

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 48.020, 139.393)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 48.020, 139.393)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(41, 47.745, 139.400)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A6E2A
RGB	42, 110, 42
RGB Percent	16%, 43%, 16%
CMY	0.8344, 0.5678, 0.8345
CMYK	0.62, 0.00, 0.62, 0.57
HSL	120°, 45%, 30%
HSV	120°, 62%, 43%
XYZ	6.9855, 11.8645, 4.1311
YIQ	81.9160, -18.7000, -35.5640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

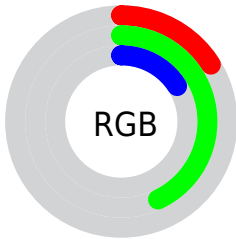
Format	Color
R_{YB}	42, 110, 110
Decimal	2780714
CIE Lab	41.00, -36.25, 31.07
CIE LCh	41, 47.745, 139.400
Yxy	11.8645, 0.3040, 0.5163
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280970794 (0xFF2A6E2A)
YUV	81.9160, -19.6786, -35.0063
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, -24.0786, 17.0006

Details

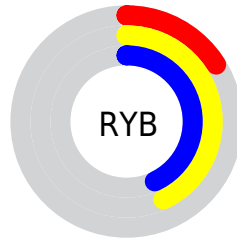
The CIELCh color **41, 47.745, 139.400** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **30, 47.286, 327.365**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 47.558, 139.530**, and **21, 42.369, 137.083** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 53.773, 138.330**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42, 40.864, 140.460**.

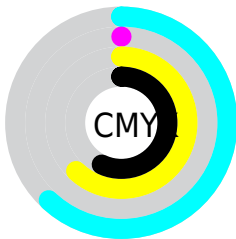
Distribution



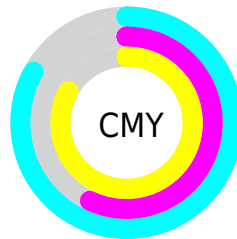
- Red (16%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (83%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 47.745, 139.400 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 47.745, 139.400 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 41, 47.745,
139.400

 41, 47.745,
139.400


 100, 47.745,
139.400


 31, 47.745,
139.400

 61, 47.745,
139.400


 21, 47.745,
139.400

 71, 47.745,
139.400

 11, 47.745,
139.400


 81, 47.745,
139.400

 1, 47.745, 139.400

 91, 47.745,
139.400

 0, 47.745, 139.400

 41, 47.745,

 41, 47.745,

139.400

139.400

■ 41, 53.773,
138.330

■ 42, 40.864,
140.460

■ 40, 58.655,
137.351

■ 42, 33.389,
141.448

■ 40, 62.123,
136.586

■ 43, 25.542,
142.333

■ 40, 64.556,
136.012

■ 44, 17.500,
143.109

■ 45, 9.405, 143.784

■ 46, 1.360, 144.460

■ 48, 6.557, 324.799

■ 49, 14.294,
325.228

■ 50, 21.819,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 47.745, 139.400



30, 47.286, 327.365

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 47.745, 139.400



41, 47.745, 189.400



41, 47.745, 319.400



41, 47.745, 9.400

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 47.745, 139.401



57, 18.930, 143.266



45, 37.713, 103.964



28, 12.944, 143.112



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 47.745, 139.401



52, 67.471, 137.896



42, 33.209, 156.294



23, 4.575, 143.952



43, 68.530, 136.012



85, 117.043, 136.014

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 47.286, 327.365



36, 66.187, 327.804



28, 34.852, 349.320



22, 4.582, 324.870



28, 66.125, 328.211



59, 112.933, 328.209

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 47.745, 139.400 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

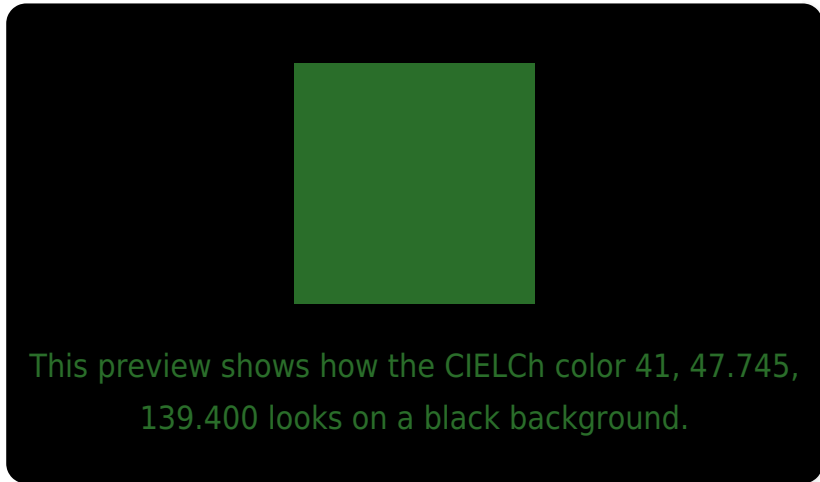
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 47.745, 139.400

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 47.745, 139.400.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 47.745, 139.400.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41, 47.745, 139.400

Protanopia

41, 34.086, 95.771

Deuteranopia

41, 29.483, 80.289



Tritanopia
41, 15.943, 217.983

Trichromacy



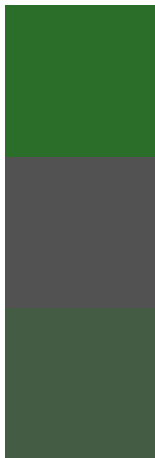
Original Color
41, 47.745, 139.400

Protanomaly
40, 36.082, 118.511

Deuteranomaly
40, 31.216, 113.318

Tritanomaly
41, 23.312, 166.968

Monochromacy



Original Color
41, 47.745, 139.400

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 18.126, 142.840

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 47.745, 139.400 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 110, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 110, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 110, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 110, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 47.745, 139.400 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 110, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 110, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 110, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 110, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 110, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 110,  
42) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 47.745, 139.400 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 110, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 110,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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