

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 40.592, 315.499)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(41, 40.592, 315.499)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(41, 40.539, 315.488)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIELCh(41, 40.539, 315.488)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	795190
RGB	121, 81, 144
RGB Percent	47%, 32%, 56%
CMY	0.5271, 0.6838, 0.4369
CMYK	0.16, 0.44, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	278°, 28%, 44%
HSV	278°, 44%, 56%
XYZ	15.7442, 11.8645, 27.6796
YIQ	100.1420, 3.6170, 28.0730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

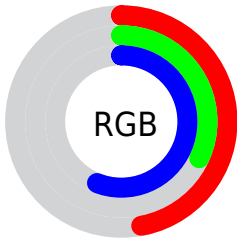
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	121, 81, 144
Decimal	7950736
CIE Lab	41.00, 28.91, -28.42
CIE LCh	41, 40.539, 315.488
Yxy	11.8645, 0.2848, 0.2146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286140816 (0xFF795190)
YUV	100.1420, 21.6220, 18.2925
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 21.3109, -23.5334

# Details

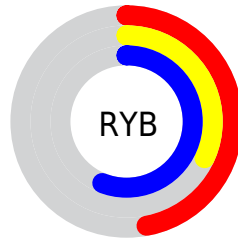
The CIELCh color  $41, 40.539, 315.488$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996699$ . A complement of this color would be  $55, 38.909, 131.608$ , and the grayscale version is  $42, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $61, 40.571, 315.324$ , and  $21, 40.708, 315.840$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $37, 49.681, 315.867$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $45, 31.177, 315.064$ .

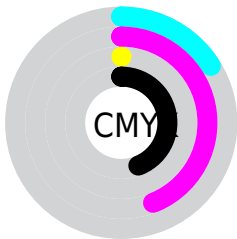
# Distribution



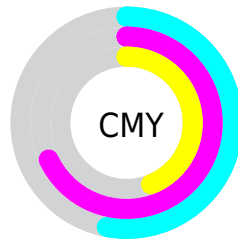
- Red (47%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 40.539, 315.488 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 40.539, 315.488 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 41, 40.539,  
315.488

 41, 40.539,  
315.488


 100, 40.539,  
315.488

 31, 40.539,  
315.488

 61, 40.539,  
315.488

 21, 40.539,  
315.488

 71, 40.539,  
315.488

 11, 40.539,  
315.488


 81, 40.539,  
315.488

 1, 40.539, 315.488

 91, 40.539,  
315.488

 0, 40.539, 315.488

 41, 40.539,

 41, 40.539,

315.488

315.488

■ 37, 49.681,  
315.867

■ 45, 31.177,  
315.064

■ 33, 58.307,  
316.159

■ 49, 21.800,  
314.625

■ 30, 66.003,  
316.303

■ 54, 12.532,  
314.189

■ 28, 72.277,  
316.229

■ 58, 3.448, 313.751

■ 62, 5.413, 133.425

■ 26, 76.677,  
315.865

■ 67, 14.031,  
133.056

■ 24, 78.953,  
315.601

■ 71, 22.401,  
132.729

■ 75, 30.525,  
132.436

■ 80, 38.412,  
132.174

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 40.539, 315.488



55, 38.909, 131.608

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 40.539, 315.488



41, 40.539, 5.488



41, 40.539, 135.488



41, 40.539, 185.488

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 40.538, 315.488



69, 14.527, 314.164



44, 24.732, 275.816



35, 10.268, 314.251



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 40.538, 315.488



48, 60.422, 315.876



43, 39.632, 330.882



28, 5.059, 313.988



23, 75.524, 315.658



0, 3.383, 313.632



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 29.373, 356.655



50, 43.663, 358.473



54, 39.685, 144.832



28, 3.630, 352.369



28, 53.119, 13.488

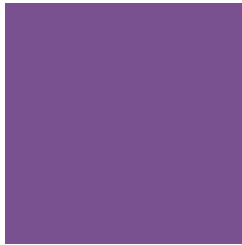


1, 2.415, 351.601



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 40.539, 315.488 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 40.539, 315.488 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

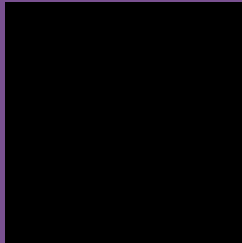
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 41, 40.539, 315.488

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 40.539, 315.488.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 40.539, 315.488.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41, 40.539, 315.488


### Protanopia

41, 37.167, 285.494

### Deuteranopia

41, 27.591, 282.638





**Tritanopia**  
41, 10.250, 356.542

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
41, 40.539, 315.488

**Protanomaly**  
41, 37.051, 295.445

**Deuteranomaly**  
41, 31.704, 297.153

**Tritanomaly**  
41, 20.552, 326.689

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
41, 40.539, 315.488

**Achromatopsia**  
42, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
42, 15.064, 313.576

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 40.539, 315.488 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 81, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 81, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 81, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 81, 144) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 40.539, 315.488 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 81, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 81, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 81, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 81, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 81, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 81,  
144) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 40.539, 315.488 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 81, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121, 81,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor