

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 6.636, 186.392)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 6.636, 186.392) contains.

CIELCh(41, 6.580, 187.960)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(41, 6.580, 187.960)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	546462
RGB	84, 100, 98
RGB Percent	33%, 39%, 38%
CMY	0.6708, 0.6081, 0.6159
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.02, 0.61
HSL	172°, 9%, 36%
HSV	172°, 16%, 39%
XYZ	10.4032, 11.8645, 13.2811
YIQ	94.9880, -8.8940, -4.0140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

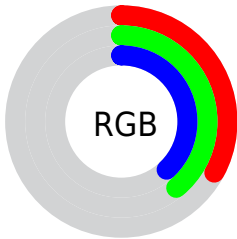
Format	Color
R_{YB}	84, 93, 100
Decimal	5530722
CIE _{Lab}	41.00, -6.52, -0.91
CIE _{LCh}	41, 6.580, 187.960
Yxy	11.8645, 0.2926, 0.3338
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283720802 (0xFF546462)
YUV	94.9880, 1.4849, -9.6365
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, -6.3675, 1.2506

Details

The CIELCh color **41, 6.580, 187.960** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **37, 7.081, 10.448**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 6.528, 188.909**, and **21, 6.176, 191.929** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40, 10.460, 187.151**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42, 2.512, 188.796**.

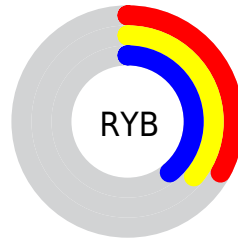
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (39%)

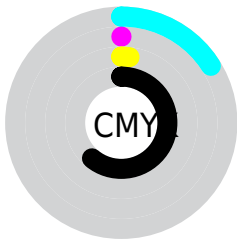
Blue (38%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (39%)

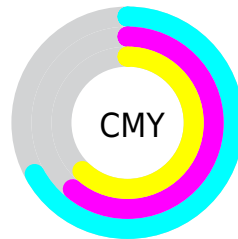


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 6.580, 187.960 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 6.580, 187.960 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41, 6.580, 187.960

■ 41, 6.580, 187.960

■ 100, 6.580,
187.960

■ 31, 6.580, 187.960

■ 61, 6.580, 187.960

■ 21, 6.580, 187.960

■ 71, 6.580, 187.960

■ 11, 6.580, 187.960

■ 81, 6.580, 187.960

■ 1, 6.580, 187.960

■ 91, 6.580, 187.960

■ 0, 6.580, 187.960

■ 41, 6.580, 187.960

■ 41, 6.580, 187.960

■ 40, 10.460,
187.151

■ 42, 2.512, 188.796

■ 40, 14.090,

■ 43, 1.693, 9.229

186.336

44, 5.985, 10.099

39, 17.408,
185.494

45, 10.326, 10.843

39, 20.355,
184.613

46, 14.682, 11.560

38, 22.881,
183.680

47, 19.028, 12.259

38, 24.950,
182.680

50, 27.622, 13.608

38, 26.550,
181.596

51, 31.845, 14.259

38, 27.781,
180.450

37, 28.267,
180.014

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 6.580, 187.960



37, 7.081, 10.448

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 6.580, 187.960



41, 6.580, 237.960



41, 6.580, 7.960



41, 6.580, 57.960

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 6.581, 187.953



54, 2.598, 188.883



41, 11.383, 140.004



28, 1.785, 188.832



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 6.581, 187.953



52, 9.629, 187.669



39, 5.332, 241.479



21, 2.376, 188.532



43, 31.239, 179.780



86, 54.643, 178.896

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 7.081, 10.448



47, 10.541, 10.815



39, 5.720, 58.424



19, 2.474, 9.762



23, 52.763, 31.996



51, 94.801, 35.309

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 6.580, 187.960 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 6.580, 187.960 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

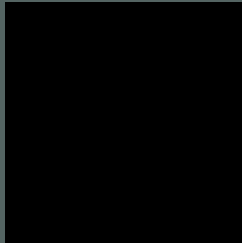
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

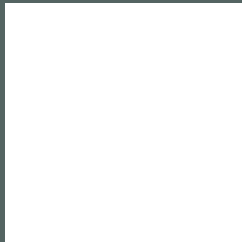
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 6.580, 187.960

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 6.580, 187.960.

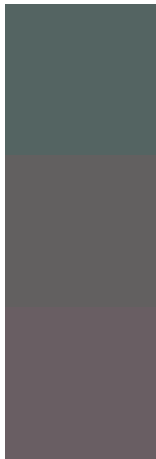


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 6.580, 187.960.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

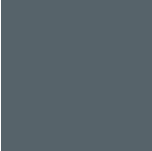
41, 6.580, 187.960

Protanopia

41, 0.838, 19.128

Deuteranopia

41, 5.535, 346.987



Tritanopia
41, 6.531, 239.664

Trichromacy



Original Color

41, 6.580, 187.960

Protanomaly

41, 1.651, 199.390

Deuteranomaly

41, 1.878, 303.181

Tritanomaly

41, 5.980, 222.872

Monochromacy



Original Color

41, 6.580, 187.960

Achromatopsia

40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

41, 2.558, 185.453

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 6.580, 187.960 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 100, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 100, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 100, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 100, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 6.580, 187.960 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 100, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 100, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 100, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 100, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 100, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 100,  
98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 6.580, 187.960 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 100, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 100,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor