

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 54.524, 10.960)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(41, 54.524, 10.960) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(41, 54.542, 11.341)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B03052
RGB	176, 48, 82
RGB Percent	69%, 19%, 32%
CMY	0.3115, 0.8134, 0.6797
CMYK	0.00, 0.73, 0.53, 0.31
HSL	344°, 57%, 44%
HSV	344°, 73%, 69%
XYZ	20.3595, 11.8645, 9.1336
YIQ	90.1480, 65.3740, 37.7100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

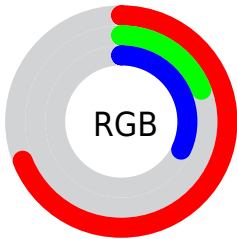
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	176, 48, 82
Decimal	11546706
CIELab	41.00, 53.48, 10.73
CIElCh	41, 54.542, 11.341
Yxy	11.8645, 0.4923, 0.2869
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289736786 (0xFFB03052)
YUV	90.1480, -4.0170, 75.2922
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 45.2283, 8.3898

# Details

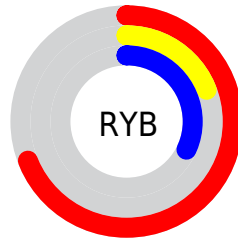
The CIELCh color **41, 54.542, 11.341** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **65, 43.152, 169.781**, and the grayscale version is **38, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 54.433, 11.375**, and **23, 48.294, 16.352** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 60.061, 15.314**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44, 47.973, 8.184**.

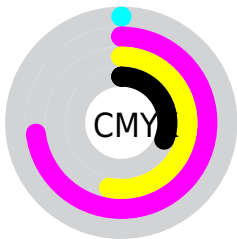
# Distribution



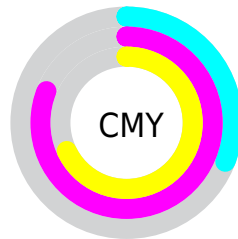
- Red (69%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (68%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 54.542, 11.341 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 54.542, 11.341 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 41, 54.542, 11.341

 41, 54.542, 11.341

 100, 54.542,  
11.341

 31, 54.542, 11.341

 61, 54.542, 11.341

 21, 54.542, 11.341

 71, 54.542, 11.341

 11, 54.542, 11.341

 81, 54.542, 11.341

 1, 54.542, 11.341

 91, 54.542, 11.341

 0, 54.542, 11.341

 41, 54.542, 11.341

 41, 54.542, 11.341

 39, 60.061, 15.314

 44, 47.973, 8.184

 37, 64.492, 20.167

 47, 40.628, 5.682

37, 67.348, 23.854

52, 32.837, 3.681

56, 24.901, 2.052

61, 17.044, 0.696

65, 9.407, 359.535

70, 2.070, 358.386

75, 4.934, 177.833

80, 11.601,  
177.021

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 54.542, 11.341



65, 43.152, 169.781

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 54.542, 11.341



41, 54.542, 61.341



41, 54.542, 191.341



41, 54.542, 241.341

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 54.539, 11.343



78, 20.338, 0.633



39, 76.570, 319.282



39, 13.718, 0.965



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 54.539, 11.343



50, 76.580, 17.946



45, 52.835, 43.830



34, 4.055, 359.146



31, 59.818, 23.077



2, 8.213, 1.944





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 54.539, 11.343



50, 76.580, 17.946



56, 29.888, 232.763



34, 4.055, 359.146



31, 59.818, 23.077



2, 8.213, 1.944



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 54.542, 11.341 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 54.542, 11.341 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

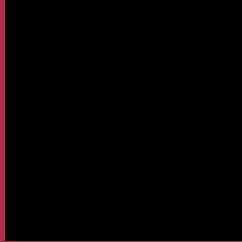
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 41, 54.542, 11.341

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 54.542, 11.341.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 54.542, 11.341.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41, 54.542, 11.341

### Protanopia

41, 6.063, 291.086

### Deuteranopia

41, 14.827, 70.044



**Tritanopia**  
41, 55.869, 28.386



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
41, 54.542, 11.341

**Protanomaly**  
39, 22.808, 353.009

**Deuteranomaly**  
40, 27.116, 23.625

**Tritanomaly**  
41, 55.027, 22.589

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
41, 54.542, 11.341

**Achromatopsia**  
38, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
37, 21.301, 3.046

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 54.542, 11.341 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 48, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(176, 48, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 48, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 48, 82) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 54.542, 11.341 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 48, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 48, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 48, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 48, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 48, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 48,  
82) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 54.542, 11.341 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 48, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176, 48,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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