

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 5.085, 350.223)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 5.085, 350.223) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(41, 4.866, 350.177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	685E62
RGB	104, 94, 98
RGB Percent	41%, 37%, 38%
CMY	0.5916, 0.6308, 0.6152
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.06, 0.59
HSL	336°, 5%, 39%
HSV	336°, 10%, 41%
XYZ	11.9501, 11.8645, 13.2486
YIQ	97.4460, 4.6760, 3.3640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	104, 94, 98
Decimal	6839906
CIELab	41.00, 4.79, -0.83
CIElCh	41, 4.866, 350.177
Yxy	11.8645, 0.3224, 0.3201
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285029986 (0xFF685E62)
YUV	97.4460, 0.2731, 5.7479
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 1.6488, 1.3066

Details

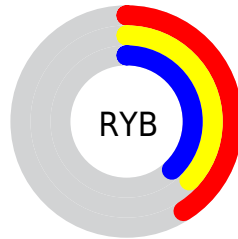
The CIELCh color $41, 4.866, 350.177$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43, 4.777, 168.675$, and the grayscale version is $41, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61, 5.140, 346.704$, and $21, 5.014, 347.935$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $38, 10.068, 351.162$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44, 0.194, 170.811$.

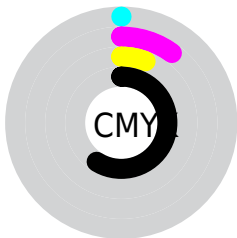
Distribution



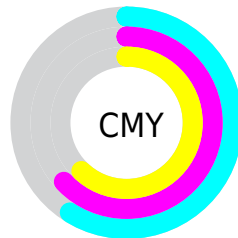
- Red (41%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 4.866, 350.177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 4.866, 350.177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41, 4.866, 350.177

■ 41, 4.866, 350.177

■ 100, 4.866,
350.177

■ 31, 4.866, 350.177

■ 61, 4.866, 350.177

■ 21, 4.866, 350.177

■ 71, 4.866, 350.177

■ 11, 4.866, 350.177

■ 81, 4.866, 350.177

■ 1, 4.866, 350.177

■ 91, 4.866, 350.177

■ 0, 4.866, 350.177

■ 41, 4.866, 350.177

■ 41, 4.866, 350.177

■ 38, 10.068,
351.162

■ 44, 0.194, 170.811

■ 35, 15.365,

■ 47, 5.081, 168.682

352.249

51, 9.788, 167.960

32, 20.670,
353.496

54, 14.316,
167.314

29, 25.852,
354.960

57, 18.670,
166.722

27, 30.730,
356.715

61, 22.863,
166.176

25, 35.080,
358.864

64, 26.904,
165.670

23, 38.673, 1.539

67, 30.808,
165.200

22, 41.342, 4.887

70, 34.584,
164.761

21, 43.645, 8.523

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 4.866, 350.177



43, 4.777, 168.675

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 4.866, 350.177



41, 4.866, 40.177



41, 4.866, 170.177



41, 4.866, 220.177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 4.865, 350.184



55, 1.866, 349.500



41, 6.587, 312.846



28, 1.426, 349.590



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 4.865, 350.184



52, 7.560, 350.445



41, 3.881, 28.753



19, 2.793, 350.117



23, 46.885, 9.274



52, 81.741, 12.672

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 4.865, 350.184



52, 7.560, 350.445



43, 3.662, 208.542



19, 2.793, 350.117



23, 46.885, 9.274



52, 81.741, 12.672

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 4.866, 350.177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 4.866, 350.177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

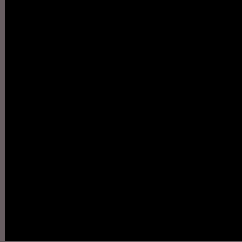
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 4.866, 350.177

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 4.866, 350.177.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 4.866, 350.177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41, 4.866, 350.177

Protanopia

41, 2.014, 314.734

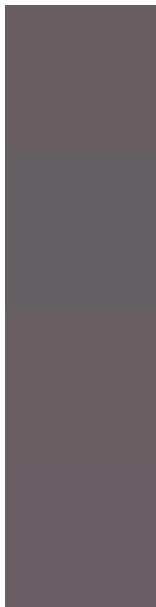
Deuteranopia

41, 5.238, 352.568



Tritanopia
41, 6.267, 337.661

Trichromacy



Original Color

41, 4.866, 350.177

Protanomaly

41, 3.217, 330.759

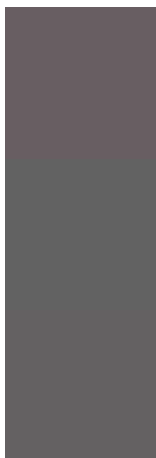
Deuteranomaly

41, 5.238, 352.568

Tritanomaly

41, 5.881, 342.028

Monochromacy



Original Color

41, 4.866, 350.177

Achromatopsia

42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

41, 1.399, 353.746

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 4.866, 350.177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 94, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 94, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 94, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 94, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 4.866, 350.177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 94, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 94, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 94, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 94, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 94, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 94,  
98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 4.866, 350.177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 94, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104, 94,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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