, 245.068



21, 2.562, 12.508



23, 54.641, 33.897



51, 97.540, 37.043

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 4.721, 12.632 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 4.721, 12.632 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

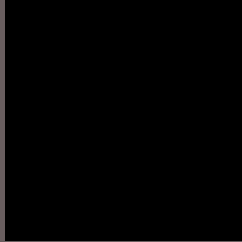
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 4.721, 12.632

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 4.721, 12.632.

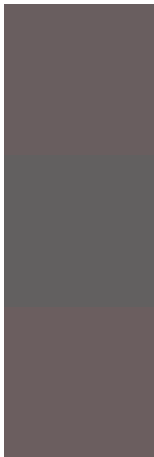


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 4.721, 12.632.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


41, 4.721, 12.632

Protanopia

41, 0.838, 19.128

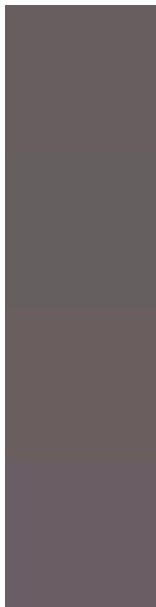
Deuteranopia

41, 5.581, 13.907



Tritanopia
41, 7.296, 338.756

Trichromacy



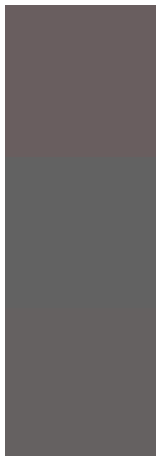
Original Color
41, 4.721, 12.632

Protanomaly
41, 2.605, 6.198

Deuteranomaly
41, 5.150, 13.317

Tritanomaly
41, 6.574, 346.747

Monochromacy



Original Color
41, 4.721, 12.632

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 1.679, 19.429

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 4.721, 12.632 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 94, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 94, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 94, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 94, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 4.721, 12.632 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 94, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 94, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 94, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 94, 95); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 94, 95); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 94, 95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 4.721, 12.632 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 94, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105, 94,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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